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Serbia votes An election with stark choices



A patchy Christmas



Africa's <u>ch</u>ildren

Tomorrow's Weekend FT India's child labourers: sold into a life of slavery



NEWSPAPER

FINANCIAL TIMES

FRIDAY DECEMBER 18 1992

Europe's Business Newspaper

Crédit Lyonnais deal with BfG hits last-minute hitch

The proposed acquisition by Crédit Lyonnais of a majority stake in BfG Bank, the financially troubled German bank, has run into last-minute difficulties over guarantees on the bank's balance sheet liabilities. The purchase, potentially one of the largest cross-border deals in European financial services, was due to have been completed by the end of the year. The deal valued the German bank at DM2.1bn (\$1.3bn). Page 17

France resists interest rates rise: The French government verbally defended the franc's existing parity against the D-Mark, but did not raise official interest rates. "I am absolutely against any talk of devaluation or of floating the European currencies," said prime minister Pierre Bérégovoy. Page 16 and Lex

Fragile accord on Bosnia: Nato foreign ministers reached a shaky compromise on further action to be taken against the Bosnian Serbs, saying the UN Security Council would "shortly consider" a resolution to enforce the no-fly zone. Page 16; Major seeks US backing, Page 7

Hopes fade for German pact: Rapid conclusion of a "solidarity pact" between government, opposition, trade unions and employers seemed less likely as serious differences emerged over tax plans and aid to east Germany.Page2

Gatt talks to break: Trade negotiators are today expected to call a halt to the pre-Christmas push for a breakthrough in the Uruguay Round of talks on global trade liberalisation. Page 5

European car sales: Sales of new cars in western Europe increased by 1.2 per cent last month, with higher demand in Germany and France, but carmakers remain gloomy about the outlook for 1993. Page 2

Gaidar appointed presidential adviser:



Yegor Gaidar (left), the Russian prime minister replaced three days ago by the more nservative Viktor Chernomyrdin, has been appointed presidential adviser on economic policy. The move sugests that President Boris Yeltsin, who arrived in Beljing yester day at the start of

a state visit, has not given up his aim of committing Russia to a free-market road. Page 2; Beijing

SKF, world's leading roller bearing manufacturer. predicted a SKr1.8bn (\$264m) loss in 1992 as it announced further job cuts and a SKr1.1bn provision. Page 17

Unicef urges 'basic needs movement': The UN Children's Fund called for a worldwide meet children's needs for food, clean water and basic health care. Page 5

Indian PM likely to survive: Prime minister P V Narasimha Rao last night looked set to survive a parliamentary no-confidence motion over his handling of the Ayodhya mosque crisis.Page5

Pepsi-Cola, US soft drinks group, has won its three-year battle to reclaim control of the marketing and distribution of its brand in France from French mineral water group Perrier.Page 18

Conflicting data on UK economy: British manufacturers reported a slight improvement in orders over the past month, but a bigger-thanexpected rise in unemployment holds out little prospect of swift recovery. Page 7

Call for Japanese reform: The EC has called for Japan to make concessions in areas such as legal and financial services, as well as relaxing its rice import ban. Page 4; Tokyo tax plans,

Lehel, Hungarian refrigerator producer owned by Electrolux of Sweden, forecast a 16.6 per cent rise in 1992 profits to Ft950m (\$11.5m), mainly reflecting a sharp improvement in productivity and an upturn in local demand. Page 17

Barclays Bank has provided £240m (\$365m) to cover possible losses on its £422m exposure to lmry, a property group, in one of the largest individual debt write-offs in UK banking history. Page 17; Lex., Page 16

American Express, financial services and travel group, is considering selling majority control of its stockbroking and investment banking subsidiary, Shearson Lehman Brothers. Page 20

| STOCK MARKET INDICES | # STERLING | | | | | |
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Camdessus calls on Germany to cut rates

By Michael Prowse in Washington

GERMAN interest rates need to be reduced by about two percentage points as part of a strategy to reduce "intolerable" levels of unemployment in Europe, Mr Michel Camdessus, the managing director of the International Monetary Fund said yesterday.

In a rare intervention in US politics, he also urged the incoming Clinton administration to seize a "great opportunity" reduce the structural budget deficit by raising taxes as well as cutting spending.

Mr Camdessus said more effective global co-ordination of policies was needed to address a "crisis of confidence". The IMF, like the Paris based Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, has cut its world growth forecasts and expects a 1 per cent growth in European Community economies next year.

At the National Press Club in

Washington, he said abating

demand and wage pressures in

Germany had made a "progressive lowering of interest rates" "But let me be blunt . . . what is needed is not a half-percentage point reduction of the key inter-

est rate of the Bundesbank welcome as that may be - but a more substantial cut in real interest rates, say of two percentage points." He said the responsibility for achieving a big cut in rates lay

with European governments, that had allowed large public sector deficits to develop, than with the Bundesbank and the other central banks. He said Germany and Italy should take stronger steps to cut deficits. A lasting reduction in Euro-

an unemployment from its "intolerable level of 10 per cent", would also require structural reforms to increase the flexibility of labour markets.

The IIS had to address the 'Achilles' heel" of its economy

which was the "continuing and alarming weakness of its saving and investment performance". The US had the lowest ratio of net national saving to gross domestic product in the industrialised world. This had led to one of the lowest levels of private investment and a lack of atten-

from recession gaining momen-tum, the US had a great opportuuously on the course of deficit

reduce consumption.

Mr Camdessus praised Japan for taking monetary and fiscal action to revive its economy. But he noted renewed signs of weakness and warned that further policy actions might be needed. Revised forecasts out later this

month will show growth of barely 2 per cent in industrial countries next year against a forecast of 2.9 per cent in September. Japan is expected to grow by 2.4 per cent, about 1 percentage point slower than forecast. The US is a relative bright

spot, with 3 per cent growth predicted for next year compared with 2 per cent this year. In a reversal of the experience

fifth successive year of "superior growth performance".

Bundesbank resists cut. Page 2

tion to public infrastructure. Bold medium-term budget consolidation was the only reliable way of boosting sustainable growth. With cyclical recovery nity "to set fiscal policy unambig-

The scale of the needed fiscal adjustment required "the adop-tion of both revenue and expenditure measures". Tax reform was also needed to increase incentives to save and invest and

of the 1980s, Mr Camdessus said developing countries had better prospects than the industrialised world. On average they should grow 5.7 per cent next year, the

Mr Camdessus called on indus trialised countries to assist the transformation in eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union.



Buses containing more than 400 bound and gagged Palestinians await confirmation of an expulsion order near the border with Lebanon

Palestinians quit peace talks

By Hugh Carnegy in Jerusalem and George Graham in

THE FUTURE of the Middle East peace negotiations was thrown into doubt yesterday after Israel's High Court approved the unprecedented mass expulsion to Lebanon of 418 Palestinians from the

occupied territories. Outraged Palestinian leaders withdrew their delegation from the last day of the current round of talks in Washington in protest, and other Arab delegations said they would end their meetings as soon as they had delivered a protest to the Israeli negotiators.

Mrs Hanan Ashrawi, the Pales-

tinian spokeswoman, said: "The peace process itself is on the brink of disaster." Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli prime minister, ordered the

expulsions in retaliation for a

Leaders withdraw from negotiations after Israeli court approves mass expulsions from occupied territories its "strong objections" to the have the right to appeal against

series of violent attacks on Israeli forces by the Hamas Islamic fundamentalist movement which culminated on Tuesday in the murder of a kidnapped paramilitary border police officer - the sixth soldier to die in recent

It was by far the largest peacetime expulsion by Israel since it captured the West Bank and Gaza Strip in 1967.

The 418 were kept bound and blindfolded for almost 20 hours in 22 buses at the Lebanese border while civil rights lawyers tried in vain to win a court order to stop the action. Shortly after the court decision, the buses moved across

The US yesterday told Israel of

deportations, but President the decision once they were in George Bush urged the delegaexile and would be allowed to tions to the bilateral negotiations return home after not more than which drew to a close in Wash-

ington yesterday to keep talking. Mr Bush met separately at the White House yesterday with each of the delegations, his first personal involvement in the talks for a year, and said he was confident his successor, Mr Bill Clinton, would carry on with the Mid-

dle East peace process.
"I am confident the new administration is going to want to see the peace talks continue. It has got to go forward," he said. The deported Palestinians were all alleged Islamic militants. The

government said they would

ations and engage in peace negotiations as if there was no war against terrorism." Saying the alternatives were to introduce the death penalty, destroy Palestinian homes or

allow soldiers greater freedom to

open fire in the occupied territ-

Mr Rabin brushed aside the

many protests, saying the expul-

sions were necessary to crack

down on Hamas. "We said we

would wage a war against terror-

ism if there were no peace negoti-

Continued on Page 16

German takeover rules urged

By David Waller in Frankfurt

THE CHIEF of Germany's pany yesterday called for a radical overhaul of his country's cor-

porate takeover rules. Mr Christian Strenger, chief executive of DWS, the Deutsche Bank fund management arm which has DM58bn (\$36.4bn) under management, said share-holders in German companies were disadvantaged because of

the lack of a takeover code

He said German banks and companies should devise a com- formal takeover regulations. mon code of practice which would set guidelines for such issues as disclosure and the treatment of minority shareholders in takeover situations.

The call comes a week after Calpers, the big US pension fund, condemned voting rights restrictions in place at many large Ger-man companies, including Deutsche Bank, DWS's parent com-

pany. Companies say they need these rules because there are no

Mr Strenger said his propos would make it possible for companies to abandon their voting restrictions, a move which would be welcomed by domestic and foreign shareholders as a way of enhancing share prices.

There are limited rules for takeover activity in Germany. Shareholdings need only be disclosed when they reach 25 per

cent and there is no requirement for companies to treat all shareholders equally.

This means it is standard practice for companies to seek effective control of another company by acquiring a simple majority of shares or a blocking minority. There is no requirement for companies to pay a premium for corporate control, which Mr Strenger believes is to the detri-

Continued on Page 16

BA furthers global ambitions with A\$665m Qantas stake

By Paul Betts in London and Kevin Brown in Sydney

BRITISH AIRWAYS took an important step yesterday in its strategy to become a global airline by acquiring a 25 per cent stake for A\$665m (\$458m) in Qantas, the Australian national

carrier. The UK carrier was chosen by the Australian government as the preferred foreign airline partner

for Qantas against stiff competi-tion from Singapore Airlines. The Qantas deal coincides with wing signs that BA is likely to fail in its efforts to win US gov-ernment approval for its proposed \$750m acquisition of a 44 per cent stake in USAir, the sixth

largest US carrier. Mr John Major, the UK prime minister, will make a final attempt to secure US government approval for the BA-USAir deal during talks with President George Bush at Camp David

BA yesterday said it had "significant cash resources and external borrowing facilities" to finance the Qantas stake. The deal is the first stage in the privatisation of the state-

owned Australian carrier. The Australian government's remaining 75 per cent stake will be sold through a flotation next year.

The government said it hoped to receive a further A\$1.5bn to A\$2bn from the flotation, which would value the airline at between A\$2.1bn and A\$2.6bn.

Foreign financial institutions will be allocated 10 per cent of the stock, which may be listed on overseas stock exchanges. The net return to the government will be between A\$800m and A\$1.3bn, after providing for a A\$1.35bn recapitalisation of Qantas through the conversion of A\$1.2bn debt to equity and a cash

injection of A\$150m.

But the ilotation may have to be delayed until 1993-94 to avoid

E Lex Page 16 ■ BA's global jigsaw Page 19

a clash with the next federal election, due to be held by June. BA's bid was accepted after Sir Colin Marshall, BA's chief executive, topped a rival offer from Singapore Airlines in last minute negotiations in Canberra with Mr Ralph Willis, the Australian

Mr Willis said BA also offered greater strategic benefits to Qantas than Singapore Airlines, which sought to buy 20 per cent of the Australian carrier. Australian control of Qantas and its identity as a national flag

finance ministr

because of fears the UK carrier would seek to dominate Qantas. But BA, which will be allocated three seats on a new 12-seat Qantas board to be chaired by an Australian, went to considerable lengths to reassure its critics it had no intention of seeking control. BA also said it planned to sign a 10-year commercial agree-ment with Qantas and establish a joint committee to identify areas

of potential synergy.
Sir Colin said the deal would provide "significant benefits" for both airlines by linking BA's strong North American and European networks with Qantas' Pacific and Asian routes. It will also give BA access to the Pacific-US west coast market. BA has now fulfilled its ambi-

tions in Asia and Europe, where recently took over Dan-Air in the UK and acquired large stakes in a French and a German regional carrier, but it is facing an uphill battle to gain approva for its proposed USAir deal. Barring a last minute break

through during Mr Major's US visit, the Washington administration appears increasingly likely to block the deal. The US has been seeking

greater access for US carriers into the London market in return for approving the BA-USAir transaction. This has so far been vigorously resisted by the UK

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CONTENTS

carrier would not be jeopardised, he said. BA's bid had met some

strong opposition in Australia

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THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992 No 31,943 Week No 51 LONDON - PARIS - FRANKFURT - NEW YORK - TOKYO

Bundesbank resists cut in interest rates

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

A CUT in German interest rates now would fuel inflation and lead to even sharper monetary restrictions in future, the Bundesbank warned yesterday. It said domestic economic conditions had worsened and admitted that relaxation of its policies might temporarily help counter the effects of the slowdown on production and

But any easing would come at the cost of accelerating inflation later. Experience showed monetary policy served economic development best when it provided stable monetary conditions, the bank said in its latest monthly report.

Domestic criticism of the

employment

central bank's stance has increased as recession has hit production, employment and company profits. But while the report acknowledged the mounting difficulties, it said it was up to the government, unions and employers to find the new answers necessary for a return to "lasting, inflation-

The bank accepted that the public sector's attempts to control spending were being hampered by the deteriorating economic climate, but noted that inflation was still "stubbornly

high". Total public-sector deficits

higher than in 1991 and to account for almost 4 per cent of Gross National Product, or 6 per cent if the borrowings of the Treuhand privatisation agency and the post and railway authorities are included.

The federal government's deficit was expected to increase in 1993 as tax revenues fell and social welfare and unemployment payments increased, the report noted.

The bank reminded the Bonn

government it still had to find cuts to compensate for next year's planned supplementary budget of DM12bn (£4.9bn) in development aid for the east. The Bonn government, which is aiming to produce its spending cuts proposals by the end of January, is also under pressure to deliver its mooted

solidarity pact". The Bundesbank showed concern about recent decisions by Länder (state) governments to increase their 1993 spending by up to 6 per cent and an

average 4.5 per cent. While this marks a slowdown in the rate of growth, it is still far wide of Bonn's demand that regional budgets should increase by an annual maximum 3 per cent for the next few years.

The bank said the forthcoming public-sector pay negotia-tions would be especially



HOPES of a rapid conclusion of the planned "solidarity pact" between German government, opposition, trade unions and employers were fading vesterday as serious differences emerged over tax plans and aid to east German industry.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl said he was still confident, hoping for substantive results in January or at the latest February well after his original Christmas deadline. Agreement on such a deal, including an accord on wage restraint by trade unions and strict budget and the 16 federal states, is seen as essential to a relaxation in interest rates by the Bundesbank.

Mr Björn Engholm, leader of the opposition Social Democrats (SPD), said he believed the chances for a genuine pact were receding; some form of unilateral government declaration was more likely.

Wide differences existed in how far the government was ready to maintain key east German industries, and what the opposition and trade unions were seeking. The gov-ernment does not wish to give any general employment guarantee, and wants a strictly limited and defined policy of industrial subsidies for compa-nies restructuring for identified new markets. The SPD and unions want at least 400 major east German enterprises saved.

The other key difference is that Mr Kohl is only prepared to consider a tax increase to Germany in 1995. The SPD and unions want more tax reve-

Chancellor Kohl yesterday proposed sending 1,500 German troops to Somalia, including "self-defence" units, engineers and communications teams, writes Quentin Peel.

His initiative was condemned by the opposition Social Democrats (SPD) as provocative, and contrary to the German constitution, because it would send armed soldiers potentially into action outside the Nato area.

Mr Kohl's move aimed to bring to a head debate in Germany over whether to join only peace-keeping operations, peace-making efforts too, as the chancellor proposes.

nues next year, to cut the budget deficit and encourage a relaxation in the Bundesbank's

strict monetary policy. Mr Kohl said the German business community was prepared to play its part in the solidarity pact. They were ready to guarantee large-scale training of eastern apprentices. Several insurance companies had agreed to provide urgent finance for increased house-

building in the east. He was confident the unions were ready to present moderate wage claims, but urged public-sector unions to reach a new wage agreement by Febru-ary at the latest. Many other west European countries had already embarked on drastic budget savings, including Spain, Britain and France.

A budget savings package would be finalised in January. for a first-quarter supplementary budget to provide more cash for the east.



An old man gives the three-fingered Serb victory sign amid a 100,000-strong opposition rally in Belgrade yesterday. The Yugoslav prime minister, Mr Milan Panic, yesterday urged cheering supporters to depose his rival, Mr Slobodan Milosevic, the president of Serbia, in elections on Sunday, writes Laura Silber in Belgrade. Mr Panic said Mr Milosevic had "built a Chinese wall around Serbia" through war. Stark choice, page 14

Sauna diplomacy of Kohl and Yeltsin

Quentin Peel reports on how two leaders went to extremes to reach a finance deal

Theo Waigel, Germany's finance minister, is to be believed, then the key to the complex package deal negotiated between Bonn and Moscow this week lay in the chilly conservatory of Mr Boris Yeltsin's hunting lodge at Zavidovo, north of Moscow.

"It was cold enough to con-centrate our minds," Mr Wai-gel said when he got back to the splendid surroundings of the Vladimir Hall in the Kremlin to sign the joint declaration, and a string of bilateral treaties. "Bither we reached agreement, or we got the flu." While Chancellor Helmut Kohl and President Boris Yeltsin went hunting boar (the Russian got one, but none for the nervous Chancellor), their ministers thrashed out the last

TOTAL MARKET

MANUFACTURERS:

Audi,SEAT&Sko

General Motors (Opel/Vauxhall, US# & Saab)

Opel/VauxhalSaab**

Peugeot (incl. Citroen)

Flat (Incl.Lancia

Ford (Europe, US# & Jaguar)

- Ford Europe - Jaguar Renaulti†

Volvo i i

Total Japan

MARKETS:

Alfa Romeo,Ferrari Innocenti,Maserati)

WEST EUROPEAN NEW CAR REGISTRATIONS

January-November 1992

+0.7

+1.4 -3.2

-0.1

-7.7

-5.8

+5.6 +7.2 -4.5 -11.1 -9.4 -10.3 -8.4 -0.7 +1.5 -18.4 -6.8

2,181,000

1,557,000

1,490,000

1,521,000

1,499,000

1,432,000

1,420,000

10,000

415,000

403,000

382,000

312,000 299,000

253,000

165,000

150,000

2.226,000

F THE irrepressible Mr tricky details of the debt-andcompensation deal, after more than a year of hard bargaining. Then Mr Kohl, Mr Yeltsin and Mr Waigel all repaired to the sauna, with nothing but an

interpreter and a few birch than sticking plaster. twigs between them, in a display of intimate camaraderie with which no other western leaders can compete. As the German delegation flew back to Bonn on Wednes-

day night, it was obvious they were relieved and elated to have emerged unscathed by the political upheavals surrounding Mr Yeltsin. Mr Kohl had demonstrated his support for him, sorted out their outstanding disputes over compensation for Soviet military installations, and Moscow's debts to the former East Germany, and put Bonn back on

12.4

12.1

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12.2

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12.0

top of the list of Russia's most helpful western partners. It was no mean achievement. And yet there were dissident voices in the back of the aircraft, suggesting that the entire exercise was little more

t would buy Mr Yeltsin's embattled government a Lifew more months before they are faced with the next desperate need for another

round of debt relief. There were really four elements to the deal. Germany agreed to suspend its claim, until the year 2000, for repayment of a small mountain of debt run up with the former East Germany in the last six months before unification. The sum is 6.4bn transferable roubles - the accounting unit used by the former Comecon states, and valued in the German unification treaty at an exchange rate of DM2.34 (96p). The money is owing for goods which were ordered and delivered before Moscow had to pay for its imports in hard cur-

rency, and the Russians dispute the true value of the debt. Now both sides have agreed not to talk about it at all for eight years, and then try to negotiate a deal. Most Germans admit the money is as good as written off, but the fact the debt exists is accepted by Moscow. in exchange, Mr Yeltsin has agreed to abandon claims for massive compensation for the Soviet military property in East Germany:

Bonn's claims for environmen-

tal reparations, and Moscow's

claims for property payment

for its 243,000 hectares and 20,000 buildings, have simply been cancelled out in a "zero solution". The Soviet military is decidedly unhappy, but Germany is delighted with a reasonable compromise, even if the environmental clean-up costs billions. The only new cash in the agreement is DM550m, to be paid by Bonn in extra housing grants for returning Russian soldiers.

There were many fine words about future economic co-operation, and the green light for potentially the biggest joint venture of all - an oil and gas exploration scheme by Germany's Deminex near Volgograd. But the businessmen who came with Mr Kohl were very tough and sceptical about investment opportunities when

car sales rose by 6.8 per cent in

Gaidar given advisory position

PRESIDENT Boris Yeltsin, president Botts feliciti, striving to keep Bussia on the free-market road, has given his sacked reform chief Yegor Gaidar a new advisory role and told the new prime minister to form a cabinet by next Tuesday, Reuter reports from

Moscow. Mr Yelisin's press office said Mr Galdar, replaced as pre-mier three days ago by the more conservative Mr Viktor Chernomyrdin, had been appointed a presidential dylser on economic policy.

A separate presidential order set a Tuesday deadline for Mr Chernomyrdin, previ-ously deputy prime minister in charge of fuel and energy, to form his new government.

Backing for Polish miners

Poland's steelworkers yester-Poland's steelworkers yester-day threw their backing behind the the steppages sweeping the industrial heart-land of Silesia, as strikes spread to all but five of the country's 70 coal mines, writes Christopher Bobinski in War-

and the second

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· Trability

The steelworkers declared a "strike alert" to underscore their support, enabling them to take action if the government refused to meet the miners' demands. Protests began on Monday against continuing government wage curbs on state industries.

Fabius challenge in Aids blood row

Mr Laurent Fahius, the leader of the French Socialist party, yesterday asked to appear before a High Court to face charges over a scandal involv-ing the distribution of blood tainted with the HIV virus, writes William Dawkins in

His move followed the wide spread criticism against Socialists yesterday when MPs blocked an attempt in parliament to bring two of Mr Fablus's former ministerial colleagues to justice over the scandal. Mr Fabius's gesture could reduce the damage to the Socialists' image inflicted by the parliamentary block. "So that no possible ambiguity remains... I will myself vote for the indiciment calling on the High Court to deal with price of truth and honour," he

Craxi decision is postponed

The executive of Italy's Socialist party yesterday decided to tpone until a special congress in mid-January a decision on the future of its leader, Mr Bettino Craxi, following notice he was under investiga-tion by Milan magistrates for alleged corruption, writes Robert Graham in Rome. The party now has a month to per-suade Mr Craxi to step down and find a replacement.

Dealing with the crisis in a more measured way should ease pressure on the four-party coalition, of which the Socialists are a key element.

Successor to MacSharry

Mr Padraig Flynn, Ireland's justice minister, has been appointed as his country's new commissioner to the EC commission, to replace Mr Ray MacSharry, who stands down next month, writes Tim Coone in Dublin.

A conservative-minded former school teacher and publican, Mr Flynn, 53, is a devout Catholic and member of the Fianna Fail party.

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Western Europe's new car sales up by 1.2%

Motor industry Correspondent

SALES of new cars in western Europe increased by 1.2 per cent last month, with higher demand in Germany and France compensating for a heavy decline in sales in Italy. According to industry estimates, sales in the first 11 months of the year, at 12.53m, were 1.3 per cent lower than in

the corresponding period a year earlier. New car sales last month rose to an estimated 974 000 from 963,000 a year ago. However, carmakers are becoming increasingly gloomy about the

outlook for new car demand in west Europe in 1993. According to Mr Jacques Calvet, chairman of the Peugeot group of France, new car sales in west Europe are forecast to fall by more than 4 per cent next vear.

Most car producers have already imposed short-time working, and Ford this week became the latest to announce a big cut in its workforce, with 10,000 jobs in Europe by the end of next year. Ford's Spanish subsidiary

said yesterday that it would cut 1,200 jobs next year, of which 950-1,000 would be lost at its car and engine plants at Despite the steep fall in new

orders in Germany, new car sales in Europe's single biggest market rose last month by 4.7 per cent to 285,730. Demand is being pulled forward from January in advance of a rise in value added tax.

Ominously, new car sales fell heavily in Italy, showing a decline of 11.7 per cent. Italy, the second largest car market in Europe, has long enjoyed steady demand, but sales have now been lower than a year ago for four months in succes-

Demand is also weakening in

November, although sales for the first 11 months were still 1.3 per cent below the very low level of last year. Registrations in the UK have

been higher than a year ago in three of the past four months, although the stronger demand is mainly coming from the fleet Across west Europe, new car sales in November were lower than a year ago in nine of 17 markets. The Volkswagen

group of Germany, which includes Audi, Seat and Skoda, has consolidated its lead in the west European market and has boosted its share to an estimated 17.4 per cent in the first 11 months of the year from 16.3 per cent a year ago.

Spain, where car sales fell by 1.8 per cent in November, Sales had increased strongly in the early months and in the first 11 months were still 9.9 per cent higher than a year ago.

Despite its sales success, the group has warned this week that it has slumped into loss in the final quarter of the year. It is facing widespread short-time working at its German plants and further job cuts, as it seeks belatedly to tackle its uncom-

petitive German cost-base. **EBRD** signs \$10m telecoms loan pact

THE European Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the government of Albania have signed a \$10m loan agreement for a telecommunications project. The bank has also been awarded a man-date to act as financial adviser on foreign investment in its chromium

The loan will help finance the modernisation and expansion of the telecommunications system in Albania. The expansion will almost double the number of subscribers in Albania, increasing the telephone density from 1.45 lines per 100 inhabitants to 2.25. The project is the first phase of a long-term devel-opment programme towards a digi-tal network by the turn of the cen-

The European Bank's involve with Albehrome, the Albanian state-owned chromium industry, will be assisted by a consortium of advisers providing technical assistance in legal, mining, accountancy and financiai analysis.

The bank has arranged for the financing of technical assistance con-tracts from funds made available from the US Agency for International Development.

Albania is the third largest producer of chromism in the world.

Albania makes hard work of investment

#Cars imported from US and sold in wee "VW holds 31 per cent and management "Gal holds 50 per cent and management Honds holds a 20 per cent state in Rov Hitherautt and Volvo are linked through a

Kerin Hope reports on the risks and frustrations of setting up in Europe's most backward country

ILTERED through wheezing ket economy. While strikes and masloudspeakers at the Shkodra Chamber of Commerce, Mr Ahmet Musavi's invitation to invest in Albania could almost be mistaken for an obituary of the country's manufacturing industry.
With unworldly truthfulness, Mr

Musavi, chairman of the city council, explained why all but three of the 15 state-owned factories on offer stopped work over a year ago. The reasons he cited were similar: shortages of raw materials and spare parts, outdated technology and mass departures of skilled workers.

"We are ready to welcome foreign investors, whether in joint ventures or on their own. We want to modernise, but we don't have any money."

The factories in question, among them plants that used to produce textiles, shoes, soap and canned vegetables, could serve as a museum of industry. It is hard to imagine that anyone could get the pre-second world war machinery from Italy along with Chinese and Hungarian imports from the 1960s - working

Albania's emergence from autarchy is going to be painfully slow, despite the government's avowed cannot buy land enthusiasm for establishing a mar-

sive emigration to Italy and Greece succeeded in hastening the collapse of the Stalinist system, the economy was reduced to ruins.

When the Democratic party came to power in March, almost two-thirds of the country's factories had shut and most farm co-operatives had been divided up, sometimes by force,

Albania's mining industry was dependent until recently on the unpaid labour of political prisoners.

Albania's foreign debt has swelled from \$200m to \$600m in two years, while exports almost ground to a

The Albanians' dream was that as soon as communism was defeated, luxury tourist resorts would start springing up along their unspoiled coastline. In fact, initial interest shown by Italian hotellers and Greek contractors has faded because the government insists that foreigners cannot buy land, but must settle for

The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development is trying to find international companies willing to modernise Albania's mining industry, dependent until recently on the unpaid labour of political prisoners. But a slump in prices for copper and chrome could discourage potential investors, who would have to spend heavily on improving pro-

essing and productivity.

Prospects look somewhat brighter for the oil industry. Preliminary offshore surveys by US, Italian, and German oil companies granted concessions last year reportedly produced encouraging results, with test drilling due to start early in 1993. Yet no foreign company has been signed up to modernise the onshore fields in southern Albania, where output has dropped by more than 40

per cent in the past decade. For all the apparent willingness to embrace change. Albanian officials clearly find it hard to throw off their traditional suspicion of outsiders, which did much to sustain Enver Hoxha's policy of isolation in the

communist period. Efforts to set a legislative framework for investment are also hampered by the past: Albania lacked a justice ministry for over 20 years before it was re-established in 1990.

Importing legal expertise has become a priority in order to introduce basic tax, commercial and company law. "Confusion over the legal position,

combined with the long-drawn out process of decision-making makes it very frustrating trying to do business here," says Mr Alex Standish, a British consultant.

The total capital invested this year is \$38m, of which \$21m was provided by foreigners

Over 50 joint ventures have been set up, mostly by Italian and Greek companies in partnership with state companies or individual Albanians, according to the Ministry of Trade. But only a modest amount is being invested: the total capital invested this year is \$38m, of which \$21m was provided by foreigners.

Greece is keen to help develop the Albanian economy, partly as a way of stemming the flow of illegal Albanian immigrants across the border. Its investment incentives law was extended this year to include southern Albania. The state-con-trolled Hellenic Industrial Development Bank includes Albania in an EC-financed programme it runs for developing small business in eastern

But the practical problems of working in a country with only a few thousand kilometres of surfaced roads, where bank transfers take weeks to arrange and where ports are almost permanently occupied unloading EC and US aid, mean that fewer than half the joint ventures are in regular operation. It will be some time before Albania

starts getting international funds for making infrastructure improvements. Much will depend on how firmly the government sticks to the conditions of a \$25m IMF stand-by loan granted this year. There are already problems over its readiness to delay unpopular measures, such as reducing unemployment benefits or launching privatisation. Mr Vassilis Anastasiades has

spent almost two years negotiating a joint venture to make sports clothes in southern Albania. "The risks in Albania are huge and it's impossible to predict when the investment climate will stabilise. But if you're in a business where labour costs matter, it's worth persisting," he says.

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Rebound in exports cuts US trade gap

THE US trade deficit fell sharply between September and October but the longerterm trend remained adverse, figures from the Commerce Department indicated yester-

A rebound in exports accounted for most of the decline in the deficit, which fell to \$7bn against a revised shortfall of \$8.6bn in Septem-

Wall Street analysis were taken by surprise, having forecast a deficit of about \$8bn in Exports rose \$1.3bn to

\$39.2bn, a new record in cash terms. Imports fell \$0.2bn to However, the US's bilateral deficit with Japan rose sharply to \$5bn, the highest monthly figure for four years, raising fears of increased trade tension

in coming months. Much of the overall rise in exports, moreover, reflected higher sales of civilian aircraft, which are notoriously volntile on a monthly basis. Sales of telecommunications equipment

also rose strongly. In spite of the stronger-thanexpected figures for exports. the longer-term trend appears to remain adverse, reflecting faster growth of consumer demand in the US than in most

oversees markets. The trade deficit averaged \$8.2bn in the three months to October, compared with only \$4.9bn in the first three months

of this year. The trade deficit for the first 10 months of this year was \$67.50n, compared with \$55.1bn in the same period last year. • In a separate report the Labour Department said claims for state unemployment insur-ance rose 22,000 to 347,000 in the week ending December 5, the first rise in four weeks. The level of claims, however, remains consistent with steady improvement in labour market

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Old allies ponder future of Special Relationship

Britain may find itself becoming an intermediary between the US and Europe, reports George Graham

Major in Washington for a farewell visit to President George Bush brings to a close a particularly fruitful chapter in the "special relationship" between the UK and the US.

The personal chemistry between Mrs Margaret Thatcher and Mr Bush may have been a little cooler than her earlier rapport with President Ronald Reagan, but Mr Major and Mr Bush seem to have found their way back onto the same wavelength. Now the British prime minis-

ter will have to re-establish common ground with President-elect Bill Clinton, at a time when the common threat of Soviet communism no longer looms so clearly; when as the crises in Yugoslavia and Somalia raise new questions about the roles the US and the UK should play in the world; and when the US's first instinct may be to turn inwards, away from Europe and, in the process, from the

The special relationship has never been free of friction, and the clashes over issues such as Suez and the Skybelt missile have at times been spectacular. And some US officials slight talk of a special relationship as wishful thinking.
"We are constantly struck

here by our allies' desire to maintain special means of consultation," said one official. Nevertheless, most British and American officials agree that there is a different quality to their relations, built on the memory of Sir Winston Chru-



British and the Americans,"

confirms a European diplomat. While think tanks often urge

the US to concentrate more on

its links with Germany and

Japan. both countries, though

economically more important, are inhibited by history and by

their constitutions from acting on the world stage. France and

Canada can get involved, but

each has regularly been at philosophical odds with the US on when and how to act.

voice on questions such as Yugoslavia - though not on

Somalia, where it has chosen

not to get involved. Washington officials attri-

bute much of the recent

strength of the special relation-ship, not only at the govern-ment level but also in the US

This gives the UK a stronger

John Major: eager to be liked

chill and on linguistic and cultural foundations, but also on a feeling that the UK is consistently the US's most depend-

able ally.
There is a very high comfort level because of language and institutions and political process," says Ms Rozanne Ridgway, a former assistant secretary of state in charge of European affairs and president of the Atlantic Council of the US, a Washington-based policy

A conversation with a British diplomat is in some ways different from a conversation with any other diplomat," com-ments a senior congressional

"Until I came to Washington I would never have believed the relationship between the while the French were seen fairly, until Mr Jean-Pierre Chavenement's resignation as defence minister - to be hold-More recently, the UK has played an important role in

reviving the stalled trade negotiations between the US and the European Community, opening the way for a possible completion of the Uruguay Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. Some have argued in the past that the UK must prove its commitment to Europe by distancing itself from the US; others have taken the opposite

view that full British involve-

ment in Europe will damage its

IIS ties. Ms Ridgway, however, dis-putes the idea that there is incompatibility in the UK's simultaneous involvement with Europe and the US.

"I don't find there has been any dilution of the dialogue since Britain joined the EC. It's an argument that people use for other reasons," she says. Nevertheless, the UK may

increasingly be placed in the difficult position of acting as interpreter between the US and Europe - especially France - as the EC continues down the road of unification, a process which most US politic applaud in theory but find somewhat disquieting in its

It has already filled this role, along with the Netherlands, in the debate of the last two years

population at large, to the Gulf war. Images of "plucky Brits parading through the desert" filled US television screens,

George Bush: more amenable to BA bid

But Mr Hans Binnendijk, director of the Institute for the Study of Diplomacy at Washington's Georgetown University, argues that British dis-comfort may ease as the new Clinton administration finds more common ground than its predecessor with Brussels and

"That doesn't mean Britain would become less important as an ally, but it wouldn't be the two of us against the rest of Europe," he says. On some issues, US-UK friction is likely to be greater under Mr Clinton than under President Bush. These include Northern Ireland - Democrats have traditionally been more

sensitive to Irish nationalist urgings then Republi-

testing in the US's Nevada explosion sites, which the new administration will want to

A Clinton administration is also likely to be less amenable than the Bush team to British Airways' bid to buy a big stake in USAir - but this issue may be settled before Mr Clinton

takes office.
These difficulties will not be insurmountable if Mr Major can establish the requisite personal chemistry with Mr Clinton, but he will have to wait. snub is intended by their inability to find time for a meeting on this visit. Since both men are basically likeable and eager to be liked, their chemistry should in time prove

Rules add to US bank costs

By George Graham in Washington

US BANKS face costs of up to \$17bn from the burden of regulations imposed on them by Congress and their supervisors, a study by the main federal regulatory agencies con-

In a report delivered to Congress yesterday, the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council - grouping representatives of the Federal Reserve Board, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Office of Thrift Supervision, National Credit Union Administration and Office of the Comptroller of the Currency - estimated regulatory costs in 1991 at between \$7.5bn and \$17bn.

This would amount to 6-14 per cent of total non-interest expenses of the banking industry, the study concluded, even without the additional burden of statutory reserve require ments - the unremunerated deposits that banks must hold at the Federal Reserve - and provisions of the new banking law passed at the end of 1991. Mr John LaWare, a governor of the Federal Reserve Board, said excessive regulations weighed particularly heavily on small banks; although many of the regulations were necessary, their cost was uiti-mately borne by the consumer. The study recommended changes to 60 rules that could be made immediately by regulatory agencies and suggested a commission might help to overcome political obstacles to

Argentina's capital inflow tops \$1bn

ARCENTINA'S central bank says capital inflows have topped \$1bn so far this month, a record since the country made its currency convertible in April 1991. The record is all the more remarkable because in November the country suffered its first sustained currency crisis in nearly two VEGTIL.

A central bank official said yesterday the bank has added \$1.008bn to its reserves so far this month, bringing net capital

April and December last year, the central bank bought \$3.11bn in foreign currency. To prevent a return to its tradition of heavy inflation and massive devaluations, Argenting has made its central bank independent and pegged the peso to the US dollar by law. Under this so-called convertibility law, the central bank may print money only if it is fully backed by foreign

currency, gold or a limited quantity of government bonds. Last month, investors, who were wor-ried that economy minister Domingo Cavallo's policies were unravelling and his

grip on power slipping, bolted for the exits by selling pesos, leading to a \$230m net outflow of funds, the first since Mr Cavallo took office in January 1991.

Although December's strong capital inflow is a sign of renewed confidence in Mr Cavallo's policies, analysts warn investors are being attracted by high interest rates that yesterday stood at 22 per cent a year in dollar terms.

They warn that once companies' traditional end-of-year demand for local cur-rency eases, the inflow of foreign capital

International consortium wins satellite contract worth \$1.7bn

ARGENTINA has awarded a contract worth \$1.7bn to build, launch and operate its first domestic communications satellite to a five-company international consortium, which is expected to put the satellite in

Since Argentina has already

privatised nearly all its telecommunications services, the government in effect picked the operators of what will be a privately operated satellite communications system, which will have the right to use both of Argentina's now unused satellite allocations.

The consortium - in which France's Aérospatiale and should cost a further \$1.5bn.

Embratel of Brazil and Deut-sche Acrospace all have a 20 per cent stake - will be responsible for designing, building, launching and operating the satellite.

Building and launch costs are estimated at \$200m. Earth



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CREATING THE RIGHT CHEMISTRY



Trade talks season likely to come to end

new year.

progress still further in the

A gloomy senior US official

complained of "an overall dis-

appointing lack of progress in

securing a large market access

package either in industry or

agriculture", and said that it was "becoming increasingly

difficult to imagine how we

can possibly wrap up a politi-

INTERNATIONAL trade negotiators are today expected to call a halt to the pre-Christ-mas push for a breakthrough in the Uruguay Round of talks on global trade liberalisation. Many are voicing frustration at the slow progress made in recent weeks, while others are

casting doubt over whether a successful result is achievable. Mr Arthur Dunkel, director general of the General Agree-

ment on Tariffs and Trade, has called a meeting today of the top-level Trade Negotiations Committee (TNC), at which he is expected to "close the negotiating season".

His hope that a final Uruguay Round text might be agreed by Christmas has been dashed. Negotiators expressed fears in Geneva yesterday that top-level changes in the EC on January 1, and the change in the US administration on Janu-

cal consensus in the near He challenged the credibility

the European Community in industrial, services and agriculture schedules published in the past week: "Before the ink is even dry on the EC offer, it has been repudiated by one of

the EC members." He was referring to a state-ment made by Mr Roland Dumas, the French foreign minister, in Geneva on Wednesday, in which he said the EC package went beyond the European Commission's

The US official said that France's actions "call into question the status of much of the EC's overall negotiating position". EC negotiators were swift to challenge Mr Dumas' claims, insisting they had a full and unequivocal mandate to negotiate a Uruguay Round deal. They said the offers tabled this week were aimed at achieving a "global, balanced package" (one of few phrases they shared with Mr Dumas).

EC says Japan must | China buys open up legal and financial services

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

MR Frans Andriessen, the EC external affairs commissioner, said yesterday Japan should not regard agriculture as "the only issue" in the Uruguay Round of trade talks and should be ready to make concessions in areas such as legal and financial

The controversy within Japan over a likely relaxation of the rice import ben as part of a Uruguay Round settlement has dominated Mr Andriessen's two-day visit to Tokyo, but he sought to draw attention to a range of other out-standing issues.

Mr Andriessen sald Japanese banking and insurance regula-tions still unfairly limit the activities of foreign institutions. He said import controls

aircraft for \$800m should be lifted on foodstuffs, CHINA Southern Airlines, the leather and footwear as part of the multilateral negotiations expanding Guangzhou-based under the General Agreement

carrier, yesterday ordered six Boeing ??? widehody aircraft worth \$800m (£507m), writes "Financial services have always been a key area in the Gatt agreement," he said. "In Europe, we have the most open financial services Paul Betts, Aerospace Corre-This is a boost for the US manufacturer, which is devel-oping the new 777 twin engine market in the world, and we want others to give us fair widebody aircraft at a cost of around \$4bn. It is scheduled to treatment."

On rice, Mr Andriessen yesterday met Mr Masami Tan-abu, agriculture minister, who defended Japanese farmers' interests. While other Japanese ministers indicated that the government will be "flexible" on rice, Mr Tanabu said a market opening was unlikely. But Mr Andriessen's general

on Tariffs and Trade.

impression after his round of the ministries was that the "mood is there" for a market

up prices as protection against

According to the director of

sures inflation, protective price

percentage points on inflation this month which is expected

to near 30 per cent in

Mr Daniel Dantas, director of

shock plans had ended.

ing six Boeing 777s as part of a significant \$4.1bn package of new aircraft orders involving both Boeing and European Air-

Russian deal

enter service in 1995. China Southern is the 11th

customer to select the 777. Boe-

ing announced earlier this

week that the Californian-based International Lease

Finance Corporation was buy-

Boeing

Russia's main space launcher manufacturer has been given permission by Moscow to sign commercial contracts with two US companies, Motorola and

The interfax news agency said Mr Viktor Chernomyrdin, Russia's new Prime minister, had agreed that the Khrunichev factory sign the contracts. The deal with Motorola would be for the launch of three com-

FIPE, an institute which meaincreases have already but 2.5 the satellite project which would be recouped from future hard currency income.

in chip venture

Texas Instruments (TI), the US high-technology company, and Samsung, the South Korean electronics giant, yesterday signed a letter of intent for a multi-million-dollar joint manufacturing investment in Oporto, northern Portugal.

bus airliners. US groups in

munications satellites, while a joint venture would be set up with Lockheed. Khrunichev had been given permission to spend \$40m on

Texas, Samsung

writes Peter Wise in Lisbon. The agreement is the first joint venture between the two.

EC revises list of tariff cuts on industrial goods

THE European Community yesterday presented a revised draft list of tariff cuts for industrial products in the Uruguay round of trade liberalisation talks, but admitted it fell short of the target set by ministers of a one-third overall reduction in import duties. writes Frances Williams from Geneva. The EC offer,

described by a senior official as

"illustrative" and a basis for negotiation, would lower tariffs across the range of industrial products by an average of nearly 25 per cent.

However, for countries such as the US and Canada, the reduction is nearer 30 per cent while for others, notably Japan, it is less generous. This reflects what EC negotiators say are unsatisfactory offers

RAZIL woke up yesterday to a familiar scene.
Another economy minis-

ter out - the seventh since

1985 - and frantic speculation

on impending economic plans

which caused a rush into the

dollar and prompted shopkeep-

ers to mark up prices. The resignation of Mr Gus-

tavo Krause after just two

months in office provoking

such disarray shows just how

much expectations have fallen

since Mr Itamar Franco

assumed the presidency after

the suspension of President

Fernando Collor on corruption

The appointment of the inex-

perienced Mr Krause to run the

world's ninth-largest economy

had, after all, sent stock mar-

kets crashing. Yet his continu-

ation in government as a

known free-marketeer had become a guarantee that the

orthodox stabilisation pro-

ning minister who has tempo-

rarily assumed the economy

Mr Paulo Haddad, the plan-

gramme would continue.

from the other side. Community officials said the Uruguay round target had been missed because the US had rejected the actorsthe-board formula approach favoured by the EC and others. instead, it had insisted on a

deals in particular sectors. "It

portfolio, insists that there will

be no change in policy, nor any

shock measures in the battle

against inflation of 25 per cent

clear policy direction, the

departure of Mr Krause - com-

the privatisation programme

and a series of meetings

between Mr Franco and econo-

mists advocating nationalist

ideas – are being viewed as strong indications that Brazil

has seen the end of its modern-

isation programme, at least for

"Everything points towards

sharp change in orientation

of the Brazilian economy and

the trend is for less liberalism

and more state intervention,

says Mr Carlos Langoni, eco-

nomics professor at the Getulio

Such a shift will not be cer-

tain until after Mr Franco's

ministerial meeting this week-

end and his first address to the

nation next Wednesday after

the senate judgment of Mr Col-

Vargas Foundation.

bined with the suspension of

a month.

request and offer approach to the tariff negotiations, alongside reciprocal zero-for-zero

top EC negotiator said. However, US officials com-

plained yesterday that the EC appeared to be pulling back on parts of an "emerging maximum package" the two sides had agreed to aim for last month, which would have combined additional zero-for-zero sectors with reductions in

to a satisfactory outcome," a

is now clear this is not leading remaining very high tariffs. The EC offer mixes a tariff cut formula, including bigger reductions for the highest duties, with some sectoral ini-tiatives. Officials claim that, after applying formula cuts averaging one-third, the EC would be the only leading trader with no duties on indus trial products above 20 per

After two steps back, Brazil takes another familiar one Christina Lamb assesses the debilitating impact of the resignation of the latest economy minister after just two months lor which is expected to strip him of power. Mr Franco says

> But analysts note that the 61-year-old Mr Franco has given no commitment to the modernisation programme of

he cannot get on with govern-

ing until he is officially Presi-

dent and can take Mr Collor's

portrait down from his office

Instead, he shows every sign of favouring the state intervention, nationalism and populism that he has always supported throughout his long political

He chose a communist as leader of the government in Congress and his main policy moves so far have been to suspend privatisation, albeit temporarily, the suppression of public sector tariffs, and a war on foreign pharmaceutical companies for "abusive price increases". He has ordered the Inland Revenue to investigate their activities. Last month he cancelled talks with the international Monetary Fund.

He rejected the Krause-Haddad formula of continued high interest rates, privatisation, and fiscal adjustment to combat inflation. He has been consulting all week with Mr Paulo Nogueira Batista and Mr Dercio Munhoz, economists who favour prices and incomes pol-icy and the lowering of interest rates and a big state investment programme to restart growth. The former even advocates a moratorium on foreign

Already behind much of Latin America in stabilising its economy, Brazil has never really gone far down the path of modernisation. Many people have still not accepted the failure of the old import substitution model which for many years made it the world's fastest growing economy.

debt payments.

The focus now is on whether Mr Haddad remains in office and manages to maintain real interest rates against Mr Franco's desires. He is under pressure from sectors within the government to leave and from

outside to stay and keep up the a future freeze. Through his vaciliations, Mr resistance against less orthodox measures. His hand may have been strengthened by the Franco has already undone the work of former economy minisstrong reaction to Mr Krause's resignation which sent the ter Marcilio Marques Moreira in convincing the business community that the era of black market dollar premium

The congress is still discussing a fiscal reform package crucial to help plug a \$15bn hole in the government budget for next year. Mr Roberto Freire, the leader of the government in Congress, asked yesterday: "Hasn't anyone noticed that while they are all speculating about shocks and deviations in policy in fact we are still negotiating fiscal

soaring to almost 20 per cent,

its highest for more than a

reform ?" However the departure of Mr Krause, a key negotiator in Congress, has reduced the like-lihood of this passing and uncertainty is now so high that the main economic agents are acting as if a shock plan had risk instruments and marking

Icatu Bank, believes this may be a good thing: "We've all got too accustomed to 25 per cent a month inflation. Perhaps what we need is for it to rise to a level which cannot be tolerated

January.

and shakes everyone up." But Mr Langoni complains: "We're just wasting time. What we have learnt from the experiments of the last few years is there is no other way but strictmonetary policy and fiscal

louche Ross

disarray that fed into the

lowest of expectations

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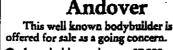
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to back Rao

in MPs' vote

By Stefan Wagstyl

mosque crisis.

MR PV Narasimha Rao, the

Indian prime minister, last

night looked likely to survive a

parliamentary no-confidence

motion over his government's handling of the Ayodhya

The ruling Congress (I) party

and its smaller allies seemed

set to rally around the prime

minister to defeat a motion

proposed by the right-wing

Hindu Bharatiya Janata party

(BJP), the main opposition

party. The BJP organised a

rally at which Hindu militants

destroyed the mosque in Ayod-hya and provoked a nationwide

wave of violence.
However, despite the public

show of loyalty, many Congress party MPs harbour serious doubts about supporting Mr Rao as prime minister.

They feel that some of the criti-

cisms of the government's role before and after the storming

of the mosque on December 6

have hit home. Some believe

the party may have to call a

general election next year to

try to restore its damaged cred-

ibility.
With the BJP defiant, India

could face a prolonged political

fight over Ayodhya. The uncertainty clouds the

outlook for Mr Rao's widely

praised economic liberalisation

programme, which has drawn much of its force from the sin-

gle-mindedness of his cabinet

Any hope that the crisis might be settled quickly has

and its senior advisers.

Rank Mr. Active Chemonic Ranks in the prime man hard depresed that the farm what feeters will the come what feeters will the come that done and Matoria at be for the retrict of three training for any appropriate the Maria Liberta de 1 Khranitha and been per permission to spend suspend the Sateland Propert sta

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A TENDERS - EXICANOS PR PE-171292 安全者 (1975年 - 1975年 -

Himachal Pradesh. Mr Rao had earlier won praise for dismissing the BJP government in Uttar Pradesh, which includes Ayodhya. But this week's move has been condemned by commentators as unconstitutional.

decision to impose central rule on three BJP-ruled states - Ra-

jastan, Madhya Pradesh, and

If he sits tight and tries to ride out the crisis by doing as little as possible, he will alienate hardliners in his own party who want him to go all out in attacking the BJP. Moslems, who have traditionally supported Congress, also want firm action. However, the strong use of government power runs the risk of provoking sympathy for the BJP.

Even Indians who have no time for the BJP are very wary of the government imposing memories it evokes of repressive acts carried out during Mrs Indira Gandhi's period of central government rule in the "emergency" of the

• India's Supreme Court yesterday reinstated an investigation into allegations of corruption over a \$1.3bn (2855m) artillery deal with the Swedish company Bofors, Reuter adds.

It delivered final judgment on a government appeal against a lower court order in September which ended the investigation into the 1986 deal on the grounds that no charges had been brought despite the lengthy probe.

evaporated with a government NEWS IN BRIEF

UN troops halted by Khmer Rouge

KHMER ROUGE guerrillas in Cambodia vesterday detained another 46 United Nations peacekeepers, only hours after releasing an earlier batch of 21, in their latest defiance against the UN's \$2bn mission to bring peace and democracy to the country, writes Victor Mallet in Bangkok.

All 46 are arned indonesian soldiers who were told by the Khmer Rouge not to issue the village of Phum O Sals, 10km east of the central town of Kompong Thom. They had gone to the village to discuss the earlier seizure of the 21 UN personnel. Last night the Indonesians were in a stand-off with about 70 armed Kinmer Rouge guerrillas. UN soldiers are allowed to fire only in self-defence, and so far none of the 16,000 UN military personnel

French retake Somali embassy

French troops reclaimed their embassy on Mogadishu's "green line" yesterday almost two years after a civil war forced its evacuation, Reuter reports from Mogadishu. About 300 French troops arrived in Somalia last week as part of a US-led multinational task force to stop gunmen from looting food convoys.

Moi to be warned over election

Commonwealth observers are expected to warn President Daniel arap Moi today that Kenya's election process has not so far been free and fair, writes Michael Holman in Nairobi. A delegation led by Mr Justice Talford Georges, leader of the 88-member monitoring team, will ask the president to respond to charges of nomination. tion "irregularities", misuse of state resources, and intimidation by the ruling Kanu party.

IMF assails S African tax break

The International Monetary Fund has strongly criticised tax incentives provided by the South African government which formed the basis for the Alusaf aluminium smelter and Columbus stainless steel plant expansion, two large capital projects worth more than R100n (£2.1bn) approved in the past month, writes Philip Gawith in Johannesb

East Timor talks start

United Nations sponsored talks between Indonesia and Portugal began yesterday in New York over the disputed territory of East Timor. Diplomats are pessimistic that the dispute will be resolved, with relations worsening following the arrest of the East Timorese rebel leader, writes William Keeling in Jakarta.

Osman remanded in Hong Kong

Mr Lorrain Osman, the former chairman of a Malaysian bank who was extradited from Britain to Hong Kong on Wednesday, was yesterday remanded in custody pending a ball hearing early next week, writes Simon Holberton in Hong Kong.

S Korean candidates trade insults

SOUTH Koreans vote today in presidential elections after a campaign in which allegations of vote-buying and state interference in the electoral process have overtaken discussion of key issues such as the ailing

Mr Kim Young-sam of the ruling Democratic Liberal party (DLP) and Mr Kim Dae-jung of the main opposition Democratic party are virtually tied in private surveys - publication of opinion polls in hanned. The outcome is likely to be determined by the performance of Mr Chung Ju-yung, founder of the Hyundai business group, who is attracting votes mainly from the DLP. The campaign's last days have had the atmosphere of a thriller, with talk of secret corporate funds, North Korean

and "black" propaganda. In other respects, the election has shown that democracy is taking root five years er the downfall of military dictatorship. Gone are the tear gas attacks that marred rallies in the 1987 election.

spies, electronic eavesdropping

Political analysts believe mud-slinging was inevitable since personalities, rather than issues, dominate Korean politics. There is little to dis-tinguish the centrist policies of the main contenders.

Although turnout is expec-ted to exceed 80 per cent of the 29m registered voters, crowds at election railies are smaller than in 1987 when Koreans wanted to show support for their new political freedoms.

The faltering economy and a lacklustre campaign threat-ened to erode the lead of Mr Kim Young-sam, who has been the frontrunner all year long. When opinion surveys showed his support to be weakening, he went on the offensive

accusing Mr Chung of trying to "buy" the election by ille-gally employing the financial resources and manpower of the Hyundai industrial empire, Korea's largest. This coincided with a police investigation of Hyundai's role in the election. Mr Kim Young-sam has focused on the weaknesses of

his opponents.

Although Koreans admire
Mr Chung for building up
Hyundai many also fear that he chaebol, the country's family-run conglomerates such as Hyundai, will come to domi-nate politics as the military

Public distrust of Mr Kim Dae-jung is based on his long association with the trade union and dissident movements and his geographical origins. He comes from the south-western Cholla region, the most underdeveloped and rebellious part of the country. Mr Kim Young-sam may find his tactics could backfire. His own weakness lies in the public perception that he is a

political opportunist after he left the opposition and joined the ruling party in 1990, with the promise that he would become its presidential candidate. The DLP candidate's attacks against Mr Chung and Hyundal have been alleged to be part of a biased government effort to focus attention on illegal election practices of the opposition candidates.

Mr Kim Young-sam was thrown on the defensive this week when Mr Chung's party revealed it had a tape recording of a secret meeting among local government officials in Pusen discussing means to help the DLP candidate. The meeting in Pusan

appeared to prove that the government was interfering in the election on his behalf. The disclosure led to the forced resignation of the Pusan mayor and other officials and

Popular movement urged to meet the needs of children

mitment and managerial com-

"It is an unacceptable dis-

grace to humanity for millions

of children to be dying every

year from diseases that can

demonstrably be prevented and

treated at almost negligible

Unicef calls for two thirds of the \$250n needed to come from

developing countries them-

selves. This could be achieved

if governments spent 20 per

vided as bilateral aid every

cost," the report says.

petence by governments.

By David Dodwell in Geneva

THE United Nations Children's

Fund yesterday called for a worldwide popular movement - "the basic needs movement" - to raise \$25bn (£16.4bn) a year to meet children's needs for food, clean water and basic health care. Reaching this target would lower birth rates, and save the lives of more than 4m children

a year, Unicef said in its ennual "State of the World's Children" report. This would create a breakthrough against the last great obscenity - the needless malmutrition, disease, and illiteracy that still casts a shadow over the lives, and the futures of the poorest quarter of the world's children". "The time has come to hanish in shame the notion that the world cannot afford to

meet the most obvious and basic needs of all its children," said Mr James Grant, execu-tive director of Unices, pointing out that \$25bn amounted to less than Europeans spend on wine each year, Americans on beer, and Japanese on business entertaining. This contrasts with about \$750bn spent every year on the military. He added that progress depends not just on cash, but on sustained com-

The time has come to banish in shame the notion that the world cannot afford to meet the most obvious and basic needs of all its children'

cent of their budgets on basics years ago. Unicef calls for a worldwide such as food, water, sanitation, health care and family planning, the report says. It com-plains that at present, more is spent on the military, and on debt servicing than on health and education. The rest could be met out of aid funds if donor countries raised to 20 per cent the pro-portion of aid devoted to basic needs. At present, less than 10 per cent of the total \$40bn pro-

year is targeted in this way.
"The problem today is not week." that overcoming the worst aspects of world poverty is too

costs about \$20 per person per year, half the cost of just six

vast or too expensive a task; it

is that it has not been seri-

ously tried," the report says, It

says that a combination of new

technologies, falling costs, and community-based strategies, is

making it possible today to

tackle aspects of poverty that historically have been the most

stubborn - such as nutrition,

clean water and basic educa-

tion. For example, providing clean water in Africa today

popular movement because of concern that the threat to children is a "silent emergency" that passes unnoticed alongside more dramatic crises such as those in Somalia or Yugoslavia: "No famine, no flood, no earthquake, no war, has ever claimed the lives of 250,000 children in a single week," said Mr Grant: "Yet malnutrition and diseases claim that number of child victims every

The report points out that 60

by three diseases - pneumonia, diarrhoea and measles - all of which can be treated at low cost. Treatment for vitamin A deficiency. which can cause blindness and early death, can be controlled at a cost of about 10 cents per child per year, while iodine deficiency, which causes mental retardation, could be eliminated at a total cost of \$100m.

It is nevertheless encouraged by shifts away from military government, singling out Ethiopia, where military spending fell last year from 60 per cent to 30 per cent of the total spending, with health and education spending rising from 12 per cent to 20 per cent.

A final critical concern is the "financial famine" developing countries because of high levels of debt, low inward investment, and limited access to export markets. Developing country debt now totals \$1,300bn, the report says, with capital and interest charges of \$143bn falling due each year - three times the total of aid received from all

Japanese party plans tax changes

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

JAPAN'S ruling Liberal Democratic party yesterday revived tax incentives for house purchases in an attempt to stimulate the property market and lifted the tax-exempt threshold on the savings accounts of elderly people.

The tax proposals were part of a much-debated package of reforms drafted by the party's tax system research council and approved yesterday by its executive council, which had an eye on an election scheduled for next year.

Japanese business organisa tions generally condemned the proposals, having pressed unsuccessfully for income tax cuts to stimulate the economy. The Finance Ministry had opposed the income tax cuts, arguing that the economic downturn has seriously slowed

the flow of tax revenues.

Mr Masaru Hayami, chairman of the Japan Association of Corporate Executives, said his organisation would con-tinue to push for income tax cuts and an increase in value added tax, now 3 per cent, to compensate for those cuts.

But Mr Gaishi Hiraiwa chairman of the Keidanren fed-eration of economic organisations, praised the proposed reintroduction of tax breaks on the sale and repurchase of housing. He said the measure would help ordinary Japanese

trying to upgrade their home. The housing tax break, curtailed in 1988, is designed to stimulate the property market but discourage the rampant speculation of the late 1980s. Tax exemptions will apply to owners who have lived in their houses for over 10 years and be limited to transactions of Y100m (£530,000) or less.

With votes in mind, the party decided against increases to alcohol and tobacco taxes, and lifted the tax exempt amount of bank and postal savings accounts for the alderly and the disabled from Y3m to Y3.5m.

Beijing welcomes Yeltsin

By Yvonne Preston in Beijing RUSSIAN President Boris

traitor to communism by China's leaders, was warmly greeted in Beljing yesterday by Chinese President Yang Shangkun and accorded a 21-gun The Russian leader told

reporters it would be abnormal for two great nations sharing a 4,000km border not to develop co-operation. He said the two sides must make "every effort to develop mutually beneficial trade and friendly co-opera-

Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the then Soviet leader, visited China in May 1989 in a trip overshadowed by the doomed student democracy movement which took over the streets and hailed him as a hero.

The Chinese economy is booming under tight political controls while Russia's attempts at free market reform have so far failed to bring the measure of economic prosperapparent along China's east coast Barter trade along the border grew 20 per cent this

A generation of young Africans is wasted by lack of resources rica's children

THEY HAVE little in common

except their fate. Young pickpockets in Nairobi, street urchins in Luanda, teenage bandits in Mogadishu, Aids orphans in Kampala, child prostitutes in Kinshasa, young "comrade" fighters in Soweto: they are part of Africa's wasted generation, doomed to poverty. never to realise their potential. Disease and deprivation are killing or crippling millions of Africa's children. Compassion

alone demands a response, but Africa's planners point to a further imperative. The scale of the toll is so great that it is imperilling the

continent's capacity to manage

its development in the decades "Today's generation of African children will be largely consigned to lives of poor nealth. growth...the hopes of the continent will be frustrated well into the next century, warns a Unicef report.

"Unless urgent action is taken... the human foundation for Africa's progress in the 21st The odds are heavily stacked against you if you are born on a continent that has seen a decade of decline. Nearly 5m under-fives die

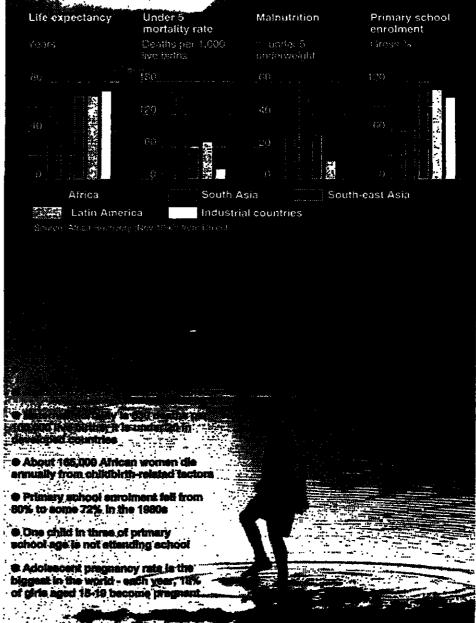
each year, usually of readily preventable diseases, estimates the Unicef study, presented at a conference in Senegal last month, co-sponsored by the Organisation of African Unity. If you survive these

hazardous years, you then have a one in three chance of completing primary school.

And as you enter maturity you will run a gamut of risks ranging from exposure to Aids to becoming a teenage conscript in a rag-army.

"The point has now been reached where not only the past progress but the present survival, protection and future physical and mental development of Africa's children are directly threatened by a critical

Around \$12.7bn (£8.3bn) will be needed each year for the rest of the decade, Unicef may represent a serious set-back for Mr Kim Young-sam. health, education, water



supplies and sanitation are to be met, Unicef calculates. Raising the funds requires a combination of reallocation of existing aid flows by donors, external debt relief, domestic measures including tax reforms and user charges, the report suggests.
Only Norway currently

channels 20 per cent of its bilateral aid to social priorities. If all industrialised countries did the same, funds for this sector would rise from around \$1.2bn to \$3.5bn. "The tragedy is that for

hopes for the continent would mean the writing off of the talents, aspirations and potential of one eighth of mankind, both now and far into the next century.' Africa, the 21st century is getting off on the wrong foot,"
the report warns, ending with H-12G, New York, NY 10017.

a plea: "The abandonment of

Almost 20 documents are due to be signed during the visit. They include a joint declaration on the basic principles of Russian-Chinese relations and agreements on co-operation in trade and in the economic, scientific, technical, nuclear

Taiwan's KMT set to win poll - but it could be hollow victory

Expedient judgments are at core of support for a dissent-ridden party that for 40 years has had it all its own way, writes Simon Davies

HEN Taiwan votes tomorrow in the most significant election of its 43-year history, the result will already be certain. But it could be a hollow victory for President Lee Tenghui's ruling Kuomintang party, as the election campaign shows growing dissension and alleged corruption within his

once authoritarian party. The KMT has almost two official candidates for each of the 161 seats in the parliament but these have been joined by 48 mayerick KMT representatives who are running without its official endorsement and are distorting the official party

Even among the official candidates, there is such a broad spectrum of forceful opinion that the KMT begins to resem-ble a loose alliance of vested interests, united only in their desire to retain the patronage of a powerful corporate and political empire.

This will make for more tempestuous government. President Lee should emerge from the elections with core control of a ruling party which more fully reflects the views of the Taiwanese people; but he will have to be prepared to make concessions to pass its programme of economic and politi-

cal reforms. It is only the second time the entire parliament - which approves legislation and the make up of the cabinet - has

The first was in 1949, and it was only last year that the vestiges of its "old thieves" - the surviving octogenarians who had rubber-stamped government legislation for 40 years were at last removed.

Convoys of colourful vans fill the streets, voicing the slogans of the two main parties, the KMT and the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, along with an assortment of independents ranging from a recentlyjailed business tycoon to a woman who bares her breasts

A further incentive will come in the NT\$10bn (£250m) that is expected to come out of the banking system to reimburse many of the 10m voters who turn out on Saturday. Corruption will be a key factor. One senior businessman Mr Ting Tin-yu, chief consulsaid: "Some politicians are tant to Gallup in Taiwan, said:

spending NT\$500m on buying their candidacy." There have been 96 investigations into vote-buying.

The KMT has the support of notable "golden oxen" - rich businessmen who are keen to exert political influence - to add to the earnings from its corporate empire; this gives it a massive advantage. In addition, it holds key cards, such as ownership of television stations and newspapers.

But the DPP is still expected to pick up more than 30 per cent of the vote, while independent candidates could win another 15 per cent. This should put across a clear message to Mr Lee: the public is tiring of money politics.

"The phenomenon of this elec-tion is that there will be a lot of angry voters. I think the whole KMT will suffer from this, and their vote will fall below 60 per cent".

This is 10 per cent below the KMT's rating at last year's elections for the national assembly, which amends the constitution and chooses the

The KMT was aided last year by the DPP's call for Taiwan's independence from mainland China, which proved unpopular. A hotel worker said: "If the KMT win the election, the mainland Chinese will not be angry. If the DPP win the election, I think the mainland will

The DPP has toned down its rhetoric with its new slogan one of whom allegedly tried to

scarcely a retraction, but a recent poil found more than 40 per cent of respondents did not believe it meant independence. The DPP also gains strength from the fact that it has not put forward enough candidates to control the government, but will only be able to impose checks and balances on the

This is important, since they still lack credibility. Policies such as lowering taxes but introducing a welfare state have unnerved economists and the party retains its image of being warlike.

Legislative brawls have become less frequent than they were, but several DPP candidates were arrested last week,

"One China, One Taiwan". It is break into the local KMT headquarters with a tank of gaso-

Probably of greater concern to President Lee, however, is the opposition coming from within his own party. At the liberal end of the KMT spectrum, there are legislators with views identical to those of the DPP. At the conservative end there remains the shadow of

the mainland. Chiang Kal-shek's nationalists and their direct descendants account for only 15 per cent of the population, but since they arrived on the island in 1949, they have controlled its politics.

So far, they have partly withstood a backlash from the native Taiwanese. Mr Lee's

remain a powerful force. Two former cabinet members, Mr Jaw Shao-kang and Mr Wang Chien-haien, put themselves forward as unofficial KMT candidates, and have run a successful campaign on an anticorruption banner. They appear certain to be elected and to be a source of

more reformist and pro-busi-

ness) is now primarily Taiwan-

from the electorate, it is keen

to purge the cabinet of many of

But the mainlanders will

its controlling mainlanders.

dissent in President Lee's parliament. He will therefore have to proceed with caution in implementing his reform programme, and also in any changes in policy towards

chief to join British Rail board

By Richard Tomkins, Transport Correspondent

THE government yesterday moved to shake up the board of British Rail in the run-up to privatisation by appointing Mr Robert Horton, one of Britain's most forceful business executives, as its non-executive vice-chahman.

Mr Horton, 53, is the former chairman and chief executive of British Petroleum. He was ousted in a boardroom coup last June after his abrasive management style had caused friction with fellow directors.

The Department of Transport said Mr Horton would take a particular interest in Railtrack, the state-owned body which is due to take responsibility for BR's track infrastructure under the priva-

tisation proposals.

The implication is that he has been appointed to set up and head Railtrack, using his private sector skills to develop it as a market-responsive organisation rather than an inefficient bureaucracy.

Such a move will go some way towards countering fears among would-be private sector train operators that Railtrack's charges will be too high to enable them to offer a competitive service.

Mr Horton's appointment may be greeted with trepidation within BR, where staff will fear the consequences of his management style on working practices and jobs. BR said yesterday: "It is not appropriate for us to comment: appointments are made by the department."

Mr Horton, whose appointment takes effect from January 1, will work two days a week at his new job. Based on the present going rate of £7,000 a half-day for existing part-time board members, he will collect £28,000 a year.

Two other part-time members have been appointed to work half a day a week on the board. They are Mr Archibald Norman, chief executive of Asda, the stores group; and Ms Jennifer Page, chief executive of English Heritage.

Former BP | Top research confined to few universities

MOST top-quality research is concentrated in barely a dozen of Britain's universities, according to assessments by the Universities Funding Council published yesterday.

The assessments, which rank every university research centre in the country, show that fewer than 50 of Britain's 180 universities, colleges and university institutes have two or more centres judged to be conducting research of international standing.

Of the 344 centres judged to be at that level, almost a third are located in just four institutions: Cambridge University,

MR JOHN Smith, leader of the

Labour opposition, yesterday said he opposed moving away

from universally-available

social security benefits -

apparently pre-empting the

impact on party policy of the independent Commission on

Social Justice he was launch-

Mr Smith said the 16-member

commission would carry out

the most sweeping review of employment, tax, benefits and

"the social condition of our

nation" since the Beverldge

report on state welfare 50 years

Labour would "gain enor-

mously" from the ideas the

commission recommends, he

He would welcome a "fresh

examination" of Labour's sup-

port for mortgage interest tax

relief, although he did not sug-

gest its policy would change. But Mr Smith said there was,

"a very strong case for having

child benefit and the retire-

ment pension as universal ben-

His remarks jarred with past

hints and indications from

leading opposition MPs that

By Ralph Atkins

LABOUR PARTY POLICY

Smith appears to

pre-empt review

Oxford University, University first since 1989, are crucial to College, London and Imperial College, London.

Former polytechnics scored poorly in the exercise, which they have entered for the first time since joining the university sector. Given their lack of research funding, and their status as teaching institutions, this caused little

But a number of "old" universities are in the same posi-tion - five, including Aston and Bangor, have no department of international standing, and another eight, including Salford, Aberdeen and Dundee, have only one.

The UFC assessments, the

targetting.
Tax and the cost of Labour's

contributed to the party's

fourth successive general elec-

Justice, chaired by Sir Gordon

Borrie, former director general

of fair trading, is expected to

report in 18 months. Mr Smith

said it was, "akin to a Royal

The need for its work was as

great as when Sir William Bev-

eridge reported in 1942, Mr

"In an increasingly competi-tive world, Britain cannot

afford poverty. Neither can we

afford such high levels of unemployment. . . We should no longer be thinking just in

terms of providing a safety net,

but of creating a springboard

to independence, self-reliance

At least one member - Mr

David Marquand, professor of politics at Sheffield university

- is a Liberal Democrat sup-

porter. But the Liberal Demo-

crat party said the commission

would do little to help build a

anti-Tory pact. "It moves an

inch when the need is to move

and personal fulfilment."

Commission"

The Commission on Social

universities, as they are used by the council to allocate research funding, worth £860m

Each university research centre is ranked on a one-tofive scale. Next year's research funding will be linked to the rankings, with funding concentrated on departments achieving the higher four rankings, and proportionately on the higher rankings within

The UFC said its survey was based on "rigorous" assessment of the output of more than 43,000 academics by 450 of their colleagues plus some out-

executive of the UFC, said: "The ratings have been decided by academic staff and others who are all experts in their subjects. The judgments are theirs; the role of the UFC was to manage the exercise and ensure it was conducted fairly and consistently according to

clear guidelines. The Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals welcomed the evidence that "old" universities had improved research quality since a similar exercise in 1989.

Dr David Harrison, the committee chairman, said that against the backdrop of escalating student numbers it ute to our dedicated and underpaid staff".

The assessment shows research to be unevenly distributed. In history, 82 centres were assessed, of which only five were judged to be of inter-national standing. In anatomy, 18 centres yielded four of international standing.

Institutions were invited to submit up to two publications and up to two other forms of public output for each "active" staff member. The panels of assessors also took into account research grant and contract income, total numbers of publications and numbers of research students.



cars destined

for export Two out of three cars produced in the UK last month were des-tined for export, the highest proportion in the industry's recent history by a consider-

able margin. As late as 1989 exports were accounting for only around a quarter of the UK industry's

UK new car sales remain very weak, depressing produc-tion for the domestic market. In unit terms, output for export rose by 22.16 per cent to 73,431 compared with 60,111 the previous year and over the first 11 months of this year accounted for 48 per cent of total car production.

At 535,088, however, it was 4.96 per cent down in volume terms on 1991's first 11 months.

Short-time working at Ford and Rover Group was largely responsible for last month's production destined for the UK market being down 23.2 per cent to 43,216 from the yearago level of 56,265.

As a result, according to sta-tistics from the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders and Central Office of Information, total November car output was only 0.23 per 116,647.

Renewable energy costs

Electricity generated by most forms of renewable energy is several times more expensive than using conventional fuels, according to a long-awaited report commissioned by the Department of Trade and

But the report calls for government intervention to help renewables become established. It argues that current prices of coal, gas and nuclear energy do not reflect start-up and environmental costs. The Renewable Energy Advi-

Britain in brief sory Group argues that large offshore wave energy projects are unlikely to be uneconomic.

Export licences withheld

No licences for exports to Iran will be granted until January pending a review of the crite-ria used in assessing them, the Department of Trade and Industry said in a written par-

liamentary answer. The DTI said the move reflect increased concern in the UK and US about the policies of the Iranian governm but would not say if a specific incident or intelligence report had triggered the decision. Licences are needed for the exports to Iran of goods with possible military uses.

Summit costs

The Edinburgh summit last weekend cost 26.9m to organise and the policing costs are expected to amount to a further £2.5m, Mr John Major has told MPs.

UK furniture body formed

Britain's forniture manufacturers are to merge their trade organisations into one body from January 1.

British Furniture Manufacturers (BFM) will be an amaigam of three autonomous com-panies: BFM Exhibitions, an exhibition organiser. BFM Exports, which provides advice and assistance to exporters, and BFM Federation, a loose grouping of four pre-war regional trade associations.

Credit 'crunch'

Financial deregulation enabled domestic financial markets to catch up with international ones but also resulted in an accumulation of personal and corporate debt, which is caus-ing a credit "crunch." House-holds and companies are saving more and borrowing less, making less use of financial markets, according to a book published yesterday.

New Players, New Rules, Fin-ancing the 1990s, by Christopher Johnson. Lafferty Publications, The Tower, IDA Centre, Pearse Street, Dublin 2, Ireland, 2545.

Thames traffic to be studied By Richard Tomkins,

THE Department of Transport is to form a working group to explore ways of making more use of the Thames for carrying passenger and freight traffic in spending proposals were London, it was announced yesregarded in April as having

Mr Steven Norris, minister for transport in London, said: "The Thames is potentially one of London's greatest transport arteries and I believe we are not using it to anything like its full potential," he said. Mr Norris made the

announcement shortly after launching the first of a planned fleet of 26 river taxis that will offer a Thames passenger service to rival the lossmaking RiverBus operation. The new service is to be run

by a company called Thames Fast Ferries, a subsidiary of the Swindon-based White Horse property group. Thames Fast Ferries said it also planned to launch a high-speed commuter operation between Tilbury-Graves-

year, using 120-seat craft. Mr Norris said the purpose of the Thames working group would be to identify what obstacles prevented people from making more use of the

end and central London next

The working group, chaired by Mr Norris, will include representatives of London Transport, river users, local authorities and the river authorities.



Taxi service: a new Thames launch takes to the water

the party would re-think com-pletely tax and benefit policy - including extending benefit rational definition of the party would re-think com-pletely tax and benefit policy - including extending benefit rational definition of the party would re-think com-pletely tax and benefit policy - including extending benefit rational definition of the party would re-think com-pletely tax and benefit policy

640,000* French decision-makers always start the day with a full breakfast.

Among the many fine table traditions enjoyed in France, one is particularly suited to the taste of French decision-makers les Echos, France's leading business newspaper.

The results of the 1991 European Business Readership Survey (EBRS) speak for themselves: les Edios is road by 61.4% of the country's top managers, who also put their trust in Enjeux les Echos, the group's monthly magazine. So whether you have a product to sell or you wish to raise your company's profile, now you know the best way to reach French executives in the morning, beside their crossants.

> les Echos Le Business Daily

The Minister of Transport, Communication and **Water Management** of the Hungarian Republic

announces an international tender based on concessional contract for electrification and for operation of electric traction supply system of certain lines of the Hungarian State Railways.

Detailed tender documentation can be obtained from 28 December 1992 by certifying the payment of 5000-USD (five thousand dollars) or the equivalent in any convertible currency.

Payment shall be sent to the bank account of the Ministry of Transport, and Water Communication Management of the Hungarian Republic

Phone: (36-1) +1226-667 Fax: (36-1) + 1223-429 account No: 232-90146-5460 Hungarian National Bank, indicating "Railway electrification, concessional tender".

Tender documents can be taken over at of Transport, the Ministry and Water Communication Management (Budapest VIII Dob utca 75-81 room: 624) between 10.00 and 15.00 hours on business days.

Tender must be lodged to the above address not later than 31 March 1993, 16.00 hours local time.

Further information can be obtained from 11 January 1993, from MAOV Consult (1065 Budapest, Bajcsy Zsilinszky ut 25, Phone: (36-1) +131-5500, Fax: (36-1) + 111-5622) on behalf of the Ministry.

BOSTON ARGENTINE INVESTMENT FUND, SICAV Société d' Investissement a Capital variable RC Lavorahora B 20000 41 Boulevard Royal Loxembourg

NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice is hereby given to the shareholders of BOSTON ARGENTINE FUND, SICAV that an extraordinary shareholders' meeting shall be held, before notary, at the registered effect of the Company, 41, Bid Royal, Luxumbourg on Jenuary 8, 1963, at 14.30 local time with the following agenda:

nt of Article 6 paragraphs 1 and 4 of the Articles of Incorpora the reference to orticle sighteen by a reference to article say

Amendment of Article 12 of the Articles of Incorporation to provide for powers of the Board of Directors to decide about the type of securities sligible for investments and to comply with the investment restrictions provided for by Part I of the Law of March 30, 1988.

Amendment of Article 17 paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Articles of b substitute the reference to article eightent by a reference to arti-

andment of Article 17 peragraph 6 of the Articles of Ins

"Any request for redemption of shares must be filed by such shareholder in irrevocable, written form addressed at the registered office of the Fund in Lansanburg, or at the office of the person or smity designed by the Fund as its small that the redemption of shares."

ndment of Article 18 Paragraph 2 line 4 of the Articles of Inco endment of Article 18 persyceph 6 of the Articles of Ir randed as follows:

Securities listed on an official stock surinage or tracked as another regulated arises which operates regularly and is recognized and open to the public in gentless. ESC or OSCO countries are valued on the basis of the last known less price. If the same assembly is quoted on different near kets, the quotation of a main market for this security will be mad. If there is no relevant quotation will be mad. If there is no relevant quotation will be mad.

() Resid assets are valued at their nominal value plus accross inter-

ent of Article 18 persgraph 10 of the Articles of Incorporation to b

The readitions may be passed with a inclusion of the minimum of th

reliables as record at the date of the meeting are entitled t

liamentary answer.
The DTI said the transparence transpared contracts The DTI said the reflect increased content the UK and US about the Cies of the Iranian government would not say if a special content or intelligence had triggered the determined the reports to Iran of Sooth possible military uses.

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Summit costs The Edinburgh Summe RESERVE COST 56.000 OFF weekens over toom to the state of the policing coals the policing coals then such to amount to at the such toom. It down have

UK furniture body formed Britain's furniture mana torors are to merge their be organisations into one k from January 1. British Furniture Mana Burers (BFM) will be an a gam of three autonomose panies. Bi'M Erhibition, exhibition organiser, p Exports. Which plans advice and assistant; exporters, and BFM lee

Credit 'crunch' Financia, denegalation es

tion, a loose grouping of pre-war regional train as

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Marie Control of the gill i an aine haise na a' an tagairt leis. E plagement of the control of the co

to continue By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent

> The UK will continue to restrict imports of cars direct from Japan at least until the end of 1994. Earlier this year the govern-

car imports

ment caused consternation in the UK motor industry, when it said it was examining the possibility of completely liberalising the UK new car market to Japanese imports from the end of this year.

A voluntary export restraint (VER) or gentleman's agreement has existed since 1975 and has effectively limited the share of Japanese imported cars to no more than 11 per cent of the new car market

This restraint must be withdrawn from the end of 1992, however, with the start of the single market in Europe. Last year the European Commission reached an agreement with the Japanese government. which calls for continuing lim-

its on direct imports of cars from Japan into the Community until the end of 1999. The agreement assumes the UK, France, Italy, Portugal and Spain remain restricted markets until the end of the decade, and that Japan observes a voluntary restraint

on the level of overall exports to the EC during this period. The accord was threatened earlier this year by the government, however, following a report by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission on new car sales.

The MMC concluded that on competition grounds alone the restraint on Japanese imports should be removed.

The MMC also said the limit on Japanese car imports restricted choice. The restraint also encouraged the Japanese to import the more expensive and more highly specified models rather than smaller, cheaper vehicles on which there was less margin, it said. Mr Michael Heseltine, President of the Board of Trade, said in the light of the "present economic circumstances" the UK would remain a restricted market initially until the end

of 1994, when the question

would be reviewed.

By Philip Stephens, Political Editor

dent George Bush.

province.

tarian effort.

NEW MEASURES to tighten

sanctions against Serbia in

response to the deteriorating

situation in Bosnia are expec-

ted to be finalised this week-

end at talks between Mr John

Major and outgoing US presi-

British officials said the two

leaders, who meet in the US at

the end of a week of interna-

tional meetings on Bosnia, may also settle the terms of the new UN resolution

designed to enforce the no-fly

zone over the former Yugoslav.

Mr Major remains more cau-

tious than his US counterpart

about military action against

Serbian aircraft violating the

zone. Ministers repeated yes-

terday their concerns that such

action would risk retaliation

against British ground forces

and could wreck the humani-

The officials said a compro-

mise was emerging between London and Washington on a

package combining tougher

sanctions and a new UN resolution. They pointed out that

Curbs on UK recovery from Japan undermined by jobless growth

By Peter Norman. Economics Editor

BRITISH manufacturers yesterday reported a slight improvement in orders over the past month, but a bigger than expected increase in unemployment in November held out little hope of a speedy recovery from recession.

The Confederation of British Industry (CBI) monthly trends inquiry found manufacturers' order books were at their best levels for five months. although well below normal. Export orders also improved, suggesting the pound's decline since Black Wednesday might be feeding through into higher export demand.

However, the CBI poll of .383 companies between November 26 and December 11 indicated that output would fall in the next four months. Although the companies' output expectations were less gloomy than in November, the survey was the sixth monthly poll in a row in which more manufacturers forecast output decreases than increases.

The CBI report covered companies accounting for about half of UK manufactured exports and employment. It did nothing to ease fears that pnemplovment would continue to rise after increasing by a seasonally adjusted 41,100 to

2.91m, or 10.3 per cent of the UK workforce, between October and November.

The increase in the number of benefit claimants seeking jobs was more than the 35,000 expected by City analysts and higher than the average monthly increase over the past

six months. The Unemployment Unit, an independent group campaigning for full employment, fore-cast that the official jobless total would reach 3m by February next year and peak at 3.2m by the early summer of 1994. The latest government fig-

ures, meanwhile, indicated that the unemployment data have not captured the full extent of tob losses over the past year. While seasonally adjusted unemployment increased by 391,000 in the 12 months to November, Department of Employment figures showed

that the UK workforce in employment fell by 861,000

over the four quarters to the end of September.
The CBI's industrial trends inquiry provided only tentative evidence of that recovery. Its survey showed that 26 per cent of companies polled expected output to decline over the next four months compared with 19 per cent expecting a rise and 55 per cent expecting output to

Industrial productivity rises as labour force cut

PRODUCTIVITY in UK to October period of 1991. The manufacturing industry increased sharply in October, reflecting a small increase in output and a big drop in the labour force during the month, writes Peter Norman.

The Department of Employment said manufacturing output per head in October was 5.9 per cent higher than in the same month of last year. In the three months to Octo-ber, productivity was 1.9 per cent higher than in the three

Major seeks US backing

Britain has refused to admit

almost a third of the refugees

from former Yugoslavia who

have applied for UK visas in

recent weeks, the Foreign

The announcement came as Mr Kenneth Clarke, Home Sec-

retary, told MPs that passports

will still be needed for travel between Britain and other EC

countries after January I 1993, despite the removal of Euro-

pean trade barriers. The only

exception will be travelling to and from the Irish Republic.

the passage of such a resolution, expected next week,

would not automatically imply

that intruding aircraft would

Mr Douglas Hurd, the foreign

secretary, suggested Serbia be

treated as an international

pariah, with existing sanctions supplemented by cuts in tele-

phone links and diplomatic

days with Mr Bush in Camp

David at the weekend after an

EC-US summit in Washington

on Friday. The prime minister

will be accompanied at the

Mr Major will spend two

be shot down.

Office said yesterday.

for sanctions on Serbia

productivity increase combined with relatively moderate wage increases to hold down unit labour costs. Wages and sala-ries per unit of production in UK manufacturing industries rose by 0.4 per cent in October

compared with October 1991. The increase in the three months to the end of October was 1 per cent compared with a year ago. However, official figures yesterday showed no further decline in the rate of months ending July and 5.2 per cent higher than in the August increase in average weekly earnings during October.

summit by Mr Jacques Delors.

president, who will also join

him later today for an EC-Can-

Both of the EC meetings will

be dominated by the slow progress of the Gatt talks in

Geneva, where last month's breakthrough on US-EC farm

pletion of the Uruguay Round.

going administration to review

its decision to impose counter

vailing duties on EC steel

the possibility of a compromise on the disputes over industrial

tariffs that are holding up progress in Geneva.

• Baroness Thatcher, the for

mer prime minister, has called

for air strikes against Serbian

artillery, tanks and supply

lines if they do not withdraw

their troops from Sarajevo and other besieged Bosnian towns.

The former prime minister said in The European newspa-

per that by stating in public

repeatedly that "we will not

intervene militarily", the west

had to some extent been "more

like accomplices".

imports. He will also sound out

Mr Major will press the out-

ada summit in Ottawa.

Minister discounts claims that 3,000 jobs are threatened by government's prize draw Pools operators criticise state lottery plan

OPERATORS of Britain's football pools, the prize draw based on soccer results. warned yesterday up to 3,000 jobs could be lost in their industry as a result of the government's plans for a national lottery starting in 1994 with £1 tickets and a top prize of at least £1m a week.

The games will range from scratch cards with instant prizes to weekly draws.

The National Lottery Bill published yesterday contained no concessions for pools opera-tors employing 6,500 people, mainly on Merseyside, north west England. Mr Malcolm Hughes, manag-

ing director of Vernons Pools, said two of the three main pools operators - Vernons and Zetters – could collapse unless the industry was allowed to "compete on level terms with the lottery". Operators of existing charity lotteries were also critical of the plan

On an annual turnover of £1.5bn, Mr Peter Brooke, national heritage secretary, predicted prizes of about £14m week. The money will go equally to five causes - the arts, heritage, sport, charities and a new fund to celebrate

Peter Brooke yesterday: he expects lottery to 'create jobs'

The lottery "will create jobs and generate new work for existing businesses", Mr Brooke said. "It opens up a wealth of exciting new oppor-tunities. It will create million-

A single licence will be awarded by tender to run the lottery although other companies can get sub-licences to run individual games which will be part of the national lottery.

Companies expected to bid for the lottery licences include Racal, Rank, Vernons, Bass. UK Charity Lotteries, Vernons.

and consortia being put together by a number of mer-

Mr Brooke rejected concessions for the pools industry, which has turnover of £853m a year and is dominated by Littlewoods, He said skill was a factor when filling in pools coupons whereas lotteries were games of pure chance.

Mr Hughes of Vernons claimed this was "absolute nonsense", saying most people used birthdays and any other numbers they could think of. The pools companies want the right to advertise on television, collect contributions legally through retail outlets, roll over prizes from one week to the next if there is no outright winner and pay the same rate of tax as the national lottery. The pools companies pay out," he said. a total of 47.5 per cent of turn-

sport and the arts. More than 100 MPs have already signed a Commons motion supporting the pools operators' case and Mr Brooke promised vesterday that "dia-

over on tax and donations to

0

Mr Frank Flannery, managing director of UK Charity Lotteries, a lottery manager, said charity lotteries were currently worth about £260m a year. "There is a grave danger that this will be completely wiped

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The Lottery Promotion Company, a non-profit organisation which wants a lottery to benefit the environment as well as sport and the arts, generally welcomed the bill but said it should be run by a charitable foundation which would not

German tool makers strengthen UK presence

By Andrew Baxter

GERMAN machine tool makers are poised to make further inroads into the depressed UK market following the creation of a global alliance between Traub and Maho, two of Germany's biggest

The announcement last week that the two companies are to merge their sales forces worldwide is likely to put further

pressure on UK machine tool producers. The deal, under discussion throughout this year, comes less than two months after Gildemeister and Deckel, two other big German producers, announced they were forming a worldwide joint venture to market their prod-

Both deals take effect on January 1. Maho and Deckel, meanwhile, are discussing manufacturing co-operation.

Germany was the biggest exporter of machine tools to the UK last year, with sales of £149.1m out of total imports of

This compares with total UK machine tool consumption last year of £773.2m. The sales tie-ups means that four of the biggest German producers are now grouped into two powerful combines, each offering a broader range of

"It's got to increase our share of the UK market," said Mr Paul Maynard, Traub's UK managing director, who will become UK managing director of the two companies. Maho, in particular, would get a substantially increased direct sales force.

The two new groupings will be big competitors for each other, and for Jap-anese companies such as Yamazaki and



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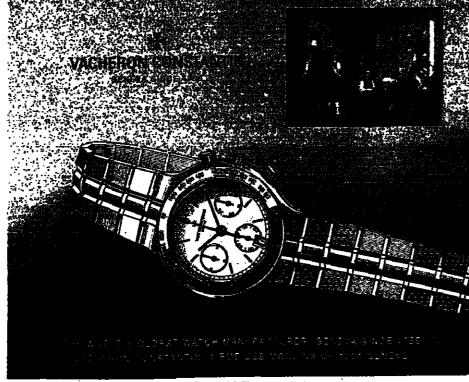
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T all began with the New Testament..." explained the patient voice from the German Embassy in London. You mean when the decree went out from Caesar Augustus that all the world should be taxed?"

the Jobs column inquired. "Well, not precisely at that moment," the un-named diplomat conceded. "But as a consequence

Now, with today bringing this column's last appearance of the year, it is probably futile to assure readers that the above conversation really occurred, as distinct from being invented to give a Christmassy flavour. Even so, the fact is that what prompted the call to the German embassy was only accidentally connected with the season.

It just so happened that Price Waterhouse was showing off its new system for calculating the costs of sending employees to work overseas. And one of the PW consultants came up with an example. "Suppose you moved someone on a £60,000 salary in Britain to Germany for three years with a guarantee that they'd be no worse off through taxation and so on," he said. "What d'you think would be the

Putting your money where your faith is

computer produced the answers. They were that, whereas before Black Wednesday the prospective bill would have been almost £391,000, it is now over £475,000.

"Mind you," the consultant went on, "the cost could be more if the people you send don't know about local conditions. For instance, if they belong to certain religious denominations and say so on their registration forms, they'll be liable to the extra taxes the German government collects for the churches."

However familiar that fact may be to readers, it was news to me. My first thought was that perhaps the said taxes varied, with different religious coming to market at different prices. After all I'd seen something of the sort before: at the start of my national service 40 years back in the navy, when the various chaplains came round in turn describing their schedules for Sunday morning.

The Roman Catholics and the Church of England each had pukka parades. While they were marching off to their respective

services, agnostics and atheists were kept busy square-bashing. In the meantime the Methodists and Church of Scotland made their way informally to a short joint service with no sermon, followed by coffee made by the Wrens in attendance. (Whereupon, having not been brought up in any church, I became a Methodist-though I'm ashamed

Could it be, I mused coming back from PW's demonstration, that the Germans operate some comparable arrangement through the tax system? Hence the chat with the diplomat.

to say a since-lapsed one.)

Alas he swiftly knocked down my idea about price-competition. The tax was at the same rate regardless of denomination, although in some of the country's states it was a percentage point less than in others.

"It is the successor to the church tithe of medieval times. But it is not on your total income, or at 10 per cent either. It is levied at 8 or 9 per cent of whatever sum you are assessed for by way of normal taxes. You

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do not pay unless you positively register yourself to do so." In any case, he said, the option is open only to Roman Catholics, Jews and certain Protestants. "A church needs many members to make the scheme pay - as the government acts as collector for the churches, you don't think it loses on the deal, do you? And no one pretends that whether you

about money here on earth." Nevertheless, he added, things can go wrong. After unification, for example, the scheme was not well explained to the former East Germans. "When they came to register, some who had clung to their faith wished to affirm it, and under the old regime it had anyway been unwise to leave blank spaces on official forms. So suddenly, of the little earnings they had, more was taken. But the government and churches apologised, and let them change things for the next half-year."

pay counts in heaven; it is solely

Which, this being Christmas, the Jobs column offers as an example to tax-collectors the wide world over.

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FINALLY this year to pagan matters - my traditional guide to the cost of acquiring and trying to escape a hangover in 18 international centres. The figures are generously supplied by the Runzheimer consultancy, based in Rochester, Wisconsin.

the "on-cost", the local prices of a litre apiece of a particular (though undisclosed) brand of whisky and of vodka, followed by the average of both. The next four cover the "off-cost": 100 branded aspirin, three dozen Alka

Seitzer (except in Tokyo where for some reason they don't seem to be sold) and half a pound of instant coffee – again averaged. The right-hand column lumps

the on-cost and off-cost averages together, giving the aggregate price - in money, at least. And now, wishing you all the compliments of the season, I'll hope to meet you again in 1993.

Michael Dixon

| City | 1 litre Scotch | 1 litre Vodka | Average on-cost | · 100 Aspirin | 36 Alka Seltzer | 8oz Coffee | Average off-cost | Average full cost |
|------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | 3 | 3 | £ | £ | £ | ε | £ | 3 |
| Tokyo | 28.64 | 15.68 | 22.16 | 13.26 | _ | 7.06 | 10.17 | 32.33 |
| Copenhagen | 31.59 | 22.11 | 26.85 | 5.08 | 3.03 | 6.83 | 4.98 | 31.83 |
| Stockholm | 31.14 | 24.21 | 27.68 | 4.38 | 2.75 | 5.05 | 4.06 | 31.74 |
| Singapore | 27.73 | 22.79 | 25.26 | 3.93 | 3.49 | 6.03 | 4.48 | 29.74 |
| Ylenna | 19.24 | 12.22 | 15.73 | 6.39 | 5.77 | 5.55 | 5.90 | 21.63 |
| Cairo | 19.46 | 15.57 | 17.52 | 0.94 | 0.87 | 4.83 | 2.21 | 19.73 |
| Hong Kong | 15.69 | 13.60 | 14.65 | 5.79 | 3.43 | 3.14 | 4.12 | 18.77 |
| London | 15.60 | 13.60 | 14.60 | 5,62 | 3.02 | 2.95 | 3.86 | 18.46 |
| Frankfurt | 14.08 | 8.01 | 11.05 | 8.25 | 7.51 | 6.38 | 7.38 | 18.43 |
| Amsterdam | 14.08 | 11.34 | 12.71 | 8.86 | 4.13 | 4.02 | 5.67 | 18.38 |
| Brussels | 15.11 | 11.41 | 13.26 | 4.40 | 3.83 | 4.41 | 4,21 | 17.47 |
| Paris · | 13.31 | 10.38 | 11.85 | 6.24 | 4.47 | 5,20 | 5.30 | 17.15 |
| Sydney | 12.29 | 14.82 | 13.56 | 3.03 | 4.49 | 2.76 | 3.43 | 16.99 |
| New York | 14.96 | 8.34 | 11.65 | . 5.73 | 2.52 | 3.05 | 3.77 | 15.42 |
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Where charity does not begin or end at home

Andrew Jack on the growing links between the accountancy world and voluntary organisations

THE ARCHAIC practices of the livery companies of the City of London may seem far removed from the deprivation of the boroughs just a little further east, but a new scheme has been forging some powerful links between these two worlds.

Chartered Accountants in the Community, launched by the Worshipful Company of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales at the start of the year, has placed senior accountants onto the management committees of charities around the country, including a number in London.

As thoughts turn to charity at Christmas, other accountancy firms, organisations and individual professionals might do well to copy its lead in providing constructive help to organisations beyond their own workplace or normal client base.

Bringing together accountants with local charities has not been entirely straightforward. Mr Alma Munson, chief accountant for the life division of Guardian Royal Exchange, was not quite sure what to expect earlier this year when he joined the board of Hackney Youth Workforce, which provides training and work experience for unemployed people with spe-

"It's no good standing on your high horse," he says. "Some people might think it's all rather left-wing, having to call the chairman 'chair'. The pecple are not financially oriented, and don't see it as a business. It's another

part of the world." Mr Graham Finegold, manager of the organisation, also had his doubts. "I was very worried how the staff would react when this City gent

walked through the door in his three-piece suit." he said.

But Munson showed tact and a will
experience, so it was useful to have

ingness to learn about the organisation which has gradually earned him respect. He has helped provide finan-cial advice, including co-ordinating the introduction of a computerised accounting system, and in persuading the charity to transfer money from a current account to one paying interest. He has also advised on changing the management structure, by reducing the length of the one unwieldy monthly committee meeting which lasted from 6-11pm, and creating instead a series of specialist sub-com-

mittees to help spread the work. "Alma had very real, identifiable skills at a time when we needed them," says Finegold. "We are trying to buy a property and need to raise \$550,000. It is useful to be able to talk to someone who is dealing with that kind of money every day."

The same pattern emerged when Mr Bill Packer, retired national tax director with Touche Ross, linked up with Tower Hamlets Co-operative Develop-ment Agency, which provides advice and support to business start-ups.

"I went in with a little apprehen-sion, not quite knowing what I was going to meet," he says. "But they made me welcome. I feel I've been able to make a contribution to this

He helped introduce a regular staff appraisal system, and says he has brought them to address financial problems rather earlier than they might have done before - when the

Mr Gregory Cohn, co-ordinator of

someone on the management committee who can discuss finance and act as a support mechanism. Just having someone from outside is construc-

The original idea for the chartered accountants in the community scheme came from the Action Resource Centre, based in London, which helped launch a similar programme called lawyers in the community about two years ago. ARC matches a large number of potential

I was very worried how the staff would react when this City gent walked through the door in his three-piece suit'

volunteers each year with charities in need of secondees or other assistance. Mr Richard Wilkes, immediate past master of the worshipful company, concedes that the idea of the livery body may seem arcane. But he places importance on its role as an organisa-tion with charitable objectives.

It was only founded in 1976, and now numbers 100 members, including Sir Brian Jenkins, last year's Lord Mayor of London. "We do not have a large endowment," says Wilkes. "Instead of money, we've got talent."

Previously it had donated money to

help support training overseas and reward achievement in student exami-nations in England and Wales. Wilkes says the chartered accountants in the community scheme seemed an ideal way to apply the company's members' own skills more directly. While the lawyers in the commu-

nity placements tend to be focused in London and use younger staff from law firms, the accountants scheme is designed to cover England and Wales, and uses what Wilkes calls "the mature chaps" from the livery. About 12 have so far been linked with charities and a number are waiting to be

found suitable placements. Mr David Shaw, almoner or the livery officer responsible for charitable giving, stresses that the scheme is also focused around offering professional, advisory skills, not providing time-consuming day-to-day activities

such as doing the bookkeeping.
Some initial delays came less in finding volunteers than identifying suitable placements for them. Now the plan is to expand the scheme until it offers 20 to 30 attachments a year. It will also then be widened beyond the livery company to include other char-tered accountants, through the firms

and the district societies Mr David Hemsworth of the Action Resource Centre stresses a number of ground rules for successful placements. He emphasises that the benefits are two-way, with the charity gaining expert assistance, and the accountant learning about voluntary organisations and giving something ck to the community,

"Accountants should not go in with pre-conceived ideas thinking it is just about parachuting people in with a bag of solutions," he says. "There is learning to be done. Most voluntary organisations are well run but have a rather different ethos."

On the other hand, charities need to take time on the induction of new committee members. They should not simply use them to provide narrow technical skills, but rather think of the process as a transfer of expertise so the contribution lasts after any

individual's commitment. Graham Finegold adds that charities should be honest about the commitment expected from a committee member and be flexible to accommo-

date their availability.

The idea of charitable work by accountants is not a monopoly held by the livery company, of course. The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants offers a charity helpline (071-917-9204) to link up local charities with willing, trained volunteers. Many business and firms are beginning to offer their staff on secondments, as well as offering resources or donating money directly.

Few of the accountancy firms are so eager to offer on-going professional advice free to charities, which are increasingly offer substantial prospects for paid work. Mr George Westropp of Touche Ross says that probono work tends not to attract the best staff: "If you want something to be badly done, you do it for free." Nevertheless, Mr Pesh Framjee,

head of the charity unit at BDO Binder Hamlyn, says that he actively encourages his staff to serve on management committees in their spare time. That helps them learn about voluntary organisations from the inside, and gives them skills which can be applied to other clients of the firm. Volunteerism can clearly make sound economic sense.

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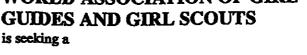
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BY WITH NEW STATES

Ever since the Maastricht treaty was negotiated a year ago, federalism has been a thorny subject in the world of European politics. At last week's Edinburgh summit, "Success" was

achieved by evading the issue. But it will bounce back on to the British and Danish agendas in the new year, to universal consternation. In the world of business, however, federalism is suddenly in high fashion virtually everywhere.

On the academic front, the latest issues of two of the world's leading management journals, California Management Review and the Harvard Business Review, contain long articles by top scholars extolling federalism as the only effective way for companies to be organised.

Countless companies, from ABB to Benetton and BP, and from Coca-Cola to beleaguered IBM, have adopted a variety of new structures which academics - and sometimes the companies themselves - are dubbing "federal".

But how federal, as opposed to

just fashionable, are they? And is there anything that corporate practitioners can teach Europe's spar-ring politicians about the realities of international federalism?

First, the sore subject of defini-tion. To Charles Handy, Britain's premier professor of business organ-isation and the author of a "new federalist paper" in HOPA 6-4---federalist paper" in HBR*, federalism is the best way to combine the autonomy of individual countries, states or business units with the scale benefits of co-ordination.

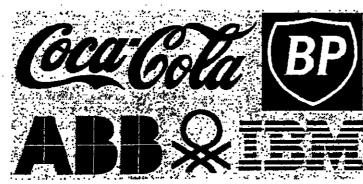
The principle of federalism, says Handy, implies that power resides fundamentally with the constituent parts. They cede some of that power to the centre for the benefit of all. As such, federalism is distinct from decentralisation, which implies a delegation of power from an all-powerful centre

Californian professors James O'Toole and Warren Bennis, authors of "Our Federalist Future" in the latest issue of the California Management Review**, make a similar point. The ideal federation is non-centralised, they say, rather than decentralised: power is withheld from the centre by constituent units, not handed down from it.

It is not surprising that federal-ism is now the trend in business, say the duo. For it allows constituent units to maintain their own integrity while they unify for common purposes. They can reap the advantages of smallness and independence on some issues (such as sales and service) with the benefits of scale and integration on others (such as finance and purchasing). Hence the flood of business organChristopher Lorenz casts a critical

eve over new theories of how businesses should be organised

Fashionable federalism



isations which are breaking themselves down into small units. At the same time, their corporate head offices are giving up many of the powers they used to yield when, as at IBM, they treated "their" whole company as a unitary organisation.
Which brings us to the first of

several limitations to the federal metaphor as applied to business.

In most corporate cases cited in both articles, the process of "feder-alisation" - if such a word exists is occurring through the very pro-cess of decentralisation that is disparaged by the Californians. How could it be otherwise when the centre of an established, centralised company hands power out to the

In the case of a newly-designed entity, such as ABB, the Californian duo's preferred notion of non-centralisation could, in theory, apply. But Handy and the Californians specially the latter - underrate the degree of power held by the ABB centre in Zurich. Percy Barnevik, the group's Swedish chief executive, may make a point of talking about central "reporting", rather than "control", but the fact remains that his central "business segment" heads have tremendous muscle to coax, mould and, if necessary, control people elsewhere in ABB.

A different type of new, supposedly "federal", organisation cited by the Californians is Benetton, the Italian clothing combine. This consists partly of subcontracted production (by suppliers) and retailing

(by franchisees), plus centralised finance, design, development, pur-chasing and planning.

In current management jargon such a structure is certainly a "network". But can it really be called a federation when the main task of the suppliers is to serve the centre's Most franchisees are also controlled With iron authority by the central organisation. Is that "federal"?

O'Toole and Bennis also weaken their case by confusing federations with confederations. Handy avoids this studiously. He points out that in confederations, unlike federa-tions, individual states yield virtually no authority to the centre.

further limitation of the federal metaphor as applied to business is in Lthe degree of clarity and constancy of the separation of powers between centre and periphery. Most political federations have written constitutions, which are hardly ever changed. So do some companies. But this does not mean that, as business conditions alter, the balance of power cannot shift informally between the central authority and the units. It must be able to do so, within outline param eters, if a company is to be capable consistently of striking the optimum balance between integration

In business, power-sharing with the centre will need to vary not only over time, but also as between business units, depending on their

and autonomy.

changing competitive, technological and financial circumstances. Even within a business unit. dif-

ferent value-adding activities such as design, development, pur-chasing, production and marketing will need, over time, to have different degrees of international inte-

gration or national differentiation (and semi-independence).

As Handy says, federalism is a complex mix for a complex world: "federalism is and must be flexible; it can never be static". The list of distinctions between

business and political "federations" does not end there. Another, at least between a model business federation and the sort now envisaged by some European politicians, can-tres on the core federal concept of "subsidiarity" — what sensible US academics prefer to call the principle of "localness".

Unlike all the advocates of business federations, and some of their corporate practitioners, few Euro-pean politicians outside Germany are prepared to apply the federal principle consistently right down their "organisation". The British government is the prime example, but there are others.

Such inconsistency in a business

organisation would render it inef-

fective, according to Handy, O'Toole and Bennis. For a company to be able to act quickly in today's climate, responsibility and power really do have to be kept at the most "local" (lowest) level possible. As the foregoing makes clear, the meaning of federalism in a business context is at least as hotly argued as it is in the world of Europ politics. Depending on your point of view, it is either a pure term which is applied far too loosely, or a broad one which comes in various forms. Either way, the most sensible approach is to define exactly what one has in mind. Some academics distinguish, for instance, between "decentralised federations" (such as Unilever for many years) and "coordinated federations" (typified tra-ditionally by Procter & Gambie).

The final point must be a highly practical one; that federations may be the best (or least bad) form of business organisation for the future, but that they are "devilishly hard to manage", as O'Toole and Bennis aptly put it. Barnevik at ABB recognises only too well that though power-sharing is a very necessary act within today's organisation, this does not make it a natural one. It has to be worked at - hard.

Barnevik clearly has plenty to teach the British and Danish governments. Perhaps, despite Swiss voting proclivities, the next summit should be in Zurich.

* Balancing Corporate Power. HBR Nov-Dec 1992, Reprint no 92604. Fax (US) 617-495-6985. ** Summer 1992. Fax (US) 510-642-1318.

Flirting with danger at the office party

Jan Winster warns that employers may be legally liable if festive celebrations go too far

he office Christmas party is the one time during the year when hierarchical barriers between company employees are traditionally lowered

Later, cases of innocent flirtation induced by too much alcohol and good cheer often assume legendary status in the mofficial annals of companies large and small. But there are cases where the

recrimination can be based on Charges of sexual harassment can follow, and there are circumstances in which employers can be held liable.

The Equal Opportunities Commission describes sexual harassment as "unwanted verbal or physical behaviour which, on grounds of sex, adversely affects the victim or threatens the victim's privacy, dignity or self-respect in the workplace"

Sexual harassment can include sexual advances or remarks, or threatening, patronising or humiliating behaviour which affects the victim's work performance or creates a stressful working environment.

But the legal definition of the work environment" has been broadened. It is increasingly clear for example, that employers can be brought into cases in which the alleged actions took place while employees were undertaking a broad range of expected duties. Normal duties such as training fall in the category. But so too

do social events, including Christmas parties. The key is to attend such functions. That can obviously be a grey legai area. But it may not require evidence of written or verbal orders to staff to attend such a

function to show that employees

were expected to participate in

particular activity. Employers are also liable for the actions of employees during the course of their employment, even if they are not aware of the behaviour of those employees. There is a prima facie responsibility against which the

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employer's only defence is that appropriate preventive action

It might not be only politically correct, but also cost effective, for companies to develop a sexual ent policy. A clear writter policy statement needs to be accompanied by appropriate procedures to make clear that all forms of harassment are

unacceptable in the work place Such policies need to specify unwanted behaviour such as touching, offensive language, jokes and graffiti. Staff training to prevent sexual harassment and counselling for any victims will give a positive message to employees that the company

intends to pursue an

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

anti-discriminatory policy. Companies also need to devise measures to ensure that victimisation does not occur to anyone who reports such

The Equal Opportunities

Commission publishes a free Guide for Employers to the Sex Discrimination Acts of 1975 and 1986, which will fit neatly inside any company Christmas card. The measures it suggests might frustrate some proposed party games, but they might also protect employers from becoming the unwitting third party in a seamy

court case. The author is a social worker in the East Midlands with wide experience in equal opportunities

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PROPERTY

Cracks became chasms

t is more than three years since the UK commercial property sector went into decline, but 1992 was undoubtedly the year when the cracks became chasms.

The past year produced a litany of disastrous corporate news. In March, Randsworth, a West End company bought by US investors at the peak of the market in 1989, went into receivership with debts exceed-

In April, Speyhawk disclosed that its liabilities exceeded its assets by £70m and that it was in talks with its bankers. So too did Heron, the property, finance and trading group, with net debts of £1.3bn. in May, Mountleigh, a small wool manufacturing company that was transformed into one

of the most audacious dealmakers on the stockmarket, went into receivership with debts of £400m. Rosehaugh. another notable developer and trader, later went into receivership with debts of £350m. But undoubtedly the most devastating collapse was that of Olympia & York, the world's

largest developer. In May, O&Y filed for insolvency protection in Canada and the US. Within days, Canary Wharf, O&Y's £1.5hn development in London's docklands was put into administration. In absolute terms, the down-

turn is the worst the UK has ever experienced. An estimated 290bn has been wiped off the total value of commercial prop-erty in the UK, which in 1989 stood at £250bn, according to Vanessa Houlder on 1992's litany of business failures

Parker and the London Business School. Some 32m square feet of office in central London is unoccupied. Bank debt to property companies stands at more than £35bn. Since April 1990, property businesses have been

figures from surveyors Hillier . cast in London last week.

Since April 1990, property businesses

have been going bankrupt at the rate

through some spectacular ups and downs before. sion of the 1930s, when the UK economy shrank by a third and

of one every 36 hours

In the 19th century London was littered with new develop-ments which, like Canary Wharf, appeared to be white elephants. Parts of Notting Hill, for example, became a ghost town when they were developed in the mid-1800s. It was described by the journal Building News as "a graveyard going bankrupt at the rate of one every 36 hours, according to figures from accountants of buried hopes". There has been no let-up this

living memory was the depres-

economy shrank by a third and property values fell by a quar-

ter, according to a surveyor working at the time.

precipitated a "sudden and sweeping" decline in values,

according to The Property

Boom by Oliver Marriott. One

prominent casualty was Jackie

Phillips, one of the biggest pre-

war developers, who died on

Christmas day 1939 "impover-

ished, his banking accounts overdrawn and his credit

in the sector was only averted

The second world war also

But however cataclysmic century in London's expansion this recession may be to its or the cycles of boom and bust. victims, it is worth recalling The oldest property slump in that the market has been

The unbridled capitalism of

the 19th century unleashed

booms and busts every quarter

of a century. The break-neck

expansion of London was peri-odically interrupted by mass bankruptcies among property developers. The problems expe-rienced by John Nash, the

Prince Regent's architect, to get Regent's Street and

Regent's Park built and let

"make Canary Wharf seem a passing local difficulty", said Simon Jenkins, the ex-editor of

the Times, in a lecture broad-

by a moratorium on loans by insurance companies, building societies and other lenders. One of the market's biggest upheavals was in the 1970s.

This was due in part to the post-war introduction of a planning system which restricted supply and encouraged prices to overheat during periods of prosperity.

In the period of heady devel-opment in the early 1970s, property profits rose to a level which Lord Barber, the then chancellor, described as "obscene". In 1973, Clive Jenkins, a trades union leader, said the activities of property developers were "destroying the middle classes, encouraging petty crime and had led to a decline of investment in

manufacturing industries". The downturn, when it came, was abrupt. "It was equivalent to walking out of the house and, before you reach the corner, there is an earthquake" said Willie Stern, a developer whose bankruptcy in 1978 with debts of more than £104m pro-

pelled him into the record books. When Margaret Reid assessed the 1970s property crash for her book The Secondary Banking Crisis 1973-75, she described it in terms that makes the present downturn

seem tame.
"Never since the South Sea Bubble (in the 18th century) had there been such a massive evaporation of speculators' expectations as at that time in the previously euphoric prop-

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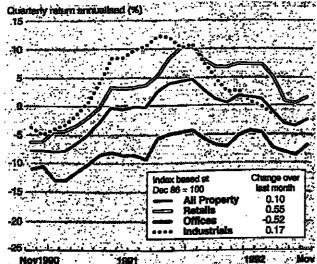
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IPD monthly index for November



Little movement

commercial property in 1992 will probably be close to zero - about half a point better than the total return for the previous year, according to Investment Property Databank, an independent research company.

In the year to November, total returns were 0.3 per cent, while rental values fell by 9 per cent and capital values fell by 8 per cent. The IPD monthly index

November. The overall equiva-

lent yield remained at 9.9 per

cent and the total return for

slight improvement, rising to

capital values continued to fall, by -0.9 per cent and -0.7 per cent respectively.

both in terms of the monthly and year-on-year total returns. The retail sector remains the preferred investment area. In November, retail yields edged downwards from 9 per

Office returns have remained relatively stable, albeit low, over the year. The the month showed only a current year-on-year total return is -6.3 per cent.

The total return from 0.1 per cent. Both rental and 17 December 1992 between the hou 16,00 hours. Deled the 17th day of December 1992 Colle Dyson, Disease Retails posted the best results of the three sectors,

cent to 8.9 per cent, while capi-tal values fell by 0.3 per cent and rental values by 0.5 per recorded little movement in cent.

BANK LEUMI (UK) Pic

US \$10,000,000 Undated PRIMARY CAPITAL FLOATING RATE MOTES The interest rate applicable to the above Notes in respect of the interest period commencing 18th December 1992 has Notes in respect to the second of 1992 has been fixed at 5% per armunt. The interest amounting to US \$25.28 per US \$1.000 and US \$252.78 per US \$10.000 principal amount of the Notes will be paid on 18th June 1993 against amount of Coxpon No. 15. BANK LEUNII (UK) Pic Principal Paying Agent

THE GUIDE TO EUROPEAN PROPERTY

16 page annual report on The European commercial property



Drugs that lighten depression

Paul Abrahams on why the market for anti-depressants is growing so fast

hristmas is not the season of goodwill for all men and women. A recent study in Birmingham suggests that on Christmas day attempted suicides increase by 25

Depression is a fatal illness nearly three quarters of suicides are linked to it. Clinical depression, the persistent and sustained feeling that the self is worthless, the world meaningless and the future hopeless, is the most common emotions

There is, however, no agreement about the disease's incidence because only about 25 per cent of those depressed visit a doctor. Roger Bickerstaffe, research director at the Belgian group Solvay Pharmaceuticals, reckons a third of the population will need treatment at some time in their lives and that at any one time 5 per cent will be

receiving treatment. The costs of depression are immense. The American Psychiatric Association estimates depressive illness costs the US \$27bn (£17bn) a year, including \$12.7bn through hospitalisation, out-patient treatment and drugs. The Office of Health Economics, a UK think-tank, says the direct costs to the National Health Service are about £333m a year.

The anti-depressant drug market is changing and growing rapidly. Although 9m prescriptions are issued in the UK every year, most are for old and cheap generic prod-

But these older drugs, called tricyclics, are giving way to a new, more expensive generation of medicines called selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, or SSRIs. Smith New Court, the UK broker, estimates the worldwide market has grown 20 per cent a year over the last three years from £700m a year to £1.2bn. Geoffrey Dunbar, director of SmithKline Beecham's central nervous system therapeutic unit. reckons the market could quadruple by the year 2000.

Growth is partly being driven by the increased incidence of the illness, according to a study published in this month's issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association. General practitioners may also be more adept at diagnosing and treating the illness which is under-recognised, under-treated and stigmatised, according to the OHE.

There are two main categories of depression. Exogenous or reactive depression is related to outside events such as a close death or losing a job. However, clinicians remain unsure of the causes of endogenous depression not linked to outside events.

The plain fact is that nobody really knows the causes of depres sion," admits Bickerstaffe. However, he says the biological infrastructure of the central nervous system appears to affect mood.

The hypothesis is that a shortage of naturally occuring neurotrans-mitting chemicals - known as monoamines - may lead to depression, says Dunbar.

Between each nerve in the central nervous system is a gap, known as a synapse, he explains. So that a nerve impulse can pass across the synapse between a presynaptic nerve to a postsynaptic nerve, neurotransmitting chemicals are released by the presynaptic nerve into the synapse. The chemicals in the synapse then trigger a signal in the receiving postsynaptic nerve.

lack of these chemicals such as serotonin, noradrenalin and dopamine, A appears to suppress neuro-transmitter stimulation and be linked to depression, says Gary Tollefson, executive director of psychopharmacology at Lilly Research Laboratories. Tricyclics, the most common anti-

depressants, are believed to work by correcting the shortage of monoamines in the synapse. Normally, once the monoamines

have done their job, a proportion is

Country Findants Austria 1.313 36.1 14.7 Switzerland 1.063 13.2 West Germany 7,037 23.5 3.215 10.0 5.0 3,095 11.1 1.286

reabsorbed into the presynaptic nerve. The rest is broken down by enzymes. Tricyclics work by hindering the reabsorption. This increases the concentration of monoamines in the synapse and therefore stimulates the post-synaptic nerve for longer. The drugs are effective for about 70 per cent of patients.

The problem with tricyclics is two-fold, explains Tollefson. First they affect the postsynaptic nerve as well as the presynaptic nerve. They influence other neurotransmission systems, including those for dopamine, histamine and noradrenaline. The result is a series of significant side-effects, such as dry mouth, blurred vision, drowsiness and constination. Many patients fail to complete the course.

But more important is the toxicity of tricyclics. By taking five to six times the normal dose, patients can kill themselves.

A second class of anti-depressants was developed in the 1960s called monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs). The MAOIs work by binding with the enzymes in the synapse that break down the monoamines. This raises the level of monoamines and increases activity in the central nervous system.

However, these drugs also have unwanted side-effects. MAOIs are irreversible, which means the enzyme has to be replaced, which can take four weeks. One problem is that the enzyme which is bound to the MAOI has other jobs including the breaking down of tyramines. chemicals found in some cheeses and wine. Without the enzyme, levels of tyramine can build up. This can lead to increased blood pressure, heart failure, even death.

Recent market growth has been driven by the new generation of drugs, SSRIs, of which four are currently marketed. They are Fluvoxamine developed by Solvay; Prozac sold by Eli Lilly, the American group; Lustral, also known as Zoloft north America, which is marketed by Pfizer of the US; and Seroxat, discovered by Novo Nordisk in Denmark and marketed in most of the world by SmithKline Beecham, the Anglo-American company.

SSRIs also work by inhibiting the amount of serotonin taken back into the nerve terminals and so increasing its availability in the synapse. They are no faster and no more effective than the tricyclics and considerably more expensive. According to the OHE the cheapest tricyclic costs about 82p for 30 days treatment, compared with £33.90 for the most expensive SSRL

They are, however, far more selective than the tricyclics and do not affect other neurotransmission systems. Dunbar at SmithKline Beeham says clinical trials suggest the drop out rate for SSRIs is 10 per cent less than tricyclics. In addition, they are far less toxic than tricy-clics, meaning it is almost impossible to overdose on them.

The leading SSRI is Prozec. Its sales were hit badly in 1990 after the Church of Scientology claimed tt induced violence and suicidal tendencies. The allegations were dis-missed by the US Food and Drug Administration but the drug's market share fell from 25 per cent in July 1990 to 21 per cent in April the following year. Nevertheless, Prozac's sales reached \$910m last year and may reach \$1bn this year.

Prozac's rivals are building up sales fast. Zoloft was launched in February but already has sales of about \$185m. Seroxat is not yet marketed in the US where it will be known as Paxil, but had 20 per cent of the UK market by value during the first six months of this year.

Meanwhile, drugs groups are investing heavily in the area. Bickerstaffe at Solvay reckons 11 anti-depressants are ready to be or have been submitted to licensing authorities. A further 30 are in development. Two SSRIs, from American Home Products and Bristol Myers Squibb, will shortly be launched in the US.

A number of companies, including Roche and Ciba-Geigy of Switzerland, are working on a new class of MAOIs, called reversible inhibitors of monoamine oxidase type A (RIMA). Unlike earlier generations of MAOIs, they do not bind irreversibly to the enzymes necessary to break down tyramine and can be used without dietary restrictions.

Researchers are also looking to synthesise drugs that affect only targeted receptor cells. In addition, they are searching for compounds that replicate or block the neuropeptides capable of modulating the neurotransmitters.

The attractions of the anti-depression market are not limited to its size and rapid growth, says Tollefson. Research on the central nervous system for depression will have spin-offs in other illnesses, such as Parkinson's, Alzheimer's and schizophrenia.

This series on new drugs looks next month at combating skin problems,

Worth Watching · Della Bradshaw



Jingle bells of the mobile kind

THIS year's high-tech Christmas present in the UK could well be the personal mobile phone. Exploiting the low-use consum tariffs introduced earlier this year by the two cellular operators, Celinet and Vodafone, both Motorola and Sony have developed mini phones intende for personal rather than business

The blg advantage for the consumer is the price - £249.99 for the Motorola model and £225 for the Sony one - and the ability to purchase them off the shelf in high-street shops. The Motoroli phone has even gone as far as using standard long-life batteries. rather than the heavy-weight rechargeable packs used with older mobile phones, in order to make it appealing to the

Add a cable to attack the phones to the cigarette lighter and both can be used in the car. Motorola: UK, 0500 555555. Sony: UK, 0635 873322.

Japanese in your stocking

THE perfect gift for the international business person who has everything could be the latest English-to-Japanese and Japanese to-English translation

On sale in Japan from December 2, the Duet Qt notebook computer from electronics group Sharp is no larger than an A4 file folder yet has a basic dictionary of 79,000 Japanese words and 70,000 English ones.

The machine uses a translation algorithm known as the parallel sentence structure system, which analyses the structure of the entence rather than just translating individual words. Translations performed on the machine, which runs under the

Unix operating system, can be fed into most office computer systems for further editing. At Y3,280,000 (£17,354) for a basic model, however, the Duet is only likely to appear in the most exclusive of stockings. Sharp: Japan, 06 625 3007.

Medieval fantasy

IN Japan, video games are the order of the day, writes Emiko

Earlier this month, the entire stock of one software game – 900,000 copies – was sold on the first day it appeared in the shops. Final Fantasy V, from software

group Square, is for use on Nintendo's Super Famicom or Super NES handheld computers. It is set in medieval times with four knights trying to conquer

Square expects the game, priced at Y9,860 (251.85), to have final sales of 3m. Square: Japan, 03 5488 1525.

Screens have never looked so good

THE computer buff who is having problems with his or her bifocals may appreciate a pair of clip-on spectacles that convert fuzzy

vision into clear vision. The designers, Direct Perception of London, say that by clipping Compa-vision over normal distance glasses, bifocals or varifocals, they can be brought to focus accurately at the special distance of computer screens -

about 60 to 80cms. The lenses cover just the top half of the glasses and cost £8 a pair. Direct Perception: UK, 081 518 2685.

Bingo lingo

PERHAPS you'd like to give your employers language lessons for

Language teacher Bruce Nicol has developed a way of teaching English, French or German in a high-tech method based on the game of bingo. BI-LINGO teaches Grammar and a minimum of 3,000 words through repetition and exploiting the individual's desire

Nicol adapts the game to suit a company's individual needs. Nicol: UK, 0424 481376.

PEOPLE

Vardey and Balfour join exchanges

A pair of investment bankers has slotted themselves into the hierarchy of two very different stock exchanges - apparent further indications of just how tough the climate in City firms has become.

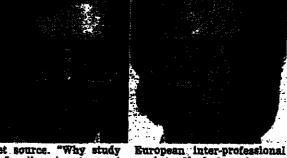
Giles Vardey (left), who left his position as head of continental equities at Swiss Bank Corporation in May, has joined the board of the London Stock Exchange in the newly created position of markets development director, while Charles Balfour (right), who until now has been a London-based director of Italian investment bank Cragnotti, will become the next managing director of the overseas arm of Nasdaq, the US over-the-counter market.

Turnover of senior management under London Stock Exchange chief Peter Rawlins has been rapid, and the new job Vardey has plumped for is expected to be tough. "I think he will be under more pressure to deliver than he expects." was the comment from one



market source. "Why study history? - there is not a great deal of future in it," Vardey

For the past couple of years, the exchange has come under heavy fire from its members for failing to take much account of their views. Vardey's appointment appears to be a, very belated, acknowledgement of this lack of liaison the institution moves towards the creation of a trad-



markets. Vardey's assignment is to work through the detail of members' trading and business requirements, and, above all, to sell the changes to the

industry. Famous among other things for his flamboyant braces, Vardey, 36, had previously been at Salomon - twice, the second time as head of continental equities. He was at County NatWest in between the Salo-mon stints, including as maning infrastructure to house the UK national and so-called aging director of European

equities. Asked why he did not move to another investment bank after SBC, he stresses the importance of the exchange taking on more market practi-Meanwhile, Balfour, 41, who

has been working at Cragnotti since 1991 as head of mergers and acquisitions and corporate finance, points out that crossborder business has been extremely slow. However, the "mutual parting of the ways" came, he claims, because he would have had to go to Italy "for it really to be a success and I didn't want to do that". Of the "three or four job offers, he received, Nasdaq appealed the most. He succeeds ynton Jones, who founded the London and of Nasdaq and is now with the Swedish derivatives market OM.

Educated at Eton and the Sorbonne, Balfour had spells at Hoare Govett, Hill Samuel and Dillon Read before joining Banque Paribas where he stayed from 1979 until 1991

Non-executive directors



■ Ian Vallance (above), chairman of British Telecommunications, at the ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND; Lord Airlie, chairman of General Accident, and Ranald Noel-Paton, a director of General Accident, are to resign because of a conflict of interest between General Accident and RBS's Direct Line.

executive of CRH, at GREENCORE, replacing William Attley, who has ■ David Dare and Frank Edwards have resigned from BIMEC INDUSTRIES. ■ Stephen Sherwood at BLACKLAND OIL. ■ Stephen Lewis, an associate

Anthony Barry, chief

of Shaw and Co, at

EXPLAURA.

Keys departs from SBJ

Tony Keys is to part company with Steel Burrill Jones, the insurance broker whose recent expansion he has helped to orchestrate. Keys, now 51, leaves SBJ in May next year, after over four years with the group. He says the departure is entirely amicable and is part of an overall management and boardroom reorganisation designed to equip the company for a period of slower growth and consolidation.

David Beresford Jones, group chairman, is also retiring to devote more time to interests outside the city. Clive Richards, currently a non-executive

director, takes over as chairman, and Michael Blackburn and Oliver Stocken join as noncutive directors. SBJ, which was listed in

1985, initially earned most of its profits from broking in the controversial spiral reinsurance market - in which Lloyd's syndicates and companies reinsure each other's exposures to catastrophe losses. Keys and George Bo who took over as finance direc-tor and chief executive, respectively, in 1988, managed the group's successful diversifica-tion, buying subsidiaries in energy and other commercial

insurance broking businesses. However, as trading conditions have become tougher, growth has slowed and one recent acquisition - that of the Regis Low energy broker-age - has not gone according to plan. "I'm good at doing deals, developing systems, winning new business," says Keys, "I don't enjoy repetition and consolidation which are now necessary to deliver results for

shareholders," Next year he plans to set up a consultancy but recognises that competition could be tough; he is relaxed about prospects. "I'll set up a little office in EC3. But if the phone doesn't ring it will be a sweet

Kerridge: new Ransomes chairman

tific instrument group, for reasons of ill-health, has found enough energy to extend his interests in gardening.

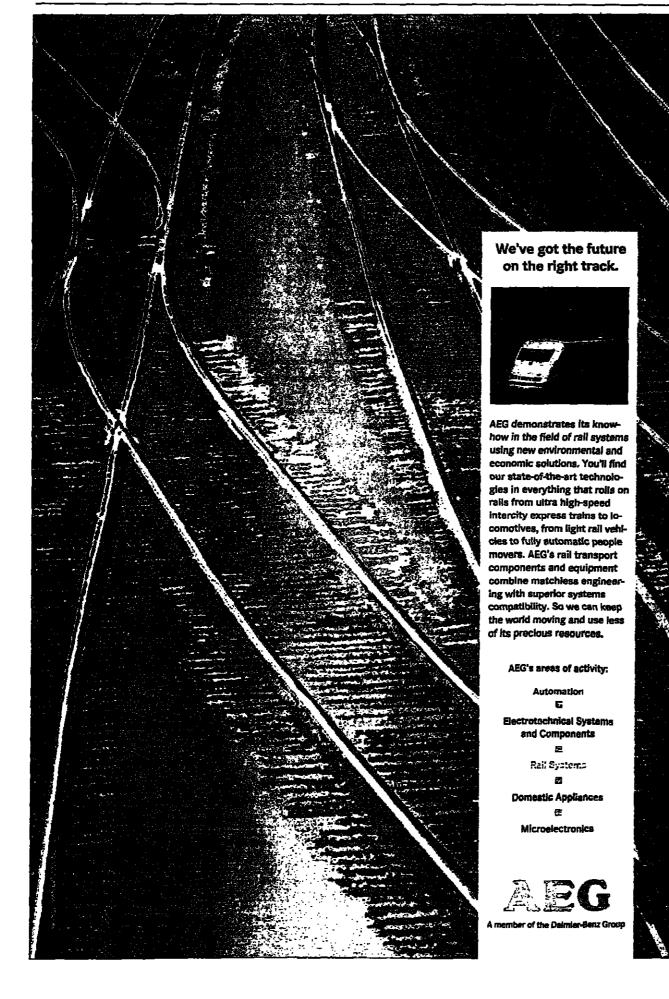
Having already been deputy chairman, he is now to become chairman of Ransomes, the lawnmower group, which is based in Ipswich near his home. He succeeds Astley Whittall who will retire at the

agm next April. Kerridge left Fisons, trembled by difficulties with the US Food and Drug Administration

John Karridge, who left Fisons, last Jamuary. At that time, the the pharmaceuticals and scien-company said his departure company said his departure was due to a heart condition. Bob Dodsworth, Ransomes' chief executive, says there is considerable difference between the stress of being a

chief executive and a non-exec-ntive chairman. Kerridge will have an inter-eating challenge helping turn Ransomes round; last year it made a loss of £45m. During the first half of this year it returned to the black, making pre-fax profits of £2m, but persed its interior dividend





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returns to London after a gap of nine years, in a brand-new English National Opera produc-tion - the second such to be mounted by the company in its tenure at the Coliseum. Most important opera-cities have yet to see and hear even a single staging of this glorious and remarkable opera. We owe our good fortune to ENO's undimmed enthusiasm for this composer, shared by former Director of Productions (Colin Graham) and current (David Pountney) alike, and to the continuing presence of Charles Mackerras as our foremost Janáček conductor. The Adventures of Mr Brou-

'anáček's fifth opera

ček is comedy, romance, satire, fantasy and historical epic all in one, not sustained for long on any of those levels but a magically elliptical and unpredictable voyage through them all. The plot-point is simple -Brouček, a petty-bourgeois Prague landlord, prosperous and small-minded, gets drunk focked so good transported first to the Moon (the Brist to the Moon (the Brist to the Moon (the Brist to the Isth-century Prague of the Wars. at his local, and finds himself

On the Moon he encounters a gaggle of arty poseurs and Style Counsellors, who display their wares (pretentious artefacts, fancy political nostrums) and, in turn, mock his philistinism and carnivorous appetites. In the 15th century, Brouček shows a distinct lack of enthusiasm for the battle against the Germans still enveloping the city, and is condemned to death for cowardice yet, waking up head-first in a beer barrel, he soon brags of having liberated the city "sin-

gle-handed". The realisation is complex, and studded with potential pitfalls of background and foreground understanding. On the loon the problem is a combination of incoherence and excessive generosity in the choice of satirical targets and, indeed, their speed of delivery: the whole episode goes at a cracking pace. In the 15th century, it is the copious references to important but possibly unfamiliar figures and events of Czech history.

And yet, in the actual experience, problems recede and magic takes over. Janáček's idiosyncratic dramaturgy is grappled together by the title character – always comprehensible in his foibles, prejudices and limited moral sense.

tors already tend be leaving the city. I

missed Janice Watson's recital there

this year and was doubly sorry when

she went on to win several awards for it

- a particular distinction, given that

Whether her programme in the Pur-

1992 was such a good year in that

cell Room's Song Series was the same, we were not told. But it was so well

tailored to what this young singer does

best that one imagines some of the

items at least must have travelled down

from Scotland. As we know from her

operatic appearances, Janice Watson is

a soprano who has a warm lyric voice

with plenty of appeal on its own account and this recital, by and large,

In the opening group of Liszt songs

those awkward German consonants

which can get in the way of a singable

vocal line were surreptitiously tucked

aside. This is one way to sing a piece like "Kennst du das Land?" (not the

favourite version, but its alternative)

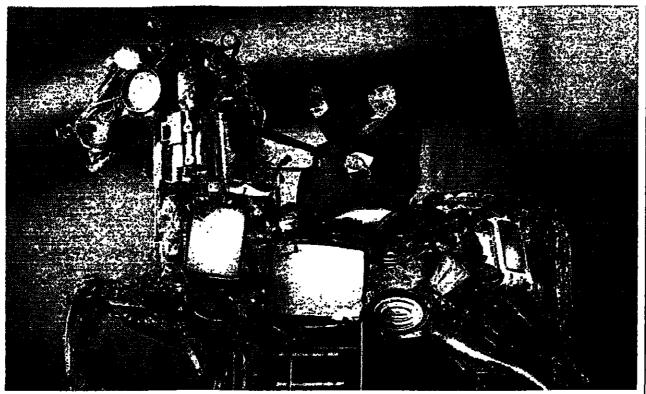
was used to put it in the limelight.

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Graham Clark in the title role: already at home with bloated-stomach and wonky-umbrella routines

The Adventures of Mr Brouček

Max Loppert on the ENO's new production of Janáček's opera

not exactly lovable, perhaps. but utterly human; by a love of Prague which links every image and event and infuses every note; and above all by Janáček's score, pithy and muscular, filled with bursts of elating visionary radiance.

With this new Broucek Pountney completes his British production-cycle of the mature Janaček operas. In the programme he writes lucidly of the composer's "cinematic" i.e. "fast-moving, non-linear drama created by juxtaposition and collage". The staging, designed by Stefanos Lazaridis (sets) and Marie-Jeanne Lecca (costumes), is a characteristically intelligent, forcefully argued attempt to realise that peculiar dramatic modernism by commanding every area of space and type of stage action. Film, drop-cloths, the spin of

the central revolve, the trollying on and off of quirkily shaped props, the use of chorus in complex dance formations (choreographer: Quinny Sacks) all this, and much more, is set in motion for a show that seeks a bold, fantastic fore-

Recital/Richard Fairman

Janice Watson

shortening of dramatic and visual perspective. The influence of the 1920s cinema, of René Clair comedy, Vigo poetry and the magical surrealism of early Buñuel, is strongly In the second part, rather

sier to stage, the presenta-

tion of knights and huge capar-isoned horses on stilts pinpoints exactly the time-travelling mixture of martial grandeur and Brouček's own fuddled response thereto. In the first, Pountney, with the aid of his own new translation (packed with sallies enjoyable on the printed page that too often go unheard), embarks on a virtual re-writing: the time and place are 1992, a mad whiri of contemporary modes and manners. Starry-Ryes, Wonder-gitter, Rainbowbrush and all the other lunar aesthetes are banished; jokes about David Hockney, feminism, political correctness, surtitles, and even some of the house's own "interventionist" operatic fashions tumble out in quick, jolly suc£100,000 sum elicited on appeal. This is a source of justifiable pride and gratitude. Watching the opening-night account of it, however. I wondered whether for Pountney's purposes either too much or too little money had been raised. Much of the Moon scene looked a fearful mess, a pudding over-egged, over-spiced and over-sugared, with technical means con-stantly overstretched. In my no doubt hopelessly

paid for by the Coliseum audience itself, as a result of the

old-fashioned way I yearned for a more loving, less physically caricatured treatment of the principals, for more romance, picturesqueness: for more mat ter, in sum, with less art. Two features were securely preserved: the lyrical effulgence of the tripartite leading soprano role, beautifully taken by Vivian Tierney; and the majesty of that extraordinary Act 2 "vision of the author", here presented as a Václav Havel figure – the production is dedicated to him - and nobly, if near-wordlessly, delivered by

Otherwise, the cast, which includes such company stalwarts as Bonaventura Bottone, Paul Napier-Burrows, Arwel Huw Morgan and Christopher Booth-Jones, tended not to make a strong impression with words and notes. This seemed true even of Graham Clark in the title role, a wonderful tenor singing-actor already at home with bloated-stomach and wonky-umbrella routines but not

yet wholly inside the music. Of course this may well alter with practice and wearing-in; and no opera-lover in search of unstaled operatic pleasures should dream of staying away. Already, Mackerras paces th two parts as though their shape and content were as simple as Bohème's; the wealth of knowledge, experience and simple "knack" in the musical unfolding is summed up in the blissful quiet enchantments of the Act 1 curtain-close. If there were no other reason to praise the new ENO Broucek, ENO's great Janáček conductor and his splendidly responsive orchestra would provide rea-

The production has been Arts Council shares out its meagre Christmas presents

Unfair penalty is paid by singers whose recitals are timed to fall in the closing days of the Edinburgh Festival, as visiting that she was operating and the singing that she was operating and the of clients, and managed to share out the misery fairly equally.

The Council's grant from the government of £226m was a mere 2 per cent increase over the current year, but by cutting its operating overheads to the bone, it has managed to give some clients slightly more than

The Big Four - the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden (with £19.5m), the RSC, (28.47m); the Royal National Theatre (£11.16m) and the ENO (£11.65m) – get a 2.5 per cent rise in grant: indeed there is a even a little ttion for Birmingham Royal Ballet. The South Bank receives a 2 per cent lift to £13.42m.

The conclusion of successful funding deals with local authorities has ensured more substantial grant increases for the Birmingham Rep (up 10.2 per cent); the Beigrade Coventry (9.6 per cent); and Watford Palace (a 13.6 per cent gain) while the Hampstead Theatre in London

The Arts Council distributed Christmas gets a rise of 17.5 per cent to £234,400, presents yesterday in the form of thanks to a recent Arts Council

In contrast, the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra is frozen at £440,000 while the Council waits to see how its new management team works out.

The Bournemouth Orchestras (6.9 per cent more at £1.48m) and the Royal Liverpool Philharmonic (6.9 per cent extra to £1.48m) gain because they face particular challenges next year. The LPO benefits by 6.3m, to £1.13m, to ease its residency at the South

Dance seems favoured, with substantial gains for Northern Ballet Theatre (up 7 per cent to £879,800) and for the companies led by Siobhan Davies and Shobana Jeyasingh.

The Arts Councils of Scotland and Wales receive just 2 per cent more. The fight is now on to raise the Government allocation for 1994-85 which, at the moment, is set to be a reduced grant.

Antony Thorncroft image's rapid dissemination

Theatre/Alastair Macaulay

The Gift of the Gorgon

Peter Shaffer is author of some of the most celebrated plays of our time - The Royal Hunt of the Sun, Equis. Amadeus, Let-tice and Lovage. These treat very different subjects, and his latest, The Gift of the Gorgon. differs from them all in that it is about a recently dead play-wright, his wife and his adult son by another woman.

The play begins with the news of Edward Damson's death. His widow Helen (Judi Dench) is in mourning, and his son Philip (Jeremy Northam), a scholar, pursues her in order to discover and record his father's story. At once we are in an absorbing nexus that feels quite new in Shaffer's output. The Damsons' marriage was one of muse and artist, whereas Philip is both a son who never knew his father and an academic enthusiast for his father's work.

It is with the entry of the late Edward (Michael Pennington) that we recognise that this is actually a very Shaffer play after all. Shaffer relishes, on the one hand, dialectic, and, on the other, melodrama. The dislectic is between the rational and the irrational, the Apollonian and the Dionysiac: Salieri and Mozart, Miss Schoen and Lettice, and, here, the ordered Holen and the wild Edward. Though Helen calls herself Edward's muse, she is really his chief critic and editor. He is rebellious and adulterous. She sacrifices her life to his career; he accuses her of castrating him. Love turns to resentment.
I enjoyed *The Gift of the Gorgon* on three of the most basic

levels: I wanted to know what would happen next, I cherished several of its good lines, and I was riveted by Judi Dench. But once the dialectic-cum-melodrama combination became clear (during Act One), it began to feel formulaic. And not only is the playwright wild and melodramatic (he dances an ancient Greek dance in his bathtowel, pours red wine over his head and so on), but the whole play is also planned to prepare you for a lurid meloframatic climax: i.e. How He

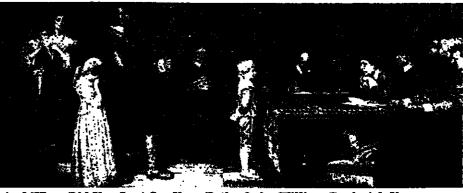
As Helen unfolds her story. each act ends with a climax whose real importance we do not comprehend until Act Three. But oh! we know what's involved. The paper! The blade! The olive-green soap! These ingredients are so prominent

in passing that we know they will return with a vengeance Then, at the start of Act Three, Edward arrives, paler than before: "I slept little last night." Helen replies, warningly: "And less tonight!" It is a credit to Dench that the audience does not guffaw.

A niggling problem for the observer is the degree to which The Gift of the Gorgon means to be autobiographical. Like the Dionysiae characters in so many Shaffer plays, Edward is a florid theatrical conception, entertaining but not persuasive. And so one wonders unprofitably: why does Shaffer need to present such charac-

Peter Hall directs, and shares responsibility for the play's flaws and virtues. Pennington engagingly vivid as Edward. but he leaves us always aware of his virtuoso vocal technique Northam's Philip is expert but deliberate. Only with Dench does art become transparent. Her playing blazes with truth and simplicity. She is both still and intense, detached and

At the Pit until March 11



"And When Did You Last See Your Father?" by William Frederick Yeames

Bad picture made good

"And When Did You Last See Your Father?" is one of the great anomalies of British art. Everyone knows the picture, but few could tell you who painted it. As art it is undistinguished and was presumably always considered so, given its unenthusiastic reception at the 1878 Royal Academy. Yet the picture became a household favourite and remains firmly lodged in the collective con-

sciousness of the nation.

Madame Tussaud's waxwork tableau after the painting was dismantled only in 1989. Contemporary satirists and cartoonists such as Posy Sym-monds and Nicholas Garland still rely on readers instantly recognising any allusion to the nicture. It has never seemed to matter that this is a history painting that records an event that never even happened.

The phenomenon of "And When ... " is now under examination at the Walker Art Gallery in Liverpool (until January 10). William Frederick Yeames's canvas is the centrepiece of this exhibition which not only places it in the con-text of Victorian fascination with the Civil War but also

charts its march to fame.
"And When . . . " was a truly popular picture from the start. It was bought by the fledgling Walker Art Gallery in 1878 as part of an acquisitions policy that intended to appeal to "the numerous visitors to the gailery who are uninterested in the higher forms of Art". The

which, began after the turn of the century was primarily the result of new and inexpensive photographic printing techniques. Collins was the first publishers to use the painting to illustrate mass-market school textbooks.

Parodying the picture in cartoons seems to date from the 1920s. In 1932 Wills issued a series of "sectional cigarette cards" based on famous paintings, which offered the Walker picture alongside Millais's "Boyhood of Raleigh" and

Susan Moore examines one of the great anomalies of British art

Hals's "The Laughing Cavalier". Madame Tussaud's tab-leau was erected the following year. A play of 1934 recreated the circumstances of "And When ...", as did a "quotaquickie" film of 1936. It is fascinating to chart the change in the Parliamentarians' critical fortunes. For Thomas Carlyle, the Puritan revolution was the

glimpse of the Godlike vanishing from this England". Ford Madox Brown's intense portrait of the young Cromwell emphasises Cromwell the radical and visionary destined to uphold the literal word of God. And in his 1859 "The Night Before Naseby". Leopold Augustus Egg accords him near divine status, applying

the imagery of Christ's Agony in the Garden for Cromwell praying outside his tent. But by 1898, when the songwriter Frederic Weatherly ("Roses of Picardy", "Danny Boy") based "The Young Royalist" on Yeames's picture, the Royalist boy lip-tremulously heroic and the Roundhead captain no more than a brute.

Changes similarly occur in the remodelling of the Tussaud tableau. In 1933-80, the boy true to the picture - is repre-sented as a nine or 10 year old. His is therefore an adult moral dilemma: is it permissible not to tell the truth? In the 1980-89 version he has become a little boy of five, and the Round heads are simply big bullies.

A recurring theme is the triumph of human kindness over sectarian lovalties. Thus William Shakespeare Burton portravs a young Puritan woman helping a wounded Cavalier while her brother/husband disapprovingly looks on. More often that not, however, these vincing than costume dramas; Frederick Goodall's chocolate-box "Puritan and Cavalier" seems absurd enough to be a parody of the genre at its worst. As history paintings in the noble sense they fall miserably. This fascinating show reveals how the fame of "And When ..." became self-perpetuating. What it cannot explain is why this picture, rather than any other, should have assumed its position of

national icon.

SoHo site on Tues

Marc, Nolde and other

PARIS

in 1920. Ends Jan 17. The main

museum is closed on Thurs, the

Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville

de Paris Figures du Moderne:

450 works by Kandinsky, Franz

Expressionists, Ends March 14.

Closed Mon. late opening Wed

Musée d'Orsay Sisley. Ends Jan

(11 ave du President Wilson)

31. Closed Mon, late opening Thurs (qual Anatole France)

Grand Palais Picasso et les

Choses, Ends Dec 28, Closed Tues, late opening Wed lave

Louvre Byzantium: 400 ivories,

Ends Feb 1. Closed Tues (Hall

et Apres: the confrontation of

Monet's waterlilles with

canvases by Defacroix or

Orangerie Les Nympheas Avant

Jackson Pollock brings out their

silks, enamels, manuscripts,

icons and goldsmiths' work.

Napoleon)

Matignon)



An important exhibition of some of watercolour's most famous exponents, entitled The Great Age of British Watercolours 1750-1880, opens at the Royal Academy of Arts In London on January 15.

The exhibition will include 300

works by Turner. Girtin. Constable, Blake, Samuel Palmer, John Sell Cotman and others. It traces the both the role of landscape painting and the perception of the natural world underwent revolutionary and lasting changes. Nowhere were these changes more closely mirrored then in the status and developing technique of British

The exhibition will run till April 11. A specially reduced combined ticket will be available to include the current Sickert show, which runs till February 14, and the exhibition devoted to Georges Rouauit's Early

Years, which opens on March

clearly in embryo already here.

choice of the Three Petrarch Sonnets to

follow confirmed that priority.

For these are technically demanding

songs, which stretch the voice. The

young Margaret Price used to sing them with a fearless, shining beauty; Miss Watson is a less individual talent, but

she has the fullness of emotion in her

voice and hits a particularly well-con-

trolled area right up on the top notes

where other singers struggle. The close

of the first song soared to its apex with

grace, leaving her time to make music as well as get the notes.

useful for her Russian songs after the interval, notably a delectable Rakhman-

inov "By the window", given a properly

sensuous piano accompaniment by lain Burnside. Here and in the Tchaikovsky

items a heart really started to beat in

words and music alike. Janice Watson

will be singing Tatyana in Tchalkov-

sky's Eugene Onegin for Welsh National

Opera next year and the character was

That was a facility which came in

Advance booking is available via Ticketmaster (071-379 4444) or First Call (071-240 7200). As a result of a restoration programme being undertaken by the authorities in Napies, visitors to the Italian city have a rare chance to see inside some of its most historic churches.

These rare artistic opportunities include the interiors of Pletrasanta and SS. Severino e Sossio, the Plo Monte della Misericordia, Santa Maria la Nova and S. Giovanni

Each Saturday till the end of June, there will be guided tours for two of the churches on the list of 26, while on the first and third Saturday of every month a concert of classical music will be held in one of the churches.

The restoration programme - initially confined to dusting and washing monuments hous in the churches - is part of a wider plan to restore Naples' historic centre and to bring back into public use an artistic and historical heritage which has been shut up and neglected for too long.

EXHIBITIONS GUIDE

AMSTERDAM Rijksmuseum North Netherlandish Art 1580-1620: 350 masterpieces. Ends March

Also Discarding the Brush: Gao

Qipei (1660-1734) and the Art of Chinese finger painting. Ends Feb 28. Closed Mon Van Gogh Museum Glasgow 1900. Ends Feb 7. Dally BARCELONA

Museu Picasso Picasso: the Ludwig Collection. Ends Jan 31. Closed Mon (Carrer Montcada 15-19) Fundacio Joan Miro Gilbert and

George: 25 large-format pieces by the British duo. Ends Jan 10. Closed Mon BERLIN Neue Nationalgalerie Pablo

Picasso: After Guernica. Ends Feb 21, Closed Mon Martin-Gropius-Bau America 1492-1992: a vast survey of American culture from the time of Columbus' voyage of discovery to the present day. Ends Jan 3. Closed Mon

Nationalgalerie Art in Germany 1905-37, Ends Jan 3. Closed Mon and Tues Brucke Museum Painting and Sculpture of the Brucke. Ends

April 4. Closed Tues BONN Kunst und Ausstellungshalle From Cezanne to Pollock, Ends

Jan 10. Also Museum Architecture of the Nineties: plans, models and sketches by Frank Gehry, Hans Hollein, Gustav Peichl and other contemporary architects. Ends Jan 31. Closed Mon

Zwinger French porcelain in Dresden: 50 pieces dating from the visit to Paris in 1809 by August I of Saxony. Ends April 16. Closed Fri

DRESDEN

Albertinum Jacques Callot: a collection of prints marking the 400th anniversary of the birth of the great French etcher from Nancy. Ends Jan 10. Closed Mon

DALLAS Museum of Art Pissarro: 65

urban paintings from the years 1893-1903, devoted to subjects which the artist treated in a serial procedure, making subtle front of the motif and noting changes in weather, lighting and season. Ends Jan 31 FRANKFURT

Jahrhunderthalle Joan Miro: 100 etchings and prints from the period 1967-81. Ends Jan 10. Daily Schirn Kunsthalle Edward Hopper (1882-1967): 160 paintings, watercolours and

of urban America. Ends Feb 14. Daily Stadel Honore Daumier: 120 drawings by the great French 19th century cartoonist. Ends Jan 17. Daily

drawings by the realist painter

THE HAGUE Mauritshuis The Mystery of a Ball Unravelled: the technical and historical investigation of a Flemish painting.

An exhibition resulting from the museum's study of the Ball at the Court of Isabella and Albert by Frans Francken II, showing that this portrait of the Brussels court around 1610 originated in various phases. Ends Feb 21. Closed Mon LAUSANNE

Fondation de l'Hermitage From David to Picasso: 200 paintings,

drawings and sculptures covering 150 years, selected from the rich collection of the Musee de Grenoble. Among artists represented are se, Gauguin, Modigilani, Matis Renoir, Corot, Delacroix, Magritte and Ernst. Ends March

Musee d'Art Contemporain Roy Lichtenstein: 70 works by one of the founders of the pop art movement, illustrating the different stages in his work over the past 30 years. Ends Jan 31. Daily LEIPZIG

Ernst Ludwig Kirchner: 87 watercolours and drawings, many from private collections, covering the career of the German Expressionist painter. Ends Jan 31. Also Rolf Szymanski (b1928): sculptures and drawings by the

Museum der bildenden Kunste

Leipzig-born artist now based in Berlin, Ends Jan 17. Closed LONDON Royal Academy of Arts Sickert:

134 works from collections worldwide. Ends Feb 14. Daily National Gallery Munch: The Frieze of Life. Advance booking through First Call 071-497 9977. Ends Feb 7. Titian's Portrait of a Young Man,

acknowledged as the most beautiful male portrait by Titlan in private ownership, is now on show under a loan agreement with Halifax trustees.

Barbican Border Crossings: 14 Scandinavian Artists. Ends Feb 7. Daily

Design Museum Scandinavian design in Britain 1930-70. Also New Directions in Scandinavian Design, Ends Feb 28, Closed

Tate Gallery Grand Manner Portraiture in Britain from Van Dyck to Augustus John. Ends Jan 10. Also Turner's Use of Perspective. Ends Jan 31. Daily MANNHEIM Kunsthalle Manet: Moments of

History, focusing on Manet's career as a political artist. Ends Jan 17. Closed Mon MUNICH Kunsthalle der

Hypo-Kulturstiftung Frederick the Great an exhibition illustrating the 18th century Prussian king's relationship with art and artists. Ends Feb 28. Dally NEW YORK

Museum of Modern Art Matisse. Ends Jan 12. Closed Wed (Note that admission is by timed-entry tickets: call Ticketmaster 212-307 4545) Metropolitan Museum of Art The

Royal City of Susa: Ancient Near Eastern Treasures in the Louvre. Ends March 7. Also Masterworks from Lille: 100 paintings and drawings spanning the period from the Renalssance to the 19th century, including celebrated works by Rubens, Goya, Delacroix, David. Courbet and others. Ends Jan

17. Closed Mon Guggenheim Museum Robert Rauschenberg, the early 1950s. Ends Jan 24. The SoHo site has the set of murals which Chagali painted

for Moscow's Jewish Theatre

shared lyrical abstraction. Ends Jan 25. Closed Tues (place de la Concorde) Galerie Didier Imbert Fernando Botero: pastels, drawings, watercolours and small sculptures, complementing the display of monumental sculptures on the Champs-Elysées. Ends Jan 30. Closed Sun and Mon (19 ave

Galerie Dina Vierny Vladimir Yankilevski (b1938): Russian artist whose paintings, dominated by self-portraits have been exhibited in Germany and the US.Ends Feb 20. Closed Sun and Mon (36 rue Jacob)

s chairman

FINANCIAL TIMES

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French franc and D-Mark

IS THE franc fort policy going to collapse? This hitherto unthinkable question is gaining greater force and in the process is becom-ing less and less unthinkable. Yet should the relationship between the French franc and the D-Mark fail, far more than just the exchange rate mechanism would be endangered.

The weakness of the French franc this month – the first such weakness since after the ERM's "Black Wednesday" – is not explained by the economic fundamentals. The problem is the slow growth imposed on France by the Bundesbank's disinflationary poli-cies. French unemployment is expected to have risen in 1991. 1992 and 1993, Investors doubt whether the commitment to the ERM parity will stand the strain, especially with a parliamentary election due next March.

How can France respond? Realignment would be folly. A small realignment would do nothing to lower French interest rates, while providing a trivial gain to competitiveness. A big realign-ment on its own might be still worse for interest rates, would destroy credibility and would improve economic performance too slowly. Waiting a few more months for lower German interest rates would be far more sensible.

floating the exchange rate would allow lower interest rates. Given the sound fundamentals of the French economy, floating might lead to no more than a trivisi depreciation, even with lower interest rates. The franc might even strengthen. Granting early independence to the Banque de rate, while economically justifi-able, would destroy the logic of the Maastricht treaty. Given long-standing French detestation

of floating exchange rates, agreement to a float is unimaginable.

Alternatively, the link with the D-Mark could be tightened. This would at least help lower French rates of interest to German levels. But that link could not be made more credible by France alone. The Germans would have to make an open-ended commitment to support of the franc. That, in turn, would demand a joint monetary policy, which would represent an immediate move to economic and monetary union (Emu).

Unfortunately for France, Germany will not concede Emu tomorrow, which leaves soldiering on as the least bad choice. This is not a hopeless course. German inflation is falling, as is German output. Provided monetary growth slows, German interest rates should also fall, perhaps quite

sharply, during 1993. Soldiering on has an important additional advantage. Up to now Mr Kohl has been able to have his pro-European cake and eat it. But if the French franc were in immi-nent danger of crashing out of its bands, he would have to make some choices. He could promise the Bundesbank the fiscal policy it demands before lowering interest rates; he could commit Germany to an immediate mini-Emu; or he could let the franc depart.

France is doomed to play its present risky game. It could yet be saved by German recognition that

Monopoly game

British government is setting up a national lottery. If people are keen to play a game which leads to cash being channelled to a variety of good causes, this has obvious attractions over raising money through direct taxation.

What is much harder to understand is why a Conservative government, which has pioneered privatisation and liberalisation, plans to set up the lottery as a quasi state monopoly. The experience of other industries from telecommunications to airlines is that state monopolies are inefficient, unimaginative and lead to the government controlling a larger proportion of national life than is

Advocates of the national lottery may say that it does not amount to nationalisation by the back door because operating it will be contracted out to the private sector. But the government will still nick the franchisee and the money for good causes will be channelled through a fund controiled by the National Heritage

secretary.

Advocates of the lottery may also try to argue that it will not be a monopoly, because charities and local authorities are allowed to run their own small lotteries, while football pools provide punt-ers with an opportunity for a flut-ter very similar to the one which will be provided by the national lottery. The snag is that both charity lotteries and the pools will be competing on a playing field tilted sharply in the national lotpales in comparison with the prizes of £1m and more that the national lottery will offer. Meanwhile, pools companies pay out roughly half their takings in tax and donations to good causes and are tightly regulated in how they can promote their games.

It would be far better for the government to throw open the market to any competitors which could show they would run lotcants could include pools companies, charities and perhaps even government departments.

At the same time, the government should create a level playing field. One way of doing this would be to set a standard tax rate of say, 50 per cent on all lottery takings. Any donations to charities or other defined good causes would be fully deductible from this tax and the profit or loss (after donations, tax, prize money and administration costs) would accrue to the private operators.

One could expect three main advantages from such a competitive market in lotteries. First, the profit motive would drive down administration costs. Second, a free market would allow punters to choose where their money went by playing those games which sponsored their favourite causes Finally, since the money for good causes would not flow through a fund controlled by a government minister, there would be no danger of the Treasury consolidating it into public funds at some future

Deal in the air

ALTHOUGH British Airways yesterday secured one big advance in its global strategy, the purchase of a stake in Qantas, the prospects are not bright for its plan to buy 44 per cent of USAir, the sixth largest American carrier.

The proposed deal is on Mr John Major's agenda for his talks this weekend with President George Bush, but the signs are that insufficient progress has been made at lower levels to permit the two leaders to provide the final push. BA and USAir have said the bid will lapse on December 24 if it is not approved by then.
If the bid falls, it will be a pity.

Opportunities to shift the logiam preventing Britain and the US from securing what they both say they want – a liberal agreement on transatiantic air services – do not present themselves every day. The UK government's desire to see BA establish itself in the US market should have been and perhaps still can be the occasion for Washington to prise open the British air market to the advantage of consumers in both countries.

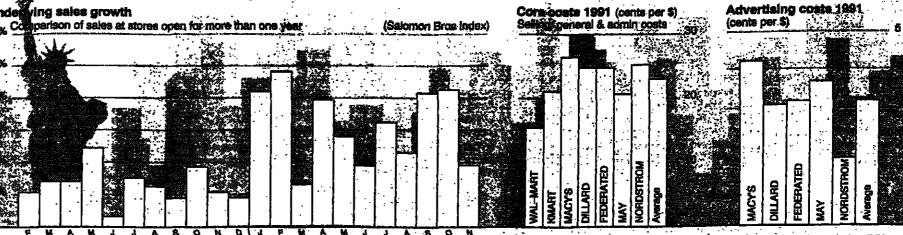
The three largest American airlines have led resistance to the deal because they fear that BA, which is gaining increasing free-dom to operate within the EC, is skilfully aiming to establish itself, from its powerful Heathrow base, as the world's leading airline.

This, they say, is not fair since US airlines are restricted in Britain and the rest of the EC. They also argue that the BA-U-SAir deal would be illegal in allowing effective control of a US carrier to pass into the hands of foreigners. This latter issue is of the type which makes lawyers rich, since both sides have a plau-

The UK's latest bid to advance the argument is to offer a threestage liberalisation, first involving immediate access for US carriers to Britain's regional airports, conditional only upon approval of the BA-USAir deal. This would be followed by the opening up of transatlantic routes to Gatwick and Stansted airports, in return for the US easing its rules on foreign ownership of US airlines. Finally, at an unspecified date, the two countries would complete an "open skies" agreement, in which US carriers would have unres-

tricted access to Heathrow.
Although the US airlines have overstated their argument, there is no doubt that they have a case on the most crucial issue, access to Heathrow, where congestion is so great and BA's grip so firm that even a formal lifting of restrictions would not guarantee access to adequate take-off and landing slots. Although BA regards its Heathrow position as non-negotiable, Mr Major should not hesitate to place it on the table. If the BA-USAir deal can be the trigger for a big bang in liberalising transatlantic air services, it is worth fighting for. If not, not.

US 🧝 retail sales: a happy new year ?



ony is selling Christmas trees on New York City's West Side docks in a makeshift stall he built just after Thanksgiving Day. Trade, he claims, has been steady so far. But suddenly a freezing sleet storm descends. "Just what we don't need," he mutters grimly, from the depths of a large

A Manhattan tree-seller is a minuscule part of the vast US retail sector, but such sentiments could have come as easily from the nation's largest store chains. They are putting a brave face on the holiday season - the month between Thanksgiving and Christmas Day, during which retailers make up to 40 per cent of their annual sales and 50 per cent of profits. But lingering hopes that 1992 would be the year when holiday shoppers returned in force have now largely been aban-doned, and everyone is hoping that vagaries, such as the weather, do not work against them.

Even if the holiday season meets retailers' expectations, the longer-term outlook is mixed. On the plus side, the wave of bankruptcies and reorganisations in the late 1980s and early 1990s means that some companies are now more efficient, while pressure from the discountstore sector has forced all chains to examine their operating practices and cost structures. On the minus side, the retail industry is oversuppiled with space, while consumer confidence, which is closely associated with the shaky jobs market, is

at a delicate stage of recovery.

Progress for much of the past year has been patchy for the nation's shopkeepers. According to a Salomon Bros index, monthly same-store sales growth - that is, at stores which have been operating for more than a year - ranged from only 1.6 per cent to 9.6 per cent in the first 11 months of 1992.

Nevertheless, the figure has topped 5 per cent in seven of these months, a rate of underlying sales improvement not seen last year. Given that the US inflation rate has been less than 4 per cent all year, this suggests that some headway - albeit modest - is being made. By contrast, however, in the early 1980s comparable store sales growth during the Christmas period reached double-digit figures.

Individual retailers, releasing their own monthly sales figures, provide more details. After the weak 1991-92 holiday season, most started this year in fairly cheerful fashion - partly because their sales looked good compared with the same period of 1990-91 when the Gulf war was about to begin. Samestore sales growth flagged during the summer, but picked up with "back-to-school" purchases in Sep-

Not such a bleak midwinter

Many US retailers feel optimistic about the Christmas season, but the longer-term outlook is still uncertain, says Nikki Tait

tember. It remained relatively buoy-ant in October and November. Sears Roebuck, one of the largest and oldest US retailers, which sells everything from furniture to fashion, exemplifies the trend. In January and February, monthly comparable sales growth ran at 7 to 8 per cent, but by June and July the retailer was posting declines of 2.8 per cent and 2.2 per cent respectively. tively. In August, matters turned positive again, and over the past three months there has been an average comparable store sales gain of almost 5 per cent - a revival which Mr Arthur Martinez, the new head of merchandise operations, described as an encouraging portent for the holiday season.

In the more specialised fashion sector. The Limited also moved from comparable sales gains of 8 and 5 per cent in the first two months of the year to declines in May, June and July, it, too, found autumn more clement, and by November underlying sales growth was 8 per cent.

In large part, this pattern can be attributed to trends in the US economy, rather than any retailing initiative. Unemployment rose early in the year, and then declined modestly in the autumn. Consumer confidence, which sagged mid-year, perked up last month. Consumer credit has been falling steadily; by October, instalment debt accounted for 16.5 per cent of personal disposable income, compared with 18.5 per cent three years ago. But retailers are aware that

results to date fade in importance compared with those achieved in the holiday season. This began encouragingly — despite the torren-tial rain which poured down on Macy's Thanksgiving parade. One of the largest US cheque acceptance companies - which verifies and guarantees cheque payments - calculated that day-after Thanksgiving retail sales were up by about 5.1 per cent nationally.

Since then, the retail industry has been waiting expectantly - largely because, with Christmas Day falling on a Friday, the selling period starting at Thanksgiving is two days longer this year than last. And as Minneapolis-based retailer Day-ton Hudson points out, this means that some promotional releases, in newscapers and other media, have been delayed. As a result, reliable sments of trading cannot be

made until after this weekend. Even so, some geographical nuances are already apparent. Virtually all the "national" chains say that the west coast is proving to be worse than expected, while the south-east is beating expectations. Carter Hawley Hale, the Los Angeles-based fashion-store chain, which has just emerged from bankruptcy with an approved reorganisation plan, makes 87 per cent of its sales in California. Conditions, it says bluntly, are "extremely tough".

New York-based department store group, sends the same message: Florida and Georgia are buoyant, and New York City and Washington DC are encouraging. But California: remains "very poor", because consumer confidence remains even lower there than in many other parts of the country.

But even if, nationally, holiday sales growth turns out to be merely respectable, Wall Street expects many retailers to see more signifcant progress in profit terms. Most chains have assumed that holiday sales growth will be modest and have therefore ordered stocks conservatively. There are even tales of big catalogue operators scrabbling for merchandise, because there are not enough goods to go round. Retailers also believe that price

cutting, although still prevalent, is slightly less fierce than a year ago. Nevertheless, savings of 40 to 50 per cent on a wide variety of merchan-dise were being touted by A&S, the east coast department store chain, and Macy's. Earlier in the season, some retailers concentrated on promoting modestly priced items. The classy Neiman Marcus catalogue, for instance, began with several pages of "gifts under \$25" and "gifts under \$50" — which bought anything from a cloisonné egg box to a

leather compact disc carrier. In addition, three years in a tough trading environment have made most store chains acutely conscious of their cost-base - they recognise the need to employ no more than the minimum of additional staff at Christmas, time promotions better, achieve better stock control and so on. "Even if they only get 3-4 per cent sales growth, I think it's going to be a good Christmas for most retailers," predicts Ms Barbara Wedelstaedt, analyst at McCarthy, Crisanti and Maffel, the high-yield securities specialist.

So, assuming there are no

unpleasant surprises between now and the new year, does this mean that the US retail sector - which led the nation's economy into recession – is heading for a robust 1998? Not entirely. First, most store sector analysts say that there is still an oversupply of retail space in the US. Although expansion has slowed since the 1970s and early 1980s, consultants at Deloitte & Touche calculate that retail space has increased by 17 per cent since 1985. "More space will have to go out of the market," comments Mr Irwin Cohen, a partner at Deloitte and chairman of the accountant's retail and distribution services group.

Again, this is partly a regional problem, and in certain areas the battle for space is still flerce. Only last month, two medium-sized discount retailers, Caldor and Bradlees, fought in a bankruptcy court for the leases on haif a dozen stores formerly occupied by Alexander's, the now-defunct New York City

department store group - a battle won by Caldor.
Second, although sizeable retail groups such as Federated Depart-ment Stores, Revco and Carter Haw-ley Hale have emerged from bank-ruptcy protection during the past 12 months after restructuring their marrations and balance sheets, seeoperations and balance sheets, several retailers still have to complete

Macy's, which filed for bankruptcy protection at the beginning of 1992, is perhaps the best known. The company recently presented a business plan to its creditors. It called for a leaner operational structure, more focus by specific stores on local customer demands, and sharper retailing techniques. Most retail observers warn that these measures will do little more than bring the group up to date with rivals such as Dillard, which employ more sophisticated retailing methods. Creditors, meanwhile, reckon that it could be another 18

months before the bankruptcy shield is shed.

But Macy's situation is better than that of a handful of other store groups. For example, Ames Department Stores, a general merchandise chain which now has 369 outlets, has floundered in bankruptcy for more than two years, closing more than 300 stores in the process. In the face of continuing losses, its board asked for the chief executive's resignation earlier this month as part of a management shake-up. More fundamentally, perhaps, the challenge to the rest of the retail sector from the discount chains shows no sign of easing. Discount chains such as Wal-Mart and Kmart have significantly lower cost-structures and offer cheaper prices. Some observers, however, believe that the department stores have begun to get the measure of their opponents. Last autumn, these more traditional retailers ran limited, discountchain-style promotions of "buck-toschool" goods, to entice price-con-scious shoppers into their stores.

Finally, even if the recession has ebbed in the US, retailers are not certain that consumer demand will pick up significantly next year. The optimists argue that households have been postponing spending decisions for several years, so that a large amount of "pent-up" demand is waiting to be released.

Some big retailers are much more cautious. "I see 2, 3, 4 per cent growth for the next couple of years," says Mr Joseph Antonini, head of Kmart. "I don't see a robust economy and the reason for that is the job situation. I think it's improving, but I don't think you're going to see 8, 7 or 8 per cent growth rates. As retailers we have to accept this and make money within that type of environment."

Serbia's stark choice

Sunday's elections could determine whether the Bosnian conflict spreads into a wider Balkan war, says Laura Silber

between continuing international isolation and a chance for a fresh start.

Sunday's parliamentary and presidential elections in Serbia and Montenegro, which comprise the unrecognised Yugoslav federation, could determine whether peace can be returned to Bosnia; they could also determine whether the conflict spreads into a wider Balkan war.

The contest for Serbian president appears simple. Some 6.9m voters will chose between Yugoslav Prime Minister Milan Panic, the Belgradeborn California millionaire who promises peace and prosperity, and Mr Slobodan Milosevic, the incumbent. Mr Milosevic promises the same, but since coming to power in 1987 his aggressive territorial expansionism has led to the disintegration of the former Yugoslavia and pushed Serbla relentlessly into war and economic chaos.

If Mr Milosevic is re-elected, his policy of confrontation in Bosnia is unlikely to change, possibly provok-ing ethnic violence in Serbia itself. If Mr Panic is elected he will try however improbably - to negotiate a peace in Bosnia by disavowing Mr Milosevic's ambitions of creating a "greater Serbia".

The alternatives facing voters should therefore be clear. But in Serbia's distorted political landscape, where paranoia and a sense of victimisation prevail, the race is wide open.

Amid mounting international demands to prosecute Serbian leaders as war criminals for their "ethnic cleansing", Mr Milosevic will cling to power at all costs. If he fails to gain the 50 per cent majority required to win outright in the first round of elections, western diplomats fear Mr Milosevic will provoke ethnic violence in Serbia to rally Serbs around him. If he is defeated

fter more than a year of war and economic decline, Serbs are facing a choice in the run-off, he could refuse to cede power and unleash a wave of violence which could spill into Kosovo in southern Serbia where Serbs and ethnic Albanians are in conflict, and even beyond the rump of

Yugoslavia. Clashes in these regions could draw in neighbouring Albania, Macedonia or Hungary, and could even touch off a chain reaction eventually affecting Greece and Turkey. By stoking unrest, Mr Milosevic would be throwing down a blatant challenge to any successor regime. If Mr Milosevic and his so-called Socialists [the former communists] with their ultra-nationalist allies

ment, the war in neighbouring Bosnia will continue and ethnic cleansing will gain momentum in Serbia. The Serbian president can call on the support of officials, police and bosses of state companies who will lose their jobs if he is defeated. Well-armed fighters loyal to the Serbian president stalk the streets of Belgrade with impunity. If Milosevic's regime is deposed the tens of thousands of paramilitaries would join the 40,000-strong Serbian police force in its defence. The top echelon of the Yugoslav army has given

win a controlling majority in parlia-

support to the federal government in Belgrade under Mr Panic. State television is Mr Milosevic's most important weapon. Praise for the Serbian president, coupled with vicious attacks on Mr Panic, have bolstered Mr Milosevic and spread the notion that his rival is a CIA agent, conspiring to tighten United Nations sanctions and give away Kosovo - seen by Serbs as the seat of their civilisation - to

Few know of Mr Panic's dynamic campaign, partly because indepen-dent television, the only service to which he has access, does not broadcast beyond Belgrade. He tells cheering crowds he will make them . rich, so he can hand over their

taxes to the state. This slogan would not win voters in the west, but it offers a semblance of normal-

ity in a climate of fear.

Predictably, state television paints a fanciful picture of Serbig's economic recovery under the embargo, Mr Milosevic fills the screen each night, boasting of oil discoveries and defiantly pledging that Serbs will never bend to the will of the international commu-

Except for a flourishing arms industry, the real economic picture is a grim contrast with Mr Milosevic's claims. Living standards have plummeted and industry is on the printed and industry is on the brink of collapse. Inflation is run-ning at 30 per cent a month and the average monthly salary is about \$60, a tenth of what it was five years ago in real terms. In an effort to lure voters, workers have been given holiday bonuses, and pensions have been paid out in full for the first time in many months.

Before the election campaign, the Serbian opposition, disorganised and quarrelsome, had been a fbin reedy voice, defending itself against the charge of betraying Serbia. Now, Depos, the main opposition coalition, and the Democratic party. coalition, and the Democratic party, a centrist group, have ralifed behind Mr Panic but they too, soffer from lack of access to the state media. The opposition, working on a shoestring budget, is optimistle, however, saying they will split the vote with the Socialists.

Opinion polls, many of which are unraliable because nolling is still

unreliable because politing is still undeveloped, predict Mr Panic will coast to victory on the back of support in the opposition stronghold of Belgrade and a few other cities and a mong national minorities which make up a third of Serbia specials.



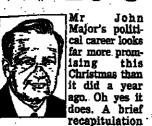
tion.

For all the risks of civil war, the stark choice facing Serbid is simbols, it is in Mr Panic's campaign slogan.

"It's now or never."

Joe Rogaly

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will make the point. In December 1991 the prime minister was rightly given credit for his part in negotiating the then newly minted Maastricht deal. Against all expectations, he achieved terms that had been agreed in advance by the entire cabinet. He thought that the package had therefore been pre-sold to parliament and the people. It was, he said, "game, set and match" for Britain. That should have given him a warm glow. If so, it did not last. Before Christmas day dawned Mr Christopher Patten, then chairman of the Conservative party, had warned Mr Major that he could lose the forthcoming general election.

What was worse, the Treasury thought so too. The contest could not be postponed for more than six months. There was scant reason to assume that the recession would end before the government's time was up. Without some indication that an economic upturn was on its way the Conserva-tives' chances of survival seemed to the party's leaders to be slim. There was no prece-dent for a fourth election victory in a row. It did not look like one would be set in 1992. Labour was apparently more popular than it had been since 1979. Its leader, Mr Neil Kinnock, was confident; its shadow ministers looked like winners. In contrast, the government appeared tired, devoid of new ideas, ready to be replaced after nearly 13 years

in office. We may therefore conclude that the prospect for Mr Major last Christmas must have seemed awful. It was just a ear since he had stepped into Number 10 Downing Street. The prime minister had conducted himself well during the Gulf war, but had achieved little else, apart from the necessary abolition of the poll tax. Losing the election would cost him his job as Conservative leader. He faced an ignomini-ous end to a brief spell as the unknown prime minister. If history remembered him for anything, it would be for fail-

ing his party. As we know, the nightmare did not come true. The tri-umph was Mr Major's. On April 9 the electorate demonstrated, conclusively, that it would not contemplate a one formed by Mr Kinnock's remodelled party. Less than 35 per cent of the votes cast were for Labour. That is a smaller proportion than was achieved after the winter of discontent in 1979. No wonder it now

After snatching defeat from the jaws of victory, Major's new year prospects look surprisingly rosy



looks like the party of permanent opposition. Even a Clintoneque change of policy following a report from the its new Commission for Social Justice might not save it. The Tories scored a fraction under 42 per cent in April, virtually the same as in 1987 and 1983. The events of the recent *autumnus* horribilis aside, theirs is now becoming the party of perma-

nent complacency.

This simple arithmetic transformed the outlook for Mr Major. He became Conservative prime minister in his own right, not merely the fortunate victor of a party leadership during the 13 weeks since Black Wednesday, but he is still there. To those who live Mr Major continues in possession of the levers uniquely available to a British prime minister - the patronage, the ability to make or break the careers of his colleagues, the loyalty of (most of) his party. His popularity has vanished but much of it can be won back. His authority has dwindled, but most of it can be recovered. He can repair his reputation, if not completely,

His success in Edinburgh last weekend may have closed a chapter which, in time, could shrink to a footnote

contest. He could appoint his own cabinet, promote his own policies, and lead Britain towards Europe in the manner of his own choice, rather than that of his predecessor. He could look forward to being prime minister in the year 2000, presiding grandly over celebrations financed in part by the proceeds of the new national lottery announced

yesterday. He can still do so, in spite of everything that has happened since the election. His reputa-tion has been torn to shreds est rates, plus a US recovery, must have a beneficial effect

then in sufficient measure for him to be able to do his job. More to the point, he can assume that most people will feel better off next Christmas. When the measures of eco-nomic optimism are once against positive, some of his popularity will be regained. The press has (so far) failed to

leagues believe that the government's recovery began six weeks ago, following the prime minister's parliamentary victory by a majority of three in the celebrated vote on the bill to ratify the Maastricht treaty. If you accept this, the period of maximum demoralisation is seen to have been only seven weeks. It began when Britain fell out of the exchange rate mechanism on September 16 and ended on November 4, when the Torles scraped home late at night in the Commons. During all that time no minister or official apologised for the sudden collapse of the government's European and economic policies. The administration has simply reasserted itself. If fate has no more shocks in store, Mr Major's second Maastricht success, in Edinburgh last weekend, will be seen to have closed a chapter that, in time, could shrink to a foot-Yet we have all, the prime minister included, learned a

Most of Mr Major's col-

great deal. Mr Major and his colleagues have been given the roughest possible lesson in the realities of governing with a majority of only 21. Since any dozen Tories can, in cahoots with the opposition, topple the government, the Cabinet must proceed with caution. This suits Mr Major's temperament. The chancellor's Autumn Statement introduced a cau-tious incomes policy for public sector workers, with hopes of a knock-on to the private sector. It threw in a timid U-turn towards an industrial policy. When Mr Michael Heseltine has completed his review of pit closures it will doubtless contain a careful reference to "energy policy", an interventionist phrase until recently abhorred by Tory ministers. Social security remains sacrosanct, and uncut. Thus have Mr Major's Conservatives moved to the left of, say, Mr Bill Clinton's Democrats.

The country now perceives the prime minister's principal weaknesses, which include a stubborn defence of what has become indefensible, a reluc-tance to move ahead of his party, and an assumption of grandeur combined with a deficiency of grand ideas. It is also aware of his strengths, which lie in the area of one-to-one negotiations, deal-making, attention to detail, and willingness to consult his colleagues Once the unknown Mr Nice Guy, Mr Major has become the all too well-known flawed politician. He cannot be cast in the heroic mould of his predecessor, which is a great relief. He dislodge the chancellor; for his is down to size: an ordinary looks understandably tired, mess of his extraordinary job a can tell himself that the eco-nomic cycle has not been abolmonth or so ago and is now nomic cycle has not been abolished, that the September 16 devaluation, plus lower interage rates also a lower interage rates and a lower interage rates and a lower interage rates are rates and a lower interage rates and a lower many more Christmases to

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Fax 071 873 5938. Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Carlton TV committed to current affairs

From Mr Peter Ibbotson. Sir, As a one-time member of the This Week production team, I share some of Christopher Dunkley's sadness at the passing of the programme ("Sad goodbye to long-term survivors", December 16). A

pity, though, that despite infor-mation made available to him on This Week's final edition, he sketches a less-than-accurate picture of the plans of traders in the UK. This would not only unlock the many millions of pounds Carlton, which takes over from Thames on January 1. The Good Sex Guide is not

Cariton's "top-ranked" factual programme. As he knows, the major current affairs programme which we will supply to ITV is Storyline, commis-sioned from a former World in Action producer of considerable experience. It will be broadcast at 19.30 on Thursdays for the first seven weeks of 1993, returning later for a further six editions, and we hope thereafter on a more regular basis. That decision is for the network, and not for Carlton to make. And the Cook Report has not been scheduled for this slot.

Last, it seems that nostalgia breeds anachronism. It is a long time since any UK current affairs programme found it editorially or financially sensible to base its agenda on flying out crews "to cover any trouble spot in the world". As successive editors of Panorama and This Week have discovered over the past 15 years, the rev olution in satellite news-gathering and the multiplication of other news-based factual programmes have made instant reaction a rare feature of the llagship titles.

That is, of course, part of a broader debate about the role and scheduling of factual programmes. Suffice it to say that Carlton has every intention to offer current affairs programming of quality and substance from January 1993. Peter Ibbotson.

director of corporate affairs, Carlton Television, 101 St Martin's Lane, Condon WC2N 4AZ

Zero rating would unlock cash and cut out red tape

From Dr Bernard Juby.
Sir, The government could

unravel a veritable Gordian knot of red tape (The Growing Business: "Untying the tangle of red tape", December 15) by extending the principle of zero rating value added tax on imports from EC member states - due to be introduced on January 1 - to credit transactions between registered

currently churning back and forth in the system (since the only time that Customs and Excise collects and keeps the

money is at the final point of sale to a non-registered trader) but would also radically reduce the potential fines, penalties and imprisonment currently inherent in the system, even for simple, unpremeditated

Who knows, the money thus unlocked could even help to stimulate Britain's sluggish economy. Bernard Juby.

chairman, trade and industry policy unit, Federation of Small Businesses, 140 Lower Marsh, Westminster Bridge,

Prof Godley's uncanny record of economic forecasting

From Mr Andrea Boitho. Sir, Professor Wynne God-ley's forecasting record stretches beyond having been uncannily right about Britain's balance of payments, unem-ployment and growth in the 1980s (Monday Interview,

December 14). In 1972, when editor of the OECD's Economic Outlook (and hence responsible for fore-casting), I was visited by Prof Godley, who predicted that the ORCD area would soon face a massive term of trade deterioration, with serious conse quences for inflation and real incomes. The hypothesis struck me, and several of my | Oxford OX1 4AU

checked it, as utterly implausi-ble - the terms of trade had hardly moved for some 15 to 20 years and even if they were going to worsen on this occasion, the impact of any change could only be small.

I wish I had listened to him - the OECD secretariat would

colleagues with whom

have been able to warn member countries more forcefully of the impending 1973 inflation instead of underestimating it by the then very large margin of nearly 4 percentage points. fellow and tutor in economics, Magdalen Collage,

Statistical change-over

Sir, I would like to correct some impressions given in Eco-nomic Viewpoint (December about trade statistics.
 First, Intrastat, the new

trade system, is a European Community-wide system developed by the European Community. Decisions were taken Community-wide not to overlap the new and the old customs-based trade statistics systems. The reason for doing so was not to impose a very onerous reporting burden on the bigger companies which will now be filling out the monthly trade statistics returns.

Second, it is grossly unfair to infer that this decision not to overlap the two systems is in any way related to what has happened to the UK economy at the moment. I simply draw your attention to the fact that this pause in publication of economic trade statistics was first announced in February

this year. Third, to be certain that statistical returns of the intrastat system are complete and accurate, the period up to June will be used to check intensively that the data meet our usual high-quality standards, includ-ing checks against equivalent VAT returns. If other member states actually do publish statistics before the UK, users would be advised to check their quality very carefully. W McLennan,

Central Statistical Office. Great George Street. London SWIP 3AQ

Merit of positive manufacturing trade balance

From Mr Michael Wilmot. Sir, in a detailed account just published of policy changes which have taken place since sterling's exit from the ERM, the Treasury states that, prior to this, there was a clear and unambiguous target for policy to aim at - sterling's position within its ERM bands. Now, though, the new regime is of

necessity more judgmental. I have two points to make:

It was not true that the unambiguous target for policy was sterling's position within its ERM bands. The unambigu-ous target was the reduction of inflation, and the method used was the holding of sterling's position in the ERM bands. • It is not true that the new regime has to be of necessity more judgmental; indeed, it is especially important now that a new clear goal for policy is

put in place. It has been heartening to see that the regeneration of manufacturing in Britain is now almost on the government's agenda, but it is too vague a | London SW3 1PP

goal currently stated. I suggest that what is required is a new central objective to create a positive and sustainable trade balance in manufacturing by the end of this parliament. The merit of such a target is that, as the trade balance improves, so will money market perceptions of sterling improve, in turn leading to a reduction in inflation

as sterling improves. Michael Wilmot,

OBSERVER

Busting the

opposition

Elections in east Asia are assumed to be very much ma affairs. Hence assumed to be very much male affairs. Hence no surprise that presidential candidates in today's South Korean election depict one middle-aged politician after another - all short hair-cuts dressed in business suits.

The only hint of femininity

in the placard for Kim Ok-sun is her pink tie. A former opposition MP, the 58-year-old Kim is making history as the first woman to run for president in her country. Ever since she entered politics in the 1960s, she has donned masculine attire in an attempt to blend in. "Men's suits and ties are the uniform of politics," is her view.

Contrast the approach of Hsu Hsiao-dan, a candidate in parliamentary elections tomorrow, this time in conservative Taiwan, where breasts - her own - have featured at the forefront of her campaign, which is running the slogan "let Taiwan be as firm as my breast and politics as honest as my body". Accused by an opponent of having starred in a

pornographic movie, Hsu exposed a breast at a political rally to demonstrate she did not have the film star's prominent mole. In her first, unsuccessful, election race in 1989, she bared her breasts for democracy more regularly, but has since toned down the act. However, she still pledges to strip off in parliament if it would aid the passage of a bill.

Easy come

■ So what does the man who beat Europe's central banks during the autumn currency crisis do with his money?

Today George Soros, the Hungarlan-born American financier, will give away \$50m to help Bosnia. It will be administered by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees. While it is impossible to think of a more generous single donation by a private individual, the sum of money is overshadowed by the profits that Soros and his fellow investors are rumoured to have made on Black Wednesday. Forbes magazine estimates that Soros made \$1.5bn in September's currency upheavals by selling \$7bn of sterling short and buying \$5bn of D-Marks.

Gafta's new pew ■ After three moves in one year, the UK's grain and feed merchants have found a final resting place for Gafta, their trade association - a disused 150-year-old chapel on the outskirts of the City of London Unfortunately, the symbolism of this week's grand opening was spoiled when John Gummer, Britain's saintly minister of agriculture, failed to turn up. He was detained on EC business and left it to one of his deputies, Earl Howe, to give the blessing.

Dreaming spiral ■ Oxford must be mortified by the Universities Funding Council's assessment of research quality. Oxford lags fer behind Cambridge, and barely nosed ahead of University College, London, in the number of its centres judged to be conducting research of an international

The dreaming spires house the largest history and French departments in the country. Both are judged inferior to their Cambridge counterparts. Oxford's historians are even



Only one illegal trading day

ranked behind the hoi polloi at Birmingham. In politics and international relations. Oxford is outscored not just by the LSE and King's, London, but by Essex, Hull and Manchester. It is a similarly sorry tale in sociology, statistics, music agriculture, education and hisiness/management studies. Cherwell sources were quick to point to excessive teaching loads, and were none too polite about the assessment exercise

itself. They may have a point

there. Alas, whingeing will not get the Campaign for Oxford far in its quest for business and alumni millions. Perhaps the accumulated reserves should be spent on a Brummie historian or two ...

Family affairs ■ Minorco may be a publicly quoted company but it has been wrestling with a common family problem for some time - whether to choose Harry Oppenheimer's former son-in-law or his godson to run the husiness. Harry O is 84 and long since

retired from Anglo American Corporation, which controls Minorco. But his family company still effectively controls Anglo, South Africa's biggest business, and no important decision is taken without sounding out his opinion. So it would not be surprising if the old man had a hand in ensuring that former son-in-law Hank Slack, 41, is made chief executive of a streamlined Minorco. Slack has been chairman of its management committee since 1989.

Roger Phillimore, a 42-year-old godson, has decided to call it a day and go off "to dabble in the arts", something he has long wanted to do. Tony Lea, who along with Slack and Phillimore, had been dispatched from Anglo in 1988 to shake up Minorco, has been offered a job back at Anglo's headquarters in Johannesburg.

The three young Turks arrived at Minorco with a bang making a £2.9bn bid for Consolidated Gold Fields. But after this failed, they lost their adventurous spirit. Minorco's shares remain at a discount of about 40 per cent to net asset value - the same ratio as when they started out. Having, in effect, three managing directors couldn't have helped.

No comment ■ In search of an economical

way of preparing your Christmas gifts in this recession-hit year? Homes and Gardens magazine has a festive tip in its January edition: "Try using pages of the Financial Times tied up with upholstery webbing for a stylish and economical wrapping idea."
According to Observer's calculations, using the FT for wrapping paper works out at around 3p a sheet, or less than

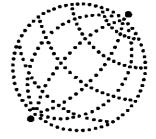
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Friday December 18 1992

French try to keep a cool head as the franc falters in the ERM

James Blitz in London and Alice Rawsthorn in Paris on the bid for parity

THE French government yesterday issued a strong rally-ing call in defence of the franc's existing parity against the D-Mark, but decided not to raise official interest rates.

Mr Pierre Bérégovoy, the French prime minister, told a news conference in Paris, at which he was expected to announce an interest rate rise. that the existing parity against the D-Mark, was inviolable.

"This government must keep its cool," he said. "I am absolutely against any talk of devaluation or of floating the European

In Frankfurt Bundesbank President Helmut Schlesinger said he still saw no reason to change European exchange rate mechanism parities involving the French franc. He added, however, that it was up to each country to take care of its own currency.

The franc, which has fallen this week to within one centime of its ERM floor against the D-Mark, slipped momentarily against the German currency yesterday.

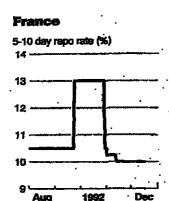
The French government has for five months defended the "franc fort", the cornerstone of its economic policy, against intense cur-

rency speculation. But Mr Bérégovoy's words could not mask what one dealer called the franc's "significant loss of credibility" in recent weeks. Some analysts believe that a devaluation of the franc is a possibility next year. The move would seriously damage the ERM, whose cornerstone was the fixing of the D-Mark and franc parities in 1979. It might even call into question the entire project of European Monetary Union, of which the ERM is the foundation. Some foreign exchange dealers

EC takes final

a single market

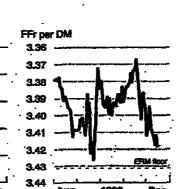
steps towards



are bracing themselves for what could be a New Year of intense speculation against the franc, now the weakest currency in the ERM. Currency trading is thin, but the pressure on the franc has remained intense in recent days. Yesterday, the currency dipped below the FFr3.42 level against the D-Mark, a centime above its ERM floor of FFr3.4305.

The currency has also fallen this week through the critical level of minus 75 percentage points on the ERM's "divergence indicator". This measures a currency's relative strength against the Ecu. Once a currency has reached this level, it is presumed that its central bank should defend it by intervention and by

raising interest rates. Currency pressure has also forced France's state-owned banks to raise base rates by 0.55 percentage points in the wake of rises in money market rates. "The French government is clearly concerned about industrial confidence and would like to stimulate investment, so the base



Christopher Potts, chief economist of Banque Indosuez in Paris. Dealers are now wondering whether the pressures on the currency will intensify in the New Year. A devaluation of the franc would threaten the ERM because. by all reasonable standards, it should not be taking place.

On the economic fundamentals, the franc should be a candidate for revaluation against the D-Mark. France's year-on-year consumer price inflation is 2.1 per cent. well below western Germany's level of 3.7 per cent. France also enjoys a healthy annualised trade balance of FFr4.71bn Germany, meanwhile, appears

to be entering a serious recession. The Ifo institute claimed this week that German GDP could fall by 0.5 per cent next However, the franc is falling

victim to the same belief in the

inviolability of the D-Mark that

was at the root of the September currency crisis. "The German currency is being

because of the belief that the German currency will never be devalued," says Mr Paul Chertkow, global currency strategist at UBS Philips and Drew in London. Consequently there is no risk in investing in three-month

D-Marks. Compounding the faith in the German currency is uncertainty that the French government can go on defending the franc's existing parity by raising interest rates. A further tightening of monetary policy would be uncomfortable, since French unemployment is at 10.4 per cent.

Miss Alison Cottrell, an economist at Greenwell Montagu in London, believes that the unwillingness to raise official interest rates may create tensions between the Bundesbank and the Bank of France. She believes the Bundesbank will support the franc through intervention only if France plays by ERM rules and tightens monetary policy first.

Mr Chertkow, of UBS Philips and Drew, is more optimistic. However, he also believes that there is a 30-to-40 per cent chance that market pressure on the franc will overwhelm the com-bined efforts of the Bundesbank and Bank of France next year. In this situation, France and Germany will resort to temporar-

ily suspending the ERM for a limited period. "Devaluation would be the death-knell of the system," he says. "But a suspension of the ERM would allow the market to determine what the fair value for

> Editorial Comment, Page 14 Government bonds, Page 21

Nato divided over strength of action needed on Bosnia

By Andrew Hill in Brussels

EC MEMBER states gave the final impetus yesterday to a barrier-free European market and made preparations for lifting border controls on goods on

Januarv 1. In their last meeting before the market is formally opened, EC internal market ministers agreed 12 measures, bringing the total of 282 measures to just short of the full programme of single market legislation proposed in 1985.

But European consumer groups are complaining that there will be no genuine free market for EC citizens because of gaps, inadequate redress mechanisms and delays in implementation of existing legislation.

In a report issued yesterday the Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs, the European consumers' organisation, warned that "substantial barriers' remained and said there was a risk that safety and quality standards would be lowered.

Mr Karel Van Miert, EC commissioner responsible for consumer policy, admitted there were still some omissions, particularly in the field of consumer protection, but added: "It would be unfair to say that what has been done isn't, globally speak-ing, in the interests of consum-

The measures agreed yesterday

included legislation which should open up a Ecul5bn (£12bn) market for "medical devices", ranging from condoms and bandages to X-ray machines and surgical instruments. National officials said that by value it was the largest remaining gap in the market. The new system will lay down mandatory requirements on safety and performance and do away with national controls.

Ministers also formally agreed the establishment of an EC medicines agency which will centralise authorisation of new specialised medicines. It will be possible to market ordinary medicines throughout the Community on the basis of authorisation by a single member state.

Frontier controls on goods should be lifted on January 1, in spite of the fact that a definitive system for monitoring the free movement of certain products will not be in place - notably works of art and "dual-use" goods, which could be used in military or civilian fields.

 The Commission said yesterday it would look into French complaints that non-EC countries discriminate against Community telecommunications equipment manufacturers, although legislation opening up the Community market for public contracts is still likely to come into force on

Palestinians quit peace talks

By Robert Mauthner in Brussels

FOREIGN MINISTERS of the 16-member Nato alliance last night reached a shaky compromise on further action to be taken against the Bosnian Serbs. but their final declaration papered over deep differences on the nature and severity of that action.

The declaration said the United Nations Security Council would "shortly consider" the adoption of a resolution on the enforcement of the ban on military flights, which France originally hoped to propose on Sunday or Monday.

But, following tense talks between ministers meeting without their officials, the declaration became much weaker in its final version than originally intended by a small group of countries led by France and the US.

Britain and other countries were instrumental in inserting the proviso that a UN resolution on the enforcement of the flight ban should "bear in mind the need to continue the current humanitarian effort in Bosnia". However, Mr Lawrence Eagleburger, US secretary of state.

per cent. German banks should

also agree to be bound by an

equal obligation to identify stake

building in German companies.

"It would cost very little for

companies to comply with such

proposals, in relation to the dam-

age that is done to the equity

market as a result of the current

state of affairs," he said. "The

general perception of the public

warned that humanitarian aid might have to stop if the UN took steps to enforce the ban. Britain had earlier warned that military action against the Bosnian Serb militias could provoke attacks on aid convoys. A further note of restraint was

struck in the subsequent phrase that "should such a resolution be adopted, and should violations [of the flight banl continue thereafter. we would be prepared to support the UN in enforcing that resolution." That fell well short of the calls for action which had been voiced by some countries. Earlier in the negotiations. Mr

Roland Dumas, the French foreign minister, supported by his Dutch and Turkish colleagues, proposed that the Security Council should vote as early as Sunday or Monday on a tough resolution enforcing the no-fly zone in Bosnian air space, imposed by the council in Octo-

However, the 12 other Nato members opposed any military steps which could endanger the lives of troops of the UN protection force and humanitarian aid workers and prevent aid convoys from reaching their goal.

Those countries supporting military measures all said they were thinking in terms of action by aircraft. All members of the alliance agreed that the enforcement measures should not involve new ground troops.

Mr Radovan Karadzic, the Bosnian Serb leader, warned in a letter to the UN of retaliatory action should the flight ban be enforced

New German takeover rules

Continued from Page 1 who had strongly opposed the 66

ories, Mr Rabin added: "We chose the way which involves the least violation of human life and prop erty." The High Court panel

backed his decision by 5-2. Palestinians said the expulsions went beyond the harsh policies of the previous government led by the hardline Likud party and undermined the credibility of Mr Rabin's commitment to the

peace talks.

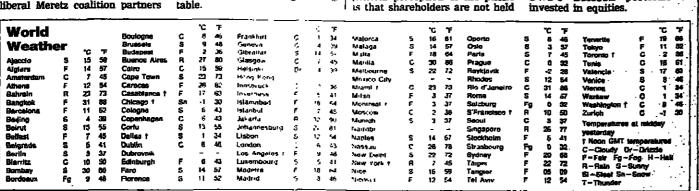
The decision was supported by ministers from Labour's left-liberal Meretz coalition partners

previous deportations carried out during the five years of the Palestinian uprising, or Intifada, in the

occupied territories. They said the move against Hamas, which opposes the peace talks, would strengthen the position of the Palestine Liberation Organisation to continue the talks after the Clinton Administration takes over in January. But Mr Ghassan al-Khatib, from the Palestinian delegation, said it would be hard for his colleagues to return to the negotiating

Continued from Page 1 in great esteem. This would help rebalance everything in the direcment of shareholders. He said tion of shareholders. We need that companies should agree to disclose stakes when they reach 5

something to show that the shareholder matters." Mr Strenger's remarks reflect his concern, as head of Germany's leading provider of investment funds to private individuals, that Germans are averse to investing in equities. The is much lower than in the UK or the US as Germans prefer buying bonds - only 10 per cent of DWS's DM58bn portfolio is invested in equities.



THE LEX COLUMN Bad checks at Barclays

It almost beggars belief that a once great bank like Barclays could have run up an exposure of £440m to a single customer on the basis of little more than an expectation of indefinitely rising property values. Had its loans to Imry been syndicated, the bank would not be in the emharrass-ing position of making a £240m provision - enormous by any banking standard, except perhaps on sovereign

If the recriminations are likely to reverberate, the bank has at least found an orderly way of sorting out the mess. Having written off the money it lent to Marketchief to buy Imry in 1989, it is left with an expo-sure of £176m to a property company with sound management, net assets of £70m and a portfolio worth about £300m which is pretty well fully let Since Barclays is now the beneficial owner of Imry, it stands to benefit

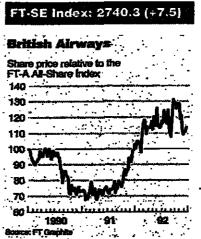
from any property market recovery. Liquidation would have been a more likely result had Imry borrowed from a syndicate. Cynics would say Barclays, too, could have chosen this route but it would then have had to make an even larger provision. It may look silly yet again if the property market continues to fall, though the existing provision covers a quarter of

its remaining exposure. Besides, there are some more immediate consequences. To restore confidence in its management, Barclays must find a banker of stature to work alongside Mr Andrew Buxton. Its 1992 dividend decision has also become even more agonising. The £165m provi-sion to be charged in the current half is larger than the market had generally expected. Since there has been no discernible improvement in the lending climate since Black Wednesday, provisions may tip the bank into pretax loss for 1992 instead of allowing a small profit. That would make a main tained payout harder to justify.

British Airways

British Airways is flying high in its quest to be global. The airline's victory in the auction to buy 25 per cent of Qantas is a welcome fillip, although bad news about its proposed \$750m investment in USAir may sour the

Qantas is undoubtedly desirable. It has a productive young fleet compati-ble with BA's. It still has to squeeze significant benefits from its acquisi-tion of Australian Airlines. And although Qantas's European traffic is



unlikely to rise heavily over the next few years, it has attractive routes in the lucrative Bangkok-Singapore-Hong Kong triangle.

But BA is paying a full fare. A cash outlay of £291m looks expensive for an investment that would have generated profits of just £9m last year, before financing costs. The deal is likely to be dilutive before contributing usefully by 1995. BA is in for the long haul. It helps, though, that the Australian gov-ernment's A\$1.35bn recapitalisation plan for Qantas will sweeten the national carrier's profits by about

As for the USAir deal, that appears to rest with Mr John Major's negotiating skills over the weekend. If the two deals were to come off, BA's debtto-capital ratio would rise to nearly 70 per cent which is close to its limit. A rights issue at the current stage of the cycle would represent poor timing. But airline industry investors must have realised by now that unpredictability is its only certainty.

Pension Funds

Regardless of the compensation scheme eventually recommended by the Goode committee, a minimum solvency requirement for pension funds is sure to follow. The limited compensation scheme proposed by the National Association of Pension Funds yesterday does not actually require underpinning by a solvency standard. But a safety net which also covered poorly-managed pension funds most certainly would. The NAPF is not alone in conceding that a solvency standard is overdue. The danger is this could be a double-edged sword.

pension fund continues to operate are hardly adequate. Measures based on the fund's ability to cover benefits in the event of winding up are closer to the mark. For example, Professor Goode might demand - as actuaries traditionally have - that pension funds can cover minimum benefits if there is a winding up by buying annuities. But should the cost of annuities rise - as it has since 1990 because of the parlous state of the insurance industry - pension fund managers would have to change investment pol-icy. That might mean buying bonds to safeguard capital at the expense of

long-term performance. Alternative tests might be a better bet, such as one which demands assets are available to protect minimum benefits if members switch to personal pensions in the event of winding up But any guarantee of solvency will carry a price. The challenge is to find a measure which safeguards minimum standards without putting potential benefits at risk.

Currencies

Mr Pierre Beregovoy's verbal sup port for the franc yesterday was, curiously, not reinforced by any move on official lending rates. Perhaps the pressures in a thin pre-Christmas market are not great enough to warrant a more robust response. The success of any defensive move depends heavily on choosing a time when a squeeze on the speculators will inflict most pain.

Then again, Germany is also under pressure. If France decided it could not take any more deflation, it would be more likely to suspend its ERM membership than just to devalue. The former course would be the only way to regain freedom over interest rate policy. But the French fundamentals are better than Germany's in so many ways - inflation, growth, current account and public finance - that, after a while, the franc could start to appreciate against the D-Mark. The cherisbed image of the D-Mark as the European currency which never depreciates would then be shattered. Even the Bundesbank might prefer

to cut rates rather than be blamed for the collapse of the ERM, not to mention damage to the Franco-German relationship. The timing, though, remains delicate. It would take a significant Bundesbank relaxation to let France off the hook before its elections in March, The foreign exchange market may decide to have a go anyway.



"For some reason, I can never take the Chairman's end-of-year strategic review as seriously as I should."

There are good moments to make serious points, and there are bad moments. And on that basis, we'll say no more except to offer you our best wishes for Christmas and the New Year.



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FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

Friday December 18 1992 OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992



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By Christopher Brown-Humes

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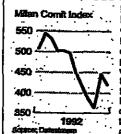
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Pepsi reclaims control in France

INSIDE

Pepsi-Cola, the US soft drinks group, has won its battle to reclaim control of the marketing and distribution of its brand in France from Perrier, the French mineral water company. The battle between Pepsi and Perrier began three years ago when Pepsi sought to rescind a contract which gave Perrier full control over the production, bottling and sales of Pepsi-Cols in the French market. Pepsi said its share of the French market had fallen from 17 per cent to 7 per cent in 10 years. Page 18

Italian interest wanes



Milan's battered bourse looks set to end the year well below the opening levels of 1992. The burst of interest in possible privatisation candidates which helped to drive the Comit (BCI) index up to almost 480 in October has now largely petered out. Though occasional titbits of news or gossip are enough to set indi-

vidual stocks such as Credito Italiano or the Nuovo Pignone engineering group in motion, such movements have not been enough to enliven the overall market. Back Page

Frothy fight



It is high summer in the southern hemisphere, the peak season for beer drinkers and in Argentina a battle is raging between two beer giants, Argentina's Quilmes brewer and Bra-zil's Brahma. Brahma is already reckoned to hold about 1 per cent of the Argentine market, and is aiming for a share of 3 to 4 per cent over the next two years. Page 20

Black mood precedes blacklist Proposals announced last month by the UK Department of Health could cost drugs groups up to 70 per cent of their National Health Service turnover. The surprise proposals involve extending blacklists of products for which the NHS will not pay, but full details of which drugs are to be blacklisted may not emerge until April. The Association of the British Pharmaceutical industry says the sector could lose sales of up to £450m (\$714m), jeopardising 5,000 jobs and £400m in investment. Page 24

Amexco may seli Shearson

American Express, the financial services and travel group, is considering the sale of majority control of its wholly-owned Shearson Lehman Brothers stockbroking and investment

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into last-minute difficulties.

The purchase of the stake in Germany's sixth biggest bank, potentially one of the largest cross-border deals in European financial services, was first announced at the beginning of last month with the aim of com-

The failure of the deal, which nies, at loggerheads for months alued the German bank at after AGF bought a 25 per cent

trades union holding company. It would also unscramble a related agreement between AMB

centre on guarantees that BIG's current owners are being asked to provide to the purchaser in respect of the bank's balance sheet liabilities, a difficult point given the rapidly deteriorating

credit environment in Germany. Another problem is believed to be that Crédit Lyonnais is seeking an "opt-out" clause which would allow it to pull out of the deal if the French government failed to give it approval to raise capital to inject into BfG.

Bankers said that negotiators

failed to reach agreement on these issues in a round of talks which took place in Paris and finished on Tuesday this week. A banker advising on the transaction said that the negotiations

were extremely difficult and that all sides involved were playing "a last-minute game of poker".

The pressure to complete the deal has mounted as AMB has called a special supervisory board meeting for tomorrow. It is likely this meeting would cancel the transaction if no agreement had

been reached. Companies involved limited their comment on the developments yesterday to saying that they hoped that agreement would

SKF, the world's leading roller bearing manufacturer, yesterday said it would incur a SKr1.8bn (\$264m) loss in 1992 as it announced an intensification of its job reduction programme in the face of worsening conditions

in key European markets.

The Swedish group said most of the loss would arise from a SKr1.1bn provision connected to a plan to cut 4,000 jobs next year and a further 1,000 in

The cuts represent an increase of 2,000 on figures announced in October, and will bring staff levels (excluding the planned dis-posal of CTT Tools) down to

Market conditions for SKF's products have deteriorated sharply in the past few months as the group was expecting a profit for the full year as recently as August.

It noted yesterday that its new rationalisation programme had been prompted by a continuing decline in European demand in the final quarter, with many cus-

"European demand for the group's core product, roller bear-

Europe accounts for 60 per cent of SKF's sales so the prospect of an upturn in the US,

months, said it was continuing which have fallen by SKr2bn

enhance cash-flow and reduce

for 1992 have been exacerbated by a SKr150m currency loss on an Ecu convertible loan, and by SKr100m in other charges and restructuring of Ovako

Ovako, the special steels operation which SKF bought last year, has been a drain on its resources, posting a SKr407m loss over the first nine months. European special steel demand is set to fall further next year, SKF

Crédit Lyonnais-BfG deal in trouble

By David Waller in Franklurt

CREDIT LYONNAIS' proposed acquisition of a majority stake in the BIG Bank, the financially troubled German bank, has run

pletion by the end of the year.

valued the German bank at DM2.1bn (\$1.32bn), would be a big embarrassment for the stateowned Crédit Lyonnais as well as for BfG's shareholders, Aachener und Münchener Beteiligungs, Germany's second biggest insurance company, and the BGAG

and Assurances Générales de France, the large French insurance company. The two compa-

stake in its German rival, had reached a peaceful co-operation agreement on the condition that AGF helped find a buyer for AMB's stake in BfG, as it did in the form of Crédit Lyonnais.

The difficulties are reported to

Deborah Hargreaves reports on how a privatised utility confronts a break-up threat

British Gas seeks fortune abroad as home front sours

British Gas should buy control of Argentina's largest gas distribution company on the day that Sir James McKinnon, its regulator, called for the break-up of

the company.

The announcements show both the tightening grip of UK regula-tion and British Gas's drive to shift an increasing amount of business out of that grasp into growth markets overseas.

In the Argentine deal, for instance, a consortium headed by British Gas acquired Distribuidora de Gas Metropolitana for \$300m, giving British Gas a majority stake in the privatised utility, which it will run. Other overseas activities include plans for exploration in Kazakhstan, a gas distribution company in Canada and some gas networks in eastern Germany.

The push overseas is not surprising. Ever since British Gas was privatised in 1986, it has faced increasing pressure from the regulatory authorities. Now its future is being decided by an inquiry by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. In his submission to the

inquiry, Sir James McKinnon has argued for a break-up: British Gas's UK pipelines business, which represents 85 per cent of the company's assets, should be transferred into a new company, he said on Wednesday.

monopoly is its ownership and control of the gas transportation and storage system," he said. Effective competition could not be introduced into the UK gas market while British Gas owned the pipelines - even if it separated them into a subsidiary. Sir James's views are backed by many of the independent gas They suspect they are charged more for transporting their gas through British Gas's pipelines than the company itself pays. "I'm very concerned that competition with British Gas as a marketer be on an even keel. I'm

marketing companies that have

sprung up in the past five years.

not sure I believe in Chinese walls," said Mr Norman Ellis. managing director of Kinetica, the only UK company that has managed to build a rival pipeline. British Gas has expressed its irritation with Sir James for making "inappropriate" statements while the issue is under review. But it must be facing un to the fact that it is unlikely to emerge intact from the monopolies com-

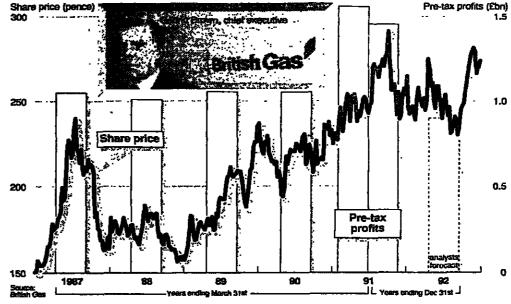
The Office of Fair Trading recommended the wholesale sell-off of the pipelines in its report on the gas market in October 1991. The OFT backed off from this demand in return for British Gas's co-operation with the rest of its recommendations, which included a gas release programme and the reduction of British Gas's monopoly in the domestic sector. But British Gas was required to place its pipelines in a separate subsidiary.

mission inquiry

"It is not a new issue and to the extent that we are going to discuss it, our discussions will be with the Monopolies and Mergers Commission," Mr Philip Rogerson, British Gas's managing shares in separate companies, director of finance, said.

British Gas is extremely keen to retain the £16bn-worth of assets that are tied up in the pipelines business. The rest of its UK business is purely a marketing operation, with about £3bn in assets, which should see margins eroded severely as intense competition builds. For this reason,

British Gas: recent performance



British Gas has insisted on a higher rate of return for its pipelines than Sir James will allow. It was this that forced the monopolies commission inquiry. Sir James wanted the rate of return to be between 2.5 per cent and 5 per cent while British Gas pushed for 6.7 per cent on its existing pipelines and 10.8 per cent on new investment.

¬he City of London is not sure how to evaluate the threat of break-up: "Many shareholders see it as a positive move in unlocking value", said Mr Nick Antill, industry analyst at Hoare Govett, "but I think it's a myth. Investors would get a one-off payment from the sale of one of the companies or two one of which would not do very well financially."

The monopolies commission could go further and break up the company into regional marketing units, as in the electricity industry and as was suggested at British Gas's privatisation.

The row over the break-up of the company goes some way to

explain the vigour with which Mr Cedric Brown, British Gas's chief executive, is pursuing invest-ments abroad. It will be a long time, however, before this part of its business catches up with profits from its UK monopoly.

British Gas receives less than a quarter of its overall profit from overseas operations. It had set a target for 60 per cent of its profits to come from its two international divisions - Exploration and Production and Global Gas - by 2000, but has recently backed off from this goal.

"We want to be part of develop-ing gas businesses where we can build markets and be a key player," said Mr Russell Herbert, managing director of Global Gas. But its international strategy is management consultants.

The City of London has not understood British Gas's move into gas distribution overseas: "Many investors are pretty nega-tive about Global Gas. They're not happy about the company putting money into regulated

businesses abroad," said Mr

effect the acquisition will have on its revenues and the possibility of spin-off business. With a turnover of \$610m a year, British Gas expects Distribuidora de Gas Metropolitana to add to its profits immediately.

The Argentine market has been

British Gas's involvement in

Argentina will be subject to scru-

tiny by a regulatory body. But the company stresses the positive

growing at 6 per cent a year. Mr Herbert also expects British Gas to gain around \$160m of associated business such as providing consultancy services for Argentina's newly privatised gas industry as well as engineering and pipeline services for the country's water industry,

Argentina provides as much comfort to British Gas's critics. however, as it does to the expansion-minded management. In Argentina the gas pipelines business is run separately from local distribution - by design, not coincidence. The Argentine government set out to learn from the strengths and weaknesses of the UK's gas privatisation before drawing up its own plans.

42,000 by 1995.

tomers announcing production cutbacks during the months of December and January.

ings, will decline even further in 1993," it stated.

where it sells 20 per cent of its output, is insufficient to compen-SKF, which announced a SKr361m loss for the first nine

efforts to reduce its inventories, since 1990. It said this, together with reduced investment, would

net borrowing.
The group's financial figures

Electrolux arm expects 17 per cent profit rise in Hungary

By Nicholas Denton in Budapest

LEHEL, the Hungarian refrigerator producer owned by Electrolux of Sweden, yesterday forecast that 1992 profits would strengthen 16.6 per cent to Ft950m (\$11.5m) before tax on sales little changed at Ft12.1bn.

The performance of Lehel, bought outright for about \$60m in 1991 by Electrolux, Europe's largest producer of household appliances, contrasts with the generally frustrating experience of western multinationals with east European acquisitions.

The performance comes mainly as a result of a dramatic improvement in productivity and an upturn in local demand. Lehel said productivity, as measured by volume per man-hour, rose 72 per cent

between April 1991, the first month after Electrolux agreed to buy the factory, and September

"The potential for productivity improvement was amazing," said Mr Heikki Takanen, Electrolux vice-president in charge of the group's refrigerator business. We found hidden potential."

Lehel has increased efficiency by rapidly implementing profit centres; divesting peripheral activities; cutting the workforce by 32 per cent over 18 months to inst over 3.200; and making more careful use of materials.

Electrolux describes its successful approach to restructuring as "aggressive" in implementing changes rapidly and "pragmatic" in allowing joint working groups

of foreigners and Hungarians to

come up with the solutions.

tions helped it to absorb the alien business culture it found at

At the same time as boosting production volume, the company has cut costs, overcoming weak prices and demand in western Europe, Lehel's most important market, and the Hungarian forint's continued appreciation in

real terms. Sales have also benefited from a rebound in domestic Hungarian demand for refrigerators since May as the economy shows signs of having bottomed out.

Electrolux does not, however, subscribe to the common view among multinationals that investment in one east European country can provide a springboard for the rest of the region believing the strategy to lack

Barclays puts £240m into Imry debt

By Vanessa Houlder,

BARCLAYS Bank has provided

went into its sharpest decline in living memory. The announcement of the record provision, which had been expected by the City of London, accompanied details of a finan-cial restructuring in which Barclays swapped some of Imry's debt into preference shares and

imry dates from 1989, when it lent £214m to Marketchief (later renamed Chester), a consortium which paid £314m for Imry. Two years later, it increased its exposure to £440m.

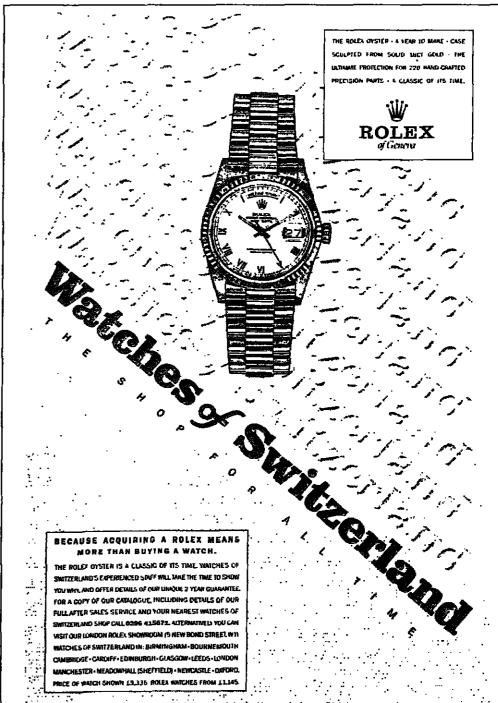
Barclays has written off its entire £196m exposure to Chester. Total provisions including this are £240m, of which £75m was taken in its results for the first half of 1992. Barclays has also turned £100m of debt in Imry into redeemable preference shares.

Barclay's exposure to the Imry Group, excluding the preference shares, is now £76m of drawn facilities, £30m of undrawn facilities and £20m of guarantees. Mr Martin Myers, Imry chief

Imry subsidiary. "If Marketchief had never happened, we would not be in any trouble whatsoever," he said. He added that the restructuring gave Imry a "posi-tive and stable base from which to go forward".

Leicester, total about £70m. Mr Mr Wolfgang Stolzenberg, for-

resigned six weeks ago after selling his equity to the Imry management



Property Correspondent

£240m (\$364.80m) to cover possible losses on its \$422m exposure to Imry, a property group, in one of the largest individual debt write-offs in UK banking history. The provision, of which £196m has been written off entirely, resulted from Barclay's role in financing a highly leveraged takeover of a quoted property company in 1989, just before the commercial property market

also became owner of the busi- drained about £115m in interest ness. Barclays' involvement in and capital payments from the

> Imry's net assets, which include a shopping centre in David Davies, chairman of Johnson Matthey, the metals group, will be imry's chairman, a post he occupied before the 1989 take-

mer chairman of the group.

Banks' downgrade, Page 21; Lex. executive, blamed the company's difficulties wholly on its acquisi-tion by Marketchief, which Page 16: London Stock

Pepsi wins its battle with Perrier over marketing

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

PEPSI-COLA, the US soft drinks group, has won its long-running battle to reclaim control of the marketing and distribution of its brand in France from Perrier, the French mineral water company recently taken over by Nestlé of Swit-

The battle between Pepsi and Perrier began three years ago when Pepsi sought to rescind a contract struck in 1962 which gave the mineral water company full control over the production, bottling and sales of Pensi-Cola in France.

Perrier started a legal fight to try to prevent Pepsi from ending the contract. However, Pensi claimed it needed to regain control of its brand in France because Perrier was not

Pepsi said that its volume share of the French market had fallen from 17 per cent to 7

per cent over the past 10 years. The companies yesterday announced an agreement whereby Pepsi will regain the rights over marketing and distribution, but Perrier will continue to produce and bottle Pepsi-Cola in France.

Pepsi recently struck similar deals in Spain and Germany, although it stressed that it would not pursue the same strategy in every country and that marketing and distribution would continue to be organised according to the requirements of individual markets.

In spite of yesterday's agreement, the legal skirmish between Pepsi and Perrier will continue.

A French commercial court

next month will decide whether compensation should be awarded and the case will then be taken to an appeal court in May. Meanwhile, Nestlé has closed

takeover by taking full control of Demilac, the investment vehicle through which it orchestrated the bid last

This involved Nestlé buying the 50 per cent of Demilac owned by Indosuez, the French bank that partnered it in the bid, for an undisclosed sum.

The Swiss group maintained throughout the takeover that its eventual aim was to buy out Indosuez, whose participation in the bid was critical in smoothing Nestle's relations with the French industrial establishment.

Nestlé has reorganised its French interests into Nestlé France, which will control its food brands - including Chambourcy yoghurt and Rowntree sweets - under Mr Yves Barbieux, and Nestlé Sources, a company controlling its mineral waters headed by Mr Serge Milhaud.

Italo-Franco cruise venture set up

By Haig Simonlan in Milan

COSTA CROCIERE, the stock market listed Italian cruise group, has reached an agreement with Chargeurs and Accor of France to create Europe's first cross-border

The two French companies, which jointly own the Compagnie Française des Croisières. the parent of the Croisières Paquet company, will buy a stake of 23 per cent in Costa Crociere through a reserved rights issue worth L80bn. The combined cruise group will have 11 liners, offering almost 9,000 beds, and annual sales of around L600bn (\$429m).

The deal, which is expected to be concluded by the end of next month, is a further step in Costa Crociere's shift away from the US market towards the Mediterranean and northern Europe. The company, which has invested heavily in new vessels, now operates eight liners, four of which have been built in the past two

Paquet, which is well established in France, has three cruise ships targeted to the top end of the cruise market. Successful conclusion of the deal will reduce the Costa familv's stake in Costa Crociere to 31 per cent from 40 per cent at

biggest cruise line and the European leader in terms of market share, raised group sales by 8 per cent to L386bn last year while net earnings surged 36 per cent to L23.6bn. • Istituto Finanziaria Italiano (IFI), the financial holding company of Italy's Agnelli family, suffered a sharp drop in net profits to L146bn (\$104m) in the six months to September 30 from L212bn in the same

period the previous year. The fall stemmed from the steep decline in dividends received from the Fiat cars group, in which IFI has a stake of around 45 per cent both directly and through subsid present. The company, Italy's iaries.

French hotel and casino group slips 4.6%

By Alice Rawsthom

SOCIETE des Bains de Mer, the company that controls most of the grand hotels and casinos in Monaco, suffered a slight fall in net profits during the first half of the year. The company, which owns

the Hotel de Paris in Monte FFr1.56bn.

Carlo as well as the main casino, saw net profits slip by 4.6 per cent to FFr107.6m (\$20.24m) in the six months to September 30 1992 from FFr112.6m in the same period

By contrast, interim turnover rose by 5.6 per cent to • Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, the US-based pharmaceuticals subsidiary of Rhone-Poulenc, France's flagship chemicals group, made a profit of \$258m from the sale and leaseback of its headquarters to an unidentified US investment group. The proceeds will be used to

reduce the company's debt.

Daf seeks financial aid and cuts forecast

By John Griffiths

DAF, the financially-troubled Dutch truckmaker, has secured additional loans of Fl 190m (\$108m) and has begun negotiations to obtain yet further financial aid.

The company also said that the weakening west European truck market had forced it to reduce its profit forecast for

At the time of the interim results. Daf forecast a net loss of FI 100m. The group yesterday said that the loss would be greater, but gave no details.

It also warned that it may be necessary to make provisions in this year's accounts if the restructuring proposals are put into effect early in the new Daf is in renewed talks with

the Dutch and Belgian governments and its banks which could lead to any of the parties taking or expanding equity stakes in the group. While no details have been

given, these proposals are ntended to lead to further significant cost-cutting and involve further substantial job

While Daf would not comment vesterday on the precise amount of the extra funds it is seeking, its main trade union, industriebond FNV, claimed that the loans could only guarantee Daf's survival until Feb-

Some industry analysts suggest that Daf is seeking up to

German TV stake for CNN

CNN, the international television news network, has acquired a 27.5 per cent stake in N-TV, which operates Germany's only all-news television station, AP-DJ reports from Berlin.

Mr Karl Ulrich Kuhlo, the founder of N-TV, said the deal resulted from "short and intensive" talks, and expressed satisfaction that CNN "will be a component of our future planning".

Spain secures deal from Kuwaitis and Torras representatives and

THE SPANISH government says it has persuaded the Kuwait Investment Office to prevent any further corporate collapses in its troubled Spanish empire and to reverse its nomination of the accountants KPMG Peat Marwick as "special representatives" to replace Kuwaiti management at the KIO's Spanish holding company, Grupo Torras.

Mr Claudio Aranzadi, industry minister, also told parlia-ment the KIO had promised to inject \$45m into the failed Torras chemicals group,

Madrid had been trying to block the KIO's decision to withdraw from its direct investments in Spain.

It failed when, on December 5, Torras called in receivers. Kuwaiti managers, who had been running the group for six months, left Madrid and appointed KPMG to replace them while court-appointed receivers wound up the

A few days after the Torras filing, its large property group, Prima, also applied for receivership, prompting fears that Spain's biggest paper producer, Torraspapel – which is 90 per cent owned by Torras — would

also collapse. Mr Aranzadi said he had been assured by the KIO that Torraspapel would not go into receivership. It has debts of

around \$1bn. He said the KIO had also promised to replace the KPMG partners running Torras with a new board comprising two Spaniards and two Kuwaitis. The receivers may decide not

to place it into bankruptcy, as more than 70 per cent of Torras' debt is to the KIO itself. KPMG urged the KIO to convert this debt into equity a year ago and receivers may It is also not clear, and KIO

advisers were not available to comment yesterday, whether the \$40m promised is new money or part of an earlier offer to pump \$80m into Ercros to help it pay Three months ago, the Kin

promised to inject \$1.4bn into its troubled Spanish companies but later decided to withdraw. • A recent article in the FT on the KIO's investments in Spain referred to the Bank of Kuwait and the Middle East as "troubled". This bank, like most Kuwaiti banks, has had difficulties recovering from the Iraqi invasion.

Ciments

Français told

CIMENTS Français, the

troubled French cement group, is being forced by the French

stock market authorities to

mount a bid for Guintoli, the

to make bid

Kolbenschmidt hit by restructuring

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

KOLBENSCHMIDT, the vehicle components maker, plans to shift parts of its manufacturing capacity out of Germany and close unprofitable divisions in an attempt to stay competi-

The company, which yester-day announced losses of DM89m (\$57.23m) for 1992 after barely breaking even in the previous year, said the deficit

stemmed mainly from restruct-Gota Bank's shares worthless

By Christopher Brown-Humes

says SE Banken

PROSPECTS for a recon struction of Gota Bank, Sweden's fourth-largest, improved yesterday when Skandaniviska Enskilda Banken, the country's leading commercial bank. acknowledged that its Gota shares were worthless.

SE Banken made its gesture conditional on the administrator of Gota AB, the holding group which collapsed in September, handing the shares over to the state. Five years ago, SE Banken lent SKrl.1bn to Gota AB in

return for all Gota Bank's shares as collateral. SE Banken stressed it had not abandoned hopes of getting back a substantial amount of

its original loan.

uring measures, including the loss of 500 jobs. This meant companies such It expected performance in

the new financial year to be affected by the increasing signs of falling sales and production in the automotive industry. The attractions of Germany

as a manufacturing site were endangered by high wages, short working hours and heavy taxation. The group had also to adapt

to changing demands from vehicle makers intent on

reducing the number of suppliers and components.

as Kolbenschmidt would have to supply fully-assembled modules and systems rather than individual parts. The company, part of the Metallgeselischaft group,

makes engine blocks, pistons, steering wheels, airbags and bearings. Group sales rose marginally

to DM1.5bn, although turnover in all divisions except airbags and steering wheels fell.

J. A. DEVENISH, the UK public house operator, yesterday said its 17 per cent increase in pretax profits for the year ending September 30 put it out of reach of its rival, Boddington, which last year launched an unsuccessful bid.

Profits tose to £13.6m (\$21.44m) from £11.6m on increased sales from continuing activities of £72.7m against

Mr Michael Cannon, chair-man, said he regarded Boddington's decision to hold on to its 19.5 per cent stake as "hostile" and said Devenish had already prepared its defence against a possible second bid from Boddington.

"I think our result has made it too expensive for Boddington

Devenish sees profit rise

By Roland Rudd in London

to try for us again. But we are

as defence against bid prepared to fight off any cheap bid," he said.

Mr Denis Cassidy, Bodding-ton's chairman, said he could draw no "particular significance" from Devenish's results. Boddington is to keep its 19.5 per cent stake in Devenish for "strategic reasons". He said Devenish's operating

profit was only marginally ahead in spite of an increase in its pubs from 376 to 532. Devenish's pre-tax profits were boosted by an increase in

the share of associated undertakings and a £1.2m fall in the interest charge to £3m. The final dividend is to be increased to 6.35p from 5.05p giving a total of 7.85p - a 25

per cent increase on the previ-

ous year. Fully-diluted earn-

ings per share rose to 18.73p from 16.02p.

construction company embroiled in the recent scandal over Ciments Français' off-balance sheet deal The Conseil des Bourses de

Valeurs, the body that regulates the Paris stock market, yesterday announced that it had instructed Ciments Francais to make the bid after considering a report by the Commission des Opérations des Bourse, the market watchdog, into the cement company's investment in Guintoli.

The critical issue in the Guintoli affair was whether the Ciments Français stake in the company was raised above the 33.3 per cent level at which, under French law, any investor must mount a full

The official reports have concluded that Ciments Fran-cals did acquire more than a third of Guintoli's equity and therefore must make an

Ciments Français has been clouded by controversy since October when the scandal over its off-balance sheet dealings first surfaced. Mr Pierre Conso, who chaired the company at the time of the transactions, has resigned.

NEW ISSUE

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December, 1992



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PRIDAY DECEMBER IS IN

Westpac facing new uncertainty as MD is fired

By Kente Brown in Sydney

WESTPAC Banking Corporation, the troubled Australian bank, was yesterday facing further uncertainty after the board fired Mr Frank Couroy, managing director, after only 14 months in the

Mr John Uhrig, who took over as chairman following an earlier hoard reshalls in October, said a new managing director would be appointed from outside the bank within a

Mr Uhrig said that Mr Conroy had resigned following agreement among directors that the bank's restructuring mat the bank's restructuring programme needed to be controlled by "comeone who comes fresh to the task".

This contrasts starkly with the strong support for Mr Control expressed by Mr Uhrig and the rest of the board when the bank's restructuring plan was amounced last month.

Yestenday's hourd meeting

amnounced last month.
Yesterday's hoard meeting was the first attended by Mr Kenry Packer, the publishing entrepreneur, who acquired a 10 per cent stake in Westpac in Consoling the Consoling the Consoling C November through Consoli-dated Press Holdings (Cons-

Press), his private company.

Analysts said it was clear that Mr Cource had refused to bow to pressure from Mr Packer and Mr Al Dunlap, Constress managing director, for higger cuts in staffing and

Similar suggestions have heen made by the AMP Society, Australia's biggest financial institution, which owns 15 per cent of Westpac and also has two sents on the board. Westpac, once Australia's biggest bank, has faced grow-ing problems over the last two years as a result of bad debts which comminated in a loss of A\$1.56bm (US\$1.67bm) for the year to the end of September.

The hank was humiliated by the follows of A\$1.56bm of A\$1.50bm. the fallere of a A\$1.2bn rights issue in October, which closed 72 per cent undersubscribed,



Frank Conrose had only been

leaving nearly 300m unwanted shares in the hands of sub-underwriters. Five directors resigned

shortly after the rights issue debacie, including Sir Eric Mr Cunroy's frank approach to the bank's problems appeared to have won the sup port of the markets, reflected in an improvement in the share price from a low of A\$2.39 in November to A\$3.63

However, the shares rose cent to A\$3.94 after the amouncement of Mr Conroy's resignation, suggesting that investors share Mr Packer's view that restructuring could

by Mr Convoy included cutting costs and increasing revenue by A\$360m this year, cutting the expenses-to-income ratio from 70 per cent to 58 per cent over three years; and reducing corporate, risk assets by **A\$16ba** by 1986. Westpac has confirmed that the cost-cutting programme could include a reduction of up

to 60 per cent in head office The bank is also reviewing its regional operations in the south Pacific and North

Thai group to buy out its Danish parent

By Victor Mailet in Bangkok

CHRISTIANI and Nielsen (Thei), the construction and engineering company, announced yesterday that its shareholders had approved a plan to huy up to 100 per cent of its Copenhagen-listed Danish parent, Christiani and Walson A.C. Nielsen AS, for shout \$80m. Thailand will become the beadquarters for the group, and the Thai company will

control whelly-owned operations in Denmark, Germany and the UK. Mr John Millard, the Thai group's chief executive officer, said the move was logical

sent the news was legical because significant growth was occurring in Thailand and south-east Asia.

Caristiani and Melsen (Thai) employs 4,500 staff and has an order book worth \$270m. It expects after-tax profits of about Bt350m (\$13.75m) in 1992, more than triple the 1991

profits of Billion. Mr Millard said that the group was "experiencing tre-mendous growth at a time when many other similar basinesses in Europe are experiencing flat sales because of major downturns in their He added: "Our growth is being fuelled primarily from Thailand."

Mr Millard said that staff had already been deployed from UK and other operations to projects in Thailand and Chins.

He said that this was the first time in Thailand's history that such a cross-border trai action involving two listed companies had occurred. The siling Danish parent owns 42.17 per cent of the Thai

The Christiani and Nielsen group has been in Thailand for 60 years - among other pro-jects, it built the famous Democracy Monument — and has profited from the country's rapid economic growth of

Qantas adds piece to BA's global jigsaw

Paul Betts and Kevin Brown assess the UK airline's deal with the Australian carrier

A the British Airways global jigsaw feli into place yesterday.

The Australian government's acceptance of BA's £291m (\$402.32m) bid for a 25 per cent stake in Qantas, the Australian national carrier due to be privatised next year, has fulfilled the UK airline's ambitions to forge a strategic partnership in the fast-growing Asia-Pacific

Both Lord King, BA's chairman, and Sir Colin Marshall, BA's chief executive, have long stated their intent to negotiate a series of partnerships to enable BA to become a truly giobal airline.

The strategy has involved a series of simultaneous moves this year in three different markets.

In Europe, BA has expanded its base in anticipation of next year's European single airline market by acquiring large minority stakes in the French regional carrier TAT and the newly-established Deutsche BA venture in Germany.

Its takeover of the ailing UK independent carrier, Dan-Air, has further strengthened its presence in the UK and Europe. And it now expects to aunch next year, or possibly in 1994, a new Moscow oint venture airline called Air Russia which will initially operate services from Moscow to European cities using west-ern-built lets.

In the US, BA is fighting to win US government approval

SIGNIFICANT piece of for its proposed \$750m acquisition of a 44 per cent stake in USAir, the sixth-largest US carries. This is perhaps the most important deal in BA's expansion strategy, since it would consolidate BA's strong nosition on the busy North Atlantic market and give it broader access to the domestic US market - the world's single biggest airline market.

The USAir deal is entering a vital phase. Mr John Major, the UK prime minister, will tomorrow put pressure on President George Bush during talks at Camp David to approve the BA investment before the deadline for the proposed transaction expires on December 34.

The US government has come under pressure from other big US airlines to oppose the deal if it fails to secure ter access for US carrier into the UK, and especially London's Heathrow airport.

The UK has tabled a three-stage proposal to liberalise the UK-US air transport market, but has insisted the US first approve the BA-USAir transaction. This has so far been rejected by the US and unless a breakthrough is secured over the weekend, BA's partnership ambitions in the US could be frustrated.

But the Australian government will have provided some ment will have provided some consolution. By winning the Quntas hid against tough com-petition from Singapore Air-lines, BA has strengthened its position in the Asia-Pacific

The UK airline has produced a 33-page document detailing the benefits of its association with Qantas. Among the key advantages are: access on the Pacific market to the west coast of the US; greater access into fast-expanding south-east Asian destinations such as Hong Kong, Bangkok, Singa-pore and Jakarta; and a significant opportunity to tap the domestic Australian market since Qantas has now absorbed Australian Airlines, the

Although Quntus will remain independent, there is likely to be close integration of the two airlines' schedules, especially on the competitive London-Bangkok/Singapore-Sydney

government-owned domestic

The two carriers also have a common culture, with solid reputations for aircraft maintenance and passenger service, although Quatas has been bur-dened by financial problems over recent years. The two air-lines also operate similar fleets, using the Boeing 747-400 as the backbone of their longhan) services.

But BA had to fight to the very end to clinch the Quntas deel. It had to increase its offer at the last minute yesterday to fend off Singapore Airlines, which had been led to believe it was the

favoured candidate.

BA is thought to have added about A\$50m to its initial offer of about A\$600m, but still paid less for its 25 per cent stake than many analysts had expected. Mr Rainh Willis, the Australian finance minister who handled the sale, insisted that BA had paid a premium for its strategic stake, suggesting that the airline's value is somewhere between A\$2bn and

A\$2.6bn (US\$1.79bn). However, a final judgment on the winners and losers from the deal will have to await the Qantas flotation next year, which the government hopes will raise between A\$1.5bn and A\$2bo. If the sale goes well, BA will be seen to have bought a bargain, and the government will exceed its targeted return of A\$1hn after recapitalisation costs of A\$1.35bn. If the return is at the lower end of the

more expensive.

One clear winner from the deal appears to be Mr Bill Dix. Qantas chairman, who argued strongly for a bigger infusion of fresh capital than the A\$1bn suggested by the government. The A\$1.35hn provided by the deal is less than Mr Dix had sought, but sufficient to reduce the airline's ratio of debt to shareholders' funds from 75:25

range. BA's stake will look

to nearly 50:50. Mr Dix may turn out to be a loser in a more personal sense, however, since the agreement to form a new board means he is not guaranteed a place. Quntas returned to the black last year with a pre-tax profit of A\$148m, and is believed to be operating profitably in the

ken at the time of the 1988

Gold Fields bid because

Warburg faced a conflict of

interest. Mr Peter Wilmot-

Sitwell, chairman of S G War-

burg Securities, is joining the

Minorco board as a non-execu-

tive director. Mr Peter Burnell

formerly managing director of Anglo's South American

Minorco board.

operations, is also joining the

effects of continuing slow eco-nomic growth. The airline will receive a substantial cash flow boost from its merger with Australian, although it has only recently begun to integrate international and domestic services.

Qantas has shed several thousand staff over the last two years in preparation for privatisation, and analysts say it has significantly improved efficiency. It also owns one of the world's newest airline fleets and boasts an excellent

owever, the Australian airline industry has L been in turmoil since a nationwide pilots' strike in 1989-90 was followed almost immediately by deregulation of domestic aviation.
This triggered a price war

which caused the collapse of one independent airline and heavy losses at Ansett Austra-lia, the domestic market leader, which is owned by TNT and News Corporation. Qantas, Australian Airlines has suffered less, but has been exposed to tough competition and tight margins on domestic

Competition is expected to intensify over the next two years as moves towards a common aviation market with New Zealand are completed. But through its partnership with significantly its international market reach, especially in Europe and North America.

Phillimore goes in Minorco management shake-up

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

MR ROGER Phillimore, a joint managing director of Minorco, the Luxembourg quoted over-seas investment arm of the Anglo American Corporation of South Africa, is to leave the company, having lost a contest for the chief executive's role. Minorco effectively has had three managing directors. Mr Phillimore, 42, and Mr Tony Lea, 42, were joint managing

directors, and Mr Hank Slack, 41, was president. The compeny has opted for a simplified management structure, with Mr Slack as chief executive. He will operate with a manage-ment committee and be based in London. Mr Les remains on the Minorco board and will be taking a senior position - so far unspecified - with Anglo in Johannesburg next year. Minorco, in spite of some recent criticism from the investment community. Mr Lea, Mr Phillimore and

Mr Slack took over at Minorco in 1988 with a plan to change it into a "hands on" operating group. They launched a £2.9hn (\$4.4hn) bid for Consolidated Gold Fields of the UK and, since this failed, have been using the £1.5hn raised from selling Gold Fields' shares for less adventurous acquisitions.

SA group quits Australian deal links with S.G. Warburg, bro-

SENTRACHEM, the South African chemicals group, will not proceed with its proposed acquisition of Chemplex of Australia, writes Philip Gawith in Johannesburg. Mr. John Job, Sentrachem chief executive, said it was unable to agree with the vendor. Mr Kerry Packer's Consolidated Press Holdings, on the price and other aspects. Sentrachem R240m (\$49.5m) rights issue.

December, 1992.

This approximent appears as a matter of record only.



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November 1992

£135,000,000



Leeds Permanent Building Society

Floating Rate Notes Due 1998

Interest Rate Interest Period

Nederlander .

7%% per annum 16th December 1992 18th March 1993

Interest Amount due per £10,000 Note

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited



Receivables Securitisation (UK) pic £328 million Floating flate Notes Due 1995

in accordance with the provisions of the In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that on the near interest payment date, being 23th Dependen, 1932 the available Redemption Funds have been determined to be 241,090,589.57, and therefore Notes of a principal value of 241,090,000 will be madesized at per in accordance with the procedures of Eurocleer and Cadel. Following redemption of the aloresaid Notes the funds value of the separation.

Notes the principal value of the remaining Notes pursuanding will be \$241,910,000. Chartered WestLB Limited





John M. Willson

The appointment of John M. Willson to the position of President and Chief Executive Officer of Placer Dome Inc. of Vancouver Canada, effective January 1, 1993, is announced by Fraser M. Fell, Chairman of the Corporation. Mr. Willson (52) was previously President of Pegasus Gold Inc. of Spokane Washington. President and CEO of Western Canada Steel Ltd. and Vice-President of Cominco Ltd., both companies of Vancouver. A mining engineering graduate of the Royal School of Mines in the United Kingdom, Mr. Willson's mining industry experience encompasses inemational mine development and operations, as well as the business aspects of min-ing. In welcoming Mr. Willson to Placer Dorne, Mr. Fell said Mr. Willson will bring an international outlook, as well as fresh perspective and energy, to Placer Dome's performance and pursuit of growth opportunities worldwide. Placer Dome is a Canadian company with interests in 19 mines, 15 of them gold

Japan Leasing Corporation US \$50,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1995

mines, located in Canada, the United States, Australia, Papua New Guinea, Chile,

Mexico and the Philippines.

Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the above mentioned Floating Rate Notes, the rate of interes for the six months period from December 18, 1992 to June 18, 1993 (182 days) has been found at 4.05% per annum. The interest payable on June 18, 1993 will be US \$10,237.50 in

New Issue

Julian Ogilvie Thompson

remains chairman of Anglo, its



Nippon COMSYS Corporation

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Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Mitsubishi Trust International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited Goldman Sachs International Limited **Cresvale Limited Deutsche Bank AG London** Kleinwort Benson Limited Marusan Europe Limited Okasan International (Europe) Limited J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Tokyo Securities Co. (Europe) Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

Questcorp

respect of each US \$500,000

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

the third quarter of last year.

Express would offer yesterday

was to say its strategic goal remained bringing Shearson back to the point where it

could achieve a single-A credit

rating as a stand-alone com-

pany. The present rating of Shearson's senior long-term debt by Moody's, the rating

agency, is single-A3.

The board is also wrestling

with the question of a replace-ment for Mr Robinson, who earlier this month said he

would give up his job as chief

executive during 1993. He

helped to build up Shearson

The only comment American

pared with \$63m net income in during the 1980s through a the third quarter of last year. series of acquisitions, begin-

PIRELLI FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPANY N.V. NOTICE OF ADJOURNED MEETING

of the holders of the outstanding FCLI 75.000.000 8 PER CENT, GUARANTEED NOTES DUE 1993

PIRELLI FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPANY N.V.

Unconditionally guaranteed by PIRELLI SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE S.A.

Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the holders of the above Notes (the "Noteholders") convened by the Issuer for Tuesday, 8th December, 1992 by the Notice dated 16th November, 1992 and published in the Financial Times and the Luxembourger Wort on that date was adjourned through lack of a quorum and that the adjourned Meeting will be held at the offices of Linklaters & Paines, Barrington House, 59-67 Gresham Street, London ECZV 71A on 30th December, 1992 at 12:30 p. m. (London ECZV 71A on 30th De House, 39-67 Gresnam Steet, London Ed.27 A on Son December, 1992 at 12:30 p. in (London time) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution which will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed (the "Trust Deed") dated 18th August 1988 made between the Issuer, Fireth Societé Générale as Guarantor and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p. L.c. (the "Trustee") as trustee for the Notcholders.

Extraordinary Resolution

"That this Meeting of the holders of the outstanding ECU 75,000,000 8 per cent. Guaranteed Notes due 1993 (the "Notes") of Pizelli Financiai Services Company N. V. (the "Issuer") constituted by the Trust Deed dated 18th August 1988 (the "Trust Deed") made between the Issuer, Pirelli Societé Générale S. A. as Guarantor and The Law Debeuture Trust Corporation p. L. c. (the Trustee') as trustee for the holders of the Notes (the "Noteholders") hereby:

(1) assents to the release of the guarantee of Pirelli Société Générale S. A. contained in the Trust Deed and the substitution for Pirelli Société Générale S. A. as the Guarantor in respect of the Notes by Pirelli SpA and agrees that Pirelli SpA shall become the 'Guarantor' for all purposes in respect of the Trust Deed, the Notes, the Coupons or otherwise;

(2) assents to the modification of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes as printed on the reverse of them and in the Second Schedule to the Trust Deed and the provisions of the Trust Deed as set out in the draft Supplemental Trust Deed in the form of the draft produced to this Meeting and for the pur-poses of identification signed by the Chairman of it (the "Supplemental Trust Deed");

(3) anthorises and requests the Trustee to concur in the modifications referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Resolution and, in order to give effect to it, fortisvith to execute the Supplemental Trust Deed with such amendments (if any) to it as the Trustee shall require; and

(4) sanctions every abrogation, modification, compromise or arrangements in respect of the rights of the Noteholdens and the holders of the coupons relating to the Notes against the Issuer and Guarantor involved in or resulting from the modifications referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Resolu-

Background to the proposal

Under the terms of the Trust Deed dated 18th August 1988, Pirelli Société Générale S. A. has guaran-Unior the terms of the Irust Deed dated 18th Angins 1986, Friell Societe Generale S. A. has guaranteed all payments due under the Trust Deed and, together with the Issuer, has given various covenants and a negative piedge. Pirelli Societé Génèrale S. A. is now whofly owned by Pirelli SpA which has decided to take over the responsibility for granting guarantees for the debts of its subsidiaries, a responsibility which previously had been delegated to Pirelli Societé Génèrale S. A. In view of this decision, Pirelli SpA has also decided to substitute itself as Guarantor for all existing debts previously guaranteed by Pirelli Societé Génèrale S. A. It has therefore proposed the substitution of itself as the Consequence of the Issuer's obligations under the Notes. rantor of the Issuer's obligations under the Notes.

Pirelli SpA has certain existing secured debt and financial covenants and wishes therefore to amend the Terms and Conditions of the Notes and Trust Deed (including the negative pledge and financial covenants) relating to the Guarantor as explained in the Explanatory Memorandum dated 16th November, 1992 referred to below.

The Issuer has accordingly convened a Meeting of the Noteholdens by the above Notice to request their agreement by Extraordinary Resolution to the matters contained in such Extraordinary Resolu-

The Issuer considers that the proposed modifications contained in the Extraordinary Resolution set out above are fair and reasonable in the circumstances and, accordingly, the Issuer strongly urges all Noteholders to vote in favour of the Extraordinary Resolution.

The attention of Noteholders is particularly drawn to the quorum required for an adjourned Meeting which is set out in paragraph 2 of "Voting and Quorum" below.

Copies of the Trust Deed (including the Terms and Conditions of the Notes) and the draft Supplemental Trust Deed referred to in the Extraordinary Resolution set out above will be available for inspection and copies of the Explanatory Memorandum which includes an explanation of the proposals and financial information of Firelli SpA, will be available for collection by Noteholders at the specified offices of the Paying Agents set out below.

In accordance with its normal practice, The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p. l. c. as Trustee for the Noteholders expresses no opinion as to the merits of the proposals but on the basis of the information given in the Explanatory Memorandum (which it recommends Noteholders to read carefully) it has no objection to the Extraordinary Resolution being put to Noteholders for their consideration. However, the Trustee has not analysed the credit standing of FireRi SpA or been involved in negotiating the proposed modifications to the Trust Deed and recommends Noteholders who are unsure of the impact of the proposals to seek financial advice.

Voting and Quorum

1. A Noteholder wishing to attend and vote at the adjourned Meeting in person must produce at the adjourned Meeting either the Note(s), or a valid voting certificate or valid voting certificates issued by a Paying Agent relating to the Note(s), in respect of which he wishes to vote.

A Noteholder not wishing to attend and vote at the adjourned Meeting in person may either deliver his Note(s) or voting certificate(s) to the person whom he wishes to attend on his behalf or give a voting instruction form (on a voting instruction form obtainable from the specified offices of the Paying Agents set out below) instructing a Paying Agent to appoint a proxy to attend and vote at the ad-

Notes may be deposited with any Paying Agent or (to the satisfaction of such Paying Agent) held to its order or under its control by Cedel S. A. or the Operator of the Euro-clear System or any other as order of under as common by Ceder S. A. or the Operator of the Educated System of any other person approved by it, for the purpose of obtaining voting certificates or appointing proxies, not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the adjourned Meeting (or, if applicable, any further adjournment of such Meeting), giving voting instructions in respect of the relative Meeting. Notes so deposited or held will not be released until the earlier of the conclusion of the adjourned Meeting (or, if applicable, any further adjournment of such Meeting) and the surrender of the voting certificate(s) or, not less than 48 hours before the time for which the Meeting (or, if applicable, any adjournment of such Meeting) is convened, the receipt(s) issued in respect thereof.

Noting certificates issued and voting instructions given and the appointment of proxies for the Meeting convened at the offices of Linklaters & Paines, Barrington House, 59-67 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7JA at 12:30 p. m. on 8th December, 1992 will be valid for the adjourned Meeting unless they are, in the case of voting certificates, surrendered before, or, in the case of voting instructions and forms of proxy, revoked or amended by the time being 48 hours before the time for which the adjourned Meeting is convened.

3. The quorum required at the adjourned Meeting is two or more persons present in person holding Notes or voting certificates or being proxies whatever the principal amount of the Notes so held or

4. Every question submitted to the Meeting will be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded by the Chairman of the Meeting or by one or more persons holding one or more Notes or voting certificates or being proxies and holding or representing in the aggregate not less than one-lifteeth in principal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. On a show of hands every person who is present in person and produces a Note or voting certificate or is a proxy shall have one vote. On a poll every person who is so present shall have one vote in respect of each ECU 1,000 principal amount of Notes so produced or represented by the voting certificate so produced or in respect of which be is a proxy.

5. To be passed, the Extraordinary Resolution requires a majority in favour consisting of not less than three-quarters of the votes cast. If passed, the Extraordinary Resolution will be binding on all the Noteholders, whether or not present at such Meeting and whether or not voting, and upon all the

Principal Paying Agent Union Bank of Switzerland Bahnhofstrasse 45 CH-8021 Zurich

Paying Agents

Union de Banques Suisses (Luxembourg) S. A. 36-38 Grande Rue L-2011 Luxembourg

Union Bank of Switzerland 100 Liverpool Street London EC2M 2 RH

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Avenue des Arts 35

Pirelli Financial Services Company N. V.

18th December, 1992

INTERNATIONAL TAXATION

The FT proposes to publish this survey on

February 18 1993 . Should you be interested in acquiring more information about this survey or wish to advertise in this feature, please contact: Sara Mason

Tel: 071-873 3349 Fax: 071-873 3064

FT SURVEYS

Yasuda Trust and Banking (Luxembourg) S.A. US\$ 50,000,000 Floating Rate iteed Notes Die 2000

with Fixed Rate Option Guaranteed by fasting Company, Limited

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the interest period 18th December 1992 to 18th June 1993 has been fixed at 4-15% p.a. The coupon amount payable on 18th June 1993 he USS 104-90 per US\$ 5,000 Note.

The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company, Ltd. London Agent Bank

yesterday the plan was not the AMERICAN EXPRESS, the only option for Shearson, which has proved an expensive albaiross for the American Express group.

financial services and travel group that is searching for a successor to Mr James Robinson, the chairman and chief executive, is considering the sale of majority control of its wholly-owned Shearson Lehman Brothers stockbroking and investment banking sub-

Although the group declined to comment yesterday, executives are said to have prepared a plan under which shares in Shearson could be offered to the public.

By Alen Friedman

Reebok writes off \$135m for restructuring

By Karen Zagor in New York

REEBOK International, the US sports shoe maker, unveiled a substantial fourth-quarter restructuring charge and said it would put its Boston Whaler and Ellesse USA subsidiaries up for sale. Reebok is also writing-off the carrying value of its

Avia unit.
The company said it would take after-tax charges of about \$135m, or \$1.45 a share, against fourth-quarter earnings. This will more than offset one-time gains of \$29.6m recorded in October on the sale of Reebok's CML Group.

Reebok earned \$74.4m, or 80 cents, in the 1992 third quarter and \$49.7m, or 53 cents, in the 1991 fourth quarter.

Reebok said the restructuring charges were mainly non-cash in nature and operating income should stay on target. Mr Paul Fireman, chairman and chief executive, said Reebok had also considered divesting Avia but decided that its

strategic value and improving prospects were sufficiently strong to retain the business. Reebok also plans to move its international headquarters in the UK to London from Bol-

asked not to be named, warned

A company insider, who

Amexco may sell Shearson stake

The share plan is likely to be discussed by the board of American Express in January.
If it is approved, it could result in a heity one-time write-off charge by American Express, estimated at between \$11m and

Although Shearson made \$43m of net profits in the first nine months of 1992, it suffered a \$25m loss in its most recent

P&G disposals to reach \$1.2bn

By Karen Zagor in New York

PROCTER & Gamble, the US consumer products giant, yesterday said it expected to complete the sale of its commercial pulp businesses early next year, bringing the total price for its pulp plants and timber-lands to \$1.2bn.

The company had previously announced the sale of pulp mills, saw mills and 175,000

PRUDENTIAL of America is

due to file a motion in an

Ontario court today to take

over Toronto's Aetna Centre

from Olympia & York Develop-

ments. Prudential holds a

C\$185m (US\$144.5m) first mort-

gage on the building. Lawyers for Prodential said

an agreement was struck

between both companies. The

insurance company wants to

take back the building immedi-

ately and try to replace a ten-

By Robert Gibbens

US Pru to take over

O&Y's Aetna Centre

ant moving out next spring. to put together the O&Y on Wednesday filed restructuring plan.

to Weyerhaeuser for \$600m. The additional \$600m comes from the sale of its Memphis, Temessee, cotton linters plant to an investor group led by Mr Robert Cannon, former head of P&G's pulp operations, and the sale of 665,000 acres of timberland in north Florida to an

unnamed party.
It also includes the formation of a limited partnership with the Cannon group to operacres of Georgia timberland ate a pulp plant in Florida.

with the court its revised

restructuring plan, which

allows senior creditors to seize

The Ontario Securities Com-

biggest Canadian property.
O&Y failed to meet a dead-

line for filing First Canadian's

financial statements. The com-

pany said it would do so within

fhe next few days. The delay

was due to the effort required

to put together the detailed

January 11.

The company said the sale would have no immediate material effect on earnings.

ning with the \$888m acquisi-

Part of Shearson was sold to

the public in 1987, but by 1990

its problems caused American

Express to inject \$1bn of new

capital and to buy back its

publicly-quoted stock.

The American Express board is believed to be divided over

the choice of Mr. Robinson's

successor with some directors

in favour of Mr Harvey Golub,

the group's president, and others opposed. Mr Golub is

choice of Mr Robinson, who is

heading the search committee.

believed to be the person

tion of Shearson in 1981.

The gain from the sale will be offset by the reduction in pulp sales to outsiders. About half of the company's pulp output is sold to P&G

In March, P&G said it was selling its large interests in the pulp business to concentrate on its core consumer busi-

Amax raises \$340m through private offering

By Laurie Morse in Chicago

their collateral. Creditors vote AMAX, the US metals and mining company, has sold 7m on the plan during the week of shares of series A convertible preferred stock in a private mission halted trading in offering, raising about \$340m. Proceeds will be used to C\$325m of bonds secured on reduce debt. The company has First Canadian Place, O&Y's \$2.2bn in long-term debt and

other obligations. After 60 days, the preferred stock will be convertible into Amax common stock at a rate of 2.5197 shares of common for each share of preferred.

The shares have an amutal dividend rate of \$4.

Short Bros in link with French aero group

By Paul Bells,

SHORT BROTHERS, the Belfast aerospace company owned by Bombardier of Canada, yesterday forged a strate-gic alliance with Harrel Dubois of France to develop, produce and market engine nacelles to atrendt and aero-engine mannfactorers.

The companies have formed a jointly-owned company called International Nacelle Systems (INS), which will be besed in Paris.

The alliance, which the two companies say will strengthen significantly their position in the nacelle market, reflects the increasing trend of interna-tional collaboration and concentration in the aerospace

industry. This trend is expected to intensity as the industry con-tinues to restructure itself in the face of the post cold war decline in the defence sector and the recession in the civil

zireraft sector. Shorts has already collaborated closely with Hurel-Du-bols, a manufacturer of lightweight sirframe structures as well as nacelles and engine thrust reversers con-trolled by the French Compagnie de Navigation Mixte con-

elometate. The two companies were selected last month by BMW Rolls-Royce, the aero-engine joint venture between the German carmaker and the UK aero-engine group, to provide nacelles for their new BR700

aero engine family.

The two companies are also in the process of establishing an zero engine podding facility at Toulouse, in south-west France, where the European Airbus consortium is based. This facility will fit nacelles to engines and supply airframe makers, especially Airbus, with complete powerplants.

A battle of beer giants brews in Argentina

Brazil's Brahma is muscling in on Quilmes home southern hemisphere, the peak season for beer drinkers in Argentina this summer will also mark the first battle between two beer giants, Argentina's Quilmes brewer

and Brazil's Brahma. began trucking its beer in botties all the way from Brazil, is already reckoned to hold about 1 per cent of the Argentine market, and is aiming for 3 to 4 per cent share over the next

two years. Imports began surging into Argentina last summer, when trade liberalisation combined with local industry's lack of capacity, allowed foreign can sales to take about 3.5 per cent of the market. But consumers' initial excitement over a wealth of exotic new labels is fading, leaving Brahma and

Quilmes to do battle alone. As well as defending its dominant 64 per cent of the market. Quilmes, whose Bermudabased parent company is 15 per cent owned by Heineken of the Netherlands, also imports Heineken, sales of which are roughly equivalent to Brah-

Mr Pedro Algorta, general manager of Quilmes' Argentine

territory, John Barham reports from Buenos Aires operating arm, says Brahma quality and introducing new receiving covert subsidies.

"When the consumer is doing prices. Our biggest project is to keep up with the demand."

Beer production in Argentina has risen by about 50 per cent to 7.98m hectolitres in 1991, from 5.45m hectolitres in 1986. Per head consumption of 24.6 litres a year is now comparable with other Latin coun-

The Bermuda parent - most of whose sales are in Argentina reported sales up 25 per cent in the first half of 1992 to \$203.9m, and net income up only 2.6 per cent to \$20.1m. It had sales of \$364.3m for all 1991, up 34 per cent over 1990, while net income rocketed to \$39.4m from \$16.1m.

It is adding capacity with a new \$70m brewery and is building a \$35m malting facility. It has invested \$41m over the past five years in upgrading plant. Foreign analysts rate Quilmes's management highly, lauding its approach to widening margins by improving

abroad. Last year, it began

tackling Chile's monopolised market with a brewery in Santiago and now claims 15 to 20 per cent of Chile's rapidlygrowing market. Quilmes also owns small

beer and soft drinks companies in Paraguay and Urnguay. Understandably, Mr Algorta is non-committal on the possibility of entering the troubled Brazilian market, But Quilmes

owned by its ally Heiseken and Brazilian Coca-Cola bottlers. any Argentine beer executives are deeply suspicious of Brahma's arrival on the scene. They wonder how it can truck heer 1,600km to Buenos Aires

could import Brazilian Kaiser

beer into Argentina. Kaiser is

and still make money. They claim that Brahma must be dumping beer that it cannot sell in its depressed home market, or is

does not bother him much: technology rather than raising. Mr Ingo Ostrovsky, Brahma's public affairs manager, tells a different story: "Brazil always had a beer shortage, so we never had the opportunity

of exporting. Now we have pro-

jects to increase capacity and

dedicate ourselves to foreign markets. We would be exporting even without the crisis in Brazil. The original idea is to export 10 per cent of output to [neighbouring] countries."

He says rebates on most of

the 151 per cent in taxes it pays on factory gate prices enable it to sell beer in Buenos Aires at about the same price as in Bra-From a marketing point of

view, Brahma is also helped by the fact its bottles are onethird smaller than those of its local competitors which means they sell for slightly less than Quilmes bottles of almost one litre even though Brahma's beer is actually more expen-

Brahma has started an advertising campaign and is working hard on supermarket and Brahma.

outlets. It already knows the Argentine market well through its local partner, Londrina SA. with which it owns a malting plant in Buenos Aires prov-

Analysts speculate that if all goes well, Brahma will seek a firmer foothold in Argentina. possibly by buying a smaller breweries. That should not be too difficult. Brahma had net income of \$73m on sales of \$1.8bn in 1991, although sales this year are down by over 20

The advance of beer in Argentina has come at the cost of dwindling wine sales, with consumption halving to 50 litres per head in the last 20

The dwindling appeal of wine is forcing some wineries to diversify into beer and mineral waters. Mr Roberto Luka. managing director of winery Finca Flichman, started a sideline distributing German Beck's beer two years ago. This summer he will start selling

American Coors beer. Flichman could well increase its presence in beer. That is a fine aspiration, but it will take many a long hard summer before it can take on Quilmes

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF

FBG (U.K.) PLC (formerly: Elders (U:K) PLC)

£85,000,000 7% Subordinated Convertible Bonds due 1997 (the «£ Bonds»)

US\$ 75,800,000 5% Subordinated Convertible Bonds due 1997 (the «US\$ Bonds»)

Unconditionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by, ith non-detachable subordinated conversion bonds issued and with conversion rights into Ordinary Shares of Foster's Brewing Group Limited

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to paragraph (c) of the Redemption terms of the £ Bonds and the US\$ Bonds (together, the *Bonds •), the holder of any of the above Bonds will have the cotion to have such Bonds redeemed by FBG (U.K.) PLC at 118% of their principal amount (for the US\$ Bonds) and at 123 % of the principal amount (for the £ Bonds) on 5th Merch, 1993 provided that all unmatured coupons pertaining thereto are attached or

To exercise such option, the Bondholders must deposit their Bond to be redeemed (together with the form of election of early redemption enfaced on such Bond duly completed), in the case of a Bearer Bond, with any Paying Agent or, in the case of a Registered Bond, with the Registrer or the Transfer Agent, at the addresses mentioned on the Bonds, at any time between January 19, 1963 and February 3, 1993 (both dates inclusive).

Any Bond so deposited may not be. withdrawn without the prior consent of FBG (U.K.) PLC.

Luxembourg, December 18, 1992 Kredietbenk

Mabon Securities Corp. thanks the presenting companies

SEVENTH ANNUAL RESEARCH CONFERENCE

ALZA AST Re Discount Auto Parts - Cillette HBG & Commun HI-Lo And **EMCERA** Group pat/Output Noveo Pharmacelist als ONBANCorp. Parametric Technology Special Thinks to Our Keywar Spe Alfred M. Zeien, Chair man, The Cillette Company Peter Lynch, Trustee, The Edenty Group of Funds

— MABON SECURITIES CORP.

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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Finland surprises market with SFr500m 8-year note

By Brian Bollen

Short Brog

in link with

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SHORT BROTHERS

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The companies have be a jointly-owned the called international for called international for systems (INS), which at

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French

Paul Betts

THE Republic of Finland made an early start to its 1993 international borrowing programme yesterday, unexpectedly launching a SFr500m eightyear bond, priced to yield just below 6 per cent. Crédit Suisse, which is arr-

INTERNATIONAL

BONDS

anging the issue, said that Finland took advantage of the receptive state of the Swiss bond market, where interest rates are thought to be heading lower, to launch its biggest issue in the sector so far.

Bankers said that although the 6 per cent coupon is above the current market rate, the pricing was a little aggressive. given Finland's heavy borrow-ing requirements. The pay-

The four Swiss franc issues launched yesterday were worth a total of SFr850m. The other three, for Shell Australia, Rabobank Nederland, and Total of France, were all said to be swap-driven.

The European Community reopened the Ecu market with the first Issue in the sector since the summer. The Eco80m third tranche of an issue first launched in December last year was priced to yield three basis points over the bid side of the existing issue and brings the total amount outstanding

Lead manager BZW reported a warm reception for a deal which, it argues, proves that reports of the death of the Ecu market have been greatly exaggerated. Demand, it said; tended to be mainly from European institutional investors. The syndicate broke within

EEC(b) SWISS FRANCS

> Sheli Australis** 15 minutes of the launch. months, and were described by Bankers said that the issue though small, shows that the other banks as commercial

money. They said if stability returns to the currency markets there could be further Ecu issuance in the new year. The London branch of NordLB issued \$100m of oneyear paper under an existing medium-term note programme, through Lehman Brothers. The

sector can still attract new

Çrêdit Suisse Çrêdit Suisse 102.76 2001 2000 102,375 placement. (Floating rate note. a) Coupon pays 37.5bp below outstanding ECU740m. Plus 30 days accrued interest. notes are puttable every three

paper dressed up as bonds. Barclays de Zoete Wedd has issued \$143m of US commercial paper backed by European trade receivables, the first asset-backed paper to be channelled through its special purpose securitisation programme, Sceptre International, writes

Tracy Corrigan.

AUSTRALIA

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

99.425

8.825

The Sceptre vehicle purchases diversified pools of trade receivables, with an average size in excess of \$50m equivalent, from high quality European companies, and then sells asset-backed commercial

Lehman Brothers Int

Barclays de Zoele Wedd

paper rated A1+/P1. The \$1bn programme allows for paper to be issued in both the US domestic market, as in this case, and in the Euro-comThe first batch of receivables to be securitised under the programme consists of close to 2,000 trade contracts sold to the vehicle by one UK com-

However, Barclays has been discussing potential issues under the programme with a number of continental European companies.

The London stock

exchange's board agreed yes-terday to proceed with links between its own trade confirmation system, Sequal, and two rival systems, writes Richard Waters.

Rarlier suggestions from the exchange that it might not proceed with the links had angered a number of institutional investors, since the links are seen as important in developing an electronic network through which details of international share transactions can be agreed

Barclays and **NatWest** downgraded

By Richard Waters

THE senior debt ratings of Barclays Bank and National Westminster Bank, the UK's two biggest banks, have been downgraded for the second time this year by Moody's Investors Service, the US rating agency.

The move reflects the dam-

age done by the UK recession to each bank's loan book and profitability, as well as the long-term impact of greater competition in banking.

Moody's new AA2 ratings, two notches below the top AAA ranking the banks held until earlier this year, bring the banks into line with the AA accorded them by rival agency Standard & Poor's.

Moody's pointed to Barclays'
"extended profit and asset quality weakness, and pressure on equity capital forma-tion". The protracted recession in the UK has pushed the bank's problem loans "to historically high levels".

NatWest faces similar prob ems. "Profitability and capital retention should remain depressed until 1994." The ratings affect about upset by slowing of deregulation

Japanese banks

JAPANESE commercial banks expressed dismay yesterday at the slowing of financial deregulation, which has become a victim of the Tokyo stock market collanse.

A package of long-awaited reforms announced yesterday by the Ministry of Finance will keep banks out of stock tradfor the indefinite future and ensure that their role in bond markets is limited. Japanese brokers had argued

that the collapse of stock prices damaged the industry's health, and that most houses were not fit to compete with banks in the securities markets or to take advantage of opportunities in the banking sector. Under the deregulation plan announced yesterday, the

country's 10 trust and long-term credit banks will be able to establish securities subsidiaries from next April to issue but not market convertible and warrant bonds, and to deal in straight bonds. The leading 11 commercial banks will have to wait at least

another year for the same, limited privileges, to be reviewed in two to three years by the ministry, which suggested that further reforms would then be announced. Officials at longterm credit banks, the Industrial Bank of Japan, the Long- the parent company.

Term Credit Bank of Japan and Nippon Credit Bank, were frustrated by a restriction on the new subsidiaries' dealings with companies for which they are the main bank.

While Japanese banks have been made wary of the stock market by the collapse of prices and trading volume over the past three years, they were hoping that the many months of negotiation with finance ministry officials would have brought more gains than were revealed yesterday.

The securities houses will be allowed to establish trust banking subsidiaries with greater freedom to deal in investment trusts and currency instruments, but they were denied access to special large-lot securities trusts and special loan trusts in which public funds are often invested

Several Japanese securities houses have indicated that they may not bother to apply for trust banking licences. They are awaiting information from the ministry on the costs of entry to the business and a timetable for the further easing of restrictions.

In an attempt to establish a "fire wall" between the banks and their new subsidiaries, the ministry indicated that board members of the subsidiaries

Tokyo proposes new stock futures index

By Emiko Terazono in Tokyo

JAPAN'S Ministry of Finance is planning a new stock futures index in an attempt to end local criticism of the negative effects of futures and options trading, in which foreign brokers are particular active.

The move is the latest twist in a long-standing row over the weakness of the Tokyo stock market caused by derivatives trading, which is blamed by the Tokyo stock exchange and some Japanese brokers for

undermining investor confidence in stocks. The ministry is proposing a capitalisation weighted index, which takes into account the number of shares outstanding, to replace the Nikkei 225 futures index, which is a simple price average of 225 stocks. The proposal goes some way to addressing concerns about the Nikkei 225, which is seen as easily manipulated. The ministry is also considering rule

changes and introduction of a

Bérégovoy fails to stem weakness in French issues

By Sara Webb in London and Patrick Harverson in New York

FRENCH government bonds fell yesterday as speculation over the French currency persisted in spite of firm state-ments by the French prime minister and finance minister that the franc would remain within the European exchange rate mechanism and would not

be devalued. Mr Pierre Bérégovoy, the prime minister, and Mr Michel Sapin, the finance minister. held press conferences yesterday at which they stressed their commitment to defending

GOVERNMENT BONDS

the franc/D-Mark parity. They said that the economic funda-mentals did not justify a lower exchange rate for the franc. However, short-term money market rates continued to rise, and three-month money was

quoted at 11% per cent to 12

per cent against 11 per cent to

11% per cent on Wednesday. The franc held steady at 3.4178 to 3.4182 to the D-Mark. The March bond future settled at 110.70, down 0.40, while in the cash market the yield on

U.S. DOLLAR STRAIGHTS

CREDIT FURCHER 1/12 49

DEMMARK 9 1/4 94

DEMMARK 9 1/4 95

EELS 8 1/4 96

EELS 9 1/4 97

ELLE DE FRANCE 9 98

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EELS 7 1/4 97

FINISH 2/7 97

FINISH

DEUTSCHE MARK STRAIGHTS
AUSTRA 5 7/8 97
BELGUM 7 3/4 02
BNP 8 1/4 01
BUTSCHE FINANCE 7 1/2 95
EUSC 8 3/8 96
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FINLAND 8 1/4 02

EIST 12-99
FINLAND 8 144 02
ESPHERAL ELECTRIC 8 344 95
HITCH AMER DEV. 90
HEELAND 7 344 02
FFW HITL FINANCE 7 144 97
TOKYO BLEC POWER 7 5-80 02
URITED KIMEDOM 7 1-80 77
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SWISS FRANC STRAIGHTS

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COUNCIL EUROPE 4 3/4 98

ELEC DE FRANCE 7 1/4 96

FIRLAND 7 1/4 99

GENERAL MOTORS 7 1/2 95

MYUNDAI MOTORS 7 1/2 95

MYUNDAI MOTORS 7 1/2 99

JAPAN DCV BK 5 1/2 94

KOBE 6 3/8 5 1/8 99

QUEBEC HYDRO 5 6/8

SILC 7 6/4

| FT FIXED INTEREST INDICES | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | Dec 17 | Dec 16 | Dec 15 | Dec 14 | Dec 11 | Year ago | Hilgh * | - res | | | |
| Boyt Sees (UK) Fixed Interest | 93.67 108.96 | 93,57 106,61 | 93.50 108.76 | 83.71 109.91 | 93.84 108.94 | 67.10 97.37 | 95.54 110.28 | 85.11 97.15 | | | |
| Basis 100: Gov * for 1992. Gov Fixed Interest I | SUBGRICIAN | Securities compliatio | high since arc 110,28 | e complia (12/11/82) | Don: 127.40 | (3/1/75) | iow 49. | 18 (3/1/76) | | | |
| ledices* | | Dec 18 | Dac | 15 | Dec 14 | Dec 11 | , | Ďec 10 | | | |
| Sitt Edged Sarq 5-Day average | يطم | 1024 1102 | 113 113 | | 1041 1147 | 105.1 117.7 | | 125.9 122.8 | | | |

the 814 per cent bond due 2003 ended at 8.35 per cent, com-pared with 8.28 per cent at the opening. Sentiment was not helped by the auction of twoand five-year notes.

■ THE CONTINUED tensions within the ERM helped to lift German government bond prices, although dealers noted that trading volume was thin.

The market paid little heed to the Bundesbank's monthly report yesterday in which the central bank said that Germany's economic outlook had worsened significantly but that monetary policies would remain tight because of concern about inflation. The Bundesbank also

announced that the bond con-

sortium of banks would meet

terms of the new federal bond

FT/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

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SETTISH GOLUMBA 10 96 CS
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SERITISH 10 CS

on December 29 to decide the

issue. The March bund futures contract on Liffe ended at around 91.63, up from 91.57 at Wednesday's close. ■US TREASURY prices eased

range yesterday morning after investors mostly ignored the latest economic news. By midday, the benchmark 30-year government bond was down is at 1024, yielding 7.433 per cent. The two-year note

slightly across the maturity

was also slightly weaker at the halfway stage, down it at 998. yielding 4.656 per cent. Trading was listless with a bias towards the downside. News that initial claims for jobless insurance rose 22,000 in the week ended December 5, that the October trade gap narrowed to \$7.03bn, and that the Philadelphia Federal Reserve's

index of local business activity

8.750 06/02 104.8500 0.100 7.90 7.98 8.12 8.500 04/02 102,7500 -0.250 9.09 8.500 03/97 100:3978 -0.452 8.500 11/02 100.8250 -0.690 8.000 07/02 103.9700 -0.010 7.40 7.41 7.43 12.000 05/02 92.5200 -0.020 13.671 13.70 13.36 4.800 06/90 101.3064 0.000 5.500 03/02 105.7081 -0.070 8.250 08/02 105.2300 -0.010 7,45 7,48 7,56 10.300 08/02 87.7500 -0.400 12.66 12.58 12.41 10.000 11/96 108-30 +4/32 9.750 08/92 108-25 +2/32 9.000 10/08 102-27 +4/32 6.80 8.74 6.86 7.44 7.43 7.58 97-01 -6/32 102-05 -4/32 8,89 8.88 8,70

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

 Compon
 Red Date
 Price
 Change
 Vield
 Week ago
 Month ago

 10.000
 10/02
 106.6793
 -0.746
 8.96
 8.79
 8.69

have much of an impact on market sentiment. Some dealers attributed the

as: US. UK in 32nds, others in decimal

lacklustre nature of trading to an unwillingness of investors to play the market ahead of next weeks' auctions of new two and five-year notes.

■UK GOVERNMENT bonds ended firmer, gaining about % of a point at the long end following the release of worse than-expected unemployment

However, dealers pointed out that any rise in the market is likely to be limited by the overhang of new stock. The Liffe gilt future contract rose from 99.24 to 99.31.

Technical Datal ATLAS Price Source

figures. The gilt market opens

on a weak note, but news that

unemployment rose by 41,100

in November lifted gilt prices.

The unemployment figures

were higher than expected, and

raised hopes that there might

be a cut in interest rates

MARKET STATISTICS

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

| | | | [| | | | | | | 4 | | •• | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| | CHA + 444 | viels 9,05 8,15 7,71 7,47 8,45 8,57 8,46 8,57 8,63 8,93 8,93 8,93 8,93 8,93 8,93 8,93 8,9 | British Funds. Other Fixed interest. Commercial, industrial. Financial & Property. Off & Sas. Plantations. Mines. Others. | | | | | | | 782 | | 2 1 162 77 11 0 25 40 | | Same 14 2 811 556 63 81 38 |
| 100a 165 | ****** | 9.00 8.69 9.12 | Ì — | | | | | | | _ | | _ | - | |
| 100 | ₹ | 8.73 9.32 9.45 9.90 8.76 | | | | OND | ON R | ECENT | 155 | VE | <u> </u> | | | |
| 181 141 | | 9,90 8,76 | EQU | ITIES | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | _ |
| 189 184 185 185 | 4444 | 9.58 8.87 | issue Price | Paid Ress up Dat | e High | 992 Leer | 5 | toek | Clasing Price | · 4 | Met. Div | Times Cov'd | | P/E Ratio |
| | 4 | 9.42 8.85 9.46 9.22 8.50 7.36 9.26 | 5220 100 90 | F.P F.P F.P F.P | 127 250 145 97 | 100 231 100 98 | ETR Warra Critchiny Gr For. & Col. House Gover | PEP law Tol L Smitr Co's | 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 | +5 | [A] F3.38 | 22 | 3.3 4.4 | ק.קט - |
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| 110 110 114 | _L | 751 782 789 770 1254 | 145 | | 100 | 181.00 E | Maileral Ex #Prise Peop Second Cons | presi | 밚 | 41 | W7.12 | 1.5 - | 52 | 12.0 |
| 31 71 | 42 | 7.93 7.93 8.39 | 25 120 160 | | 239 208 198 | 뗢 | Tadpole Ted @Tepnel Dia Wetherspoo | postics | 186 191 198 | 44 | W4.8 | - 26 | 3.2 | 16.0 |
| 887743488888888888888888888888888888888 | +4 +4 | 10,24 9,92 10,27 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 106. 99. 99. | - | \$.2500 8.1000 8.5625 | | | | F | HOLE | OFFE | RS_ | | | | | _ |
| 99. 100. 99. | | 1.5625 5.0000 5.0000 3.4063 8.9063 5.2500 | Price P | Paid 10 | Laber Resulte Date | High | 1992 Los | | Steel | ł | | Chos Pri | œ | ÷ <u>c</u> |
| 99.102.100.4 100.4 99.5 | ₽: | 7 2250 | 25 240 445 | P.P. NIT | 1/3 2/12 19/12 | 47pm 145pm | 10 43am 120am | Property Trust Seton Healtho Tibbett & Sri | 200 | | | 47 145 | 14 pen pen | +2 |
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| મ, 8 | 82 | 33.46 35.31 61.52 61.53 | The FT | -SE 100, | FT-SE | Mid 2 | 50 and F | DICE SE Actua ted by The | ries 3 | 50 lps | dices an | d the | e Fi | -SE -sge |

The FT-Actuaries All-Share Index is calculated by The Financial Times Limited in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries.

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| 455 7 2 14 6 316 27 6 82 2 3 3 10 50 7 27 7 55 20 19 11 25 6 37 11 | 507 677 4624 6534 32 22 34 5 46 | 11 75 5 12 7 90 1 10 17 5 213 13 84 63 40 80 50 50 50 70 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 7 28 5 11 13 25 72 18 10 40 62 20 7 13 43 8 30 14 45 20 15 28 7 31 | 24 45 25 25 26 25 16 8 25 24 25 25 26 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 | 357 8 14 30 42 「55 552 1677 7 12 362 52 53 38 6 25 48 34 46 28 52 | Bytime BAA (*789) BAT inds (*7972) BTR (*531) Brit. Telecom (*369) Caditory Sch (*463) Eastern Elec (*393) Geltmes (*4972) GEC (*275) Hauson (*222) LASAMO (*126) Lucat inds (*127) P. & Q. | 750 950 1000 550 360 370 460 460 280 240 130 140 | 59 30 57 22 43 15 36 17 35 14 32 15 50 25 20 9 | 78 50 69 44 50 23 | _ | 134 252 7 30 41 15 8 27 11 23 6 15 | 2244 4675 1441 8 19 18 39 17 31 23 42 9 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 | 22 55 54 82 20 45 | Glass Glass Glass (**769) Hillsdom (**130) Lourke (**59) HSBC 75p(**466) HSBC 75p(**47) HSBC 75p(** | 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 50 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 65 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 | 33 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 36 67 13 88 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 | 14 4 6 5 20 3 3 5 5 7 5 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 6 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
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| 2 14 6 31 16 27 6 12 4 82 2 36 10 50 7 7 7 55 20 19 11 25 6 37 | 5 256 28416 18 11 6 50 7 67 63 53 22 35 6 | 7 921 10 17 5 211 13% 63 40 85 97 5 77 5 93 40 44 | 11 1325 7518 100 40 1520 2 7 1343 8 30 14 45 45 20 15 28 7 | 12 20 31 - 29 16 45 45 25 20 42 26 54 16 40 23 8 24 | 14 304 「35 252 1677 712 362 又54 386 25年 346 | P972) STR C7531 1 Brit. Telecomp (7369) Cadhury Sch (7463) Eastern Elec (7393) Eastern Elec (7393) Est C4972) ESC (7275) Hauson (7222 1 Lucsido) C126) Lucsi inds (7127) P. & Q. | 1000 500 550 360 370 460 460 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 2 | 32 43 13 35 4 35 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 44 50 23 45 55 38 26 14 7 23 8 23 | 59 57 51 51 57 58 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 | 52 7 30 41 15 8 27 11 23 12 30 6 15 8 22 10 15 912 | 75 141 8 19 18 37 1731 25 42 9 18 12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 | 22 20 45 13 24 22 43 27 48 14 24 16 27 19 24 17 24 | (*130) Lordo (*54) Lordo (*54) HS8C 75p (*466) May Perform (*264) Resturs (*154) Soxt Power (*229) Sours (*98) Forte (*170) Thorn EM (*233) TS8 (*141) | 145 445 55 55 55 145 115 115 115 115 115 | 10 11 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1 | 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 12 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | 17 13 77 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 38 38 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 | 18 55 55 14 25 15 12 25 11 25 7 | 14 4 6 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 4 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 |
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| 11 4 8 2 2 3 6 17 27 7 5 5 20 19 11 25 6 57 | 16 16 8 11 6 50 Z 67 464 654 20 345 46 | 多 2 13 13 14 6 14 8 15 15 15 17 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 | 40 6 20 2 7 13 43 8 30 14 5 4 20 15 28 7 | 43 10 4 4 1 2 2 4 4 1 2 3 4 2 4 2 5 4 1 6 4 0 2 3 3 4 2 4 | 167 7 12 36 25 39 46 34 46 | Eastern Elec (7993) Gulmess (4972) GEE (*275) Hauson (*222) LASMO (*236) Junes Indis (*127) P. & Q. | 370 400 460 500 260 280 240 130 140 120 130 | 14 325 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 40 25 58 35 28 16 14 5 23 23 | 67 45 31 17 92 26 27 | 11 23 12 30 6 15 8 22 10 15 91 ₂ | 17 31 23 42 9 18 12 25 16 21 | 29 48 14 24 26 27 21 19 24 17 24 | Resters (*1357) R. Royce (*114) Soot Point (*227) Sears (*98) Forte (*130) Thorn EM (*133) TISB (*141) | 135 146 11 12 7 22 7 24 9 10 16 18 18 18 18 18 14 16 | 0 22 0 54 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 24 0 24 0 24 | 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 35 115 50 88 13 16 14 19 6 10 16 18 17 76 12 26 17 76 12 49 11 14 6 | 18 55 25 25 15 15 15 25 15 25 15 25 15 25 25 15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 | 102 12 18 192 5 12 25 11 25 7 | 12) 141 211 61 33 |
| 4 852 25 36 10 507 2775 5520 1911 25 6 37 | 8 11 6 50 27 67 7 46 24 65 34 52 22 34 15 46 | 13 13 24 63 40 80 50 59 50 70 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | 20 2 7 13 43 8 30 14 45 41 20 15 28 7 | 24 45 25 25 26 25 16 8 25 24 25 25 26 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 | 27 7 12 36 62 52 53 59 66 55 68 34 66 | (*993) Gelmess (*972) GEC (*275) Hauson (*222 1 LASIMO (*126) Lucas Inds (*127) P. & O. | 460 500 250 250 240 130 140 120 | 50 25 20 9 11 4 18 14 19 | 25 28 16 14 1 23 18 23 | 67 45 31 19 17 91 26 22 27 | 23 12 30 6 15 8 22 10 15 9 ₂ | 31 22 42 9 18 12 25 16 21 14 | 14 24 16 27 19 24 17 24 | R Rayce (*114) Scot. Point (*229) Sears (*98) Forte (*1370) Thora EM (*143) 758 (*141) | 22 24 9 10 16 18 18 18 14 18 | | | 13 16 12 14 19 6 10 12 26 13 17 76 12 49 11 14 6 | 2½ 8½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ | 12 18 192 5 8 12 25 12 25 11 25 7 | 141 2 211 61 33 |
| 27 36 50 77 77 520 1911 25 6 37 | 6 50 27 67 7 46 46 53 52 22 34 5 46 | 84 84 85 男为 75 男羽 42 | 7 13 43 8 30 14 45 420 15 28 7 | 9½ 24 54 20 42 54 26 40 23 24 | 12 36 25 36 28 34 | (*492) SEC (*275) Hauson (*222) LASMO (*136) Lucas Intis (*127) P. & O. | 250 250 250 240 130 140 130 | 20 9 11 4 18 14 19 | 28 16 14 23 18 23 | 45 31 19 17 92 26 27 | 30 6 15 8 22 10 15 91 ₂ | 9 18 12½ 25 16 21 | 14 24 16 27 19 24 17 24 | Scot. Power (*229) Sears (*98) Forte (*170) Thoma EM (*833) TSB (*141) | 22 24 10 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | 0 10 0 11 0 12 0 25 0 25 0 25 0 25 | 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 7 1 | 14 19 6 10 16 18 2 25 13 17 19 76 12 49 11 14 6 | 21 312 213 214 24 214 215 | 19½ 5 8 12 22 25 11 25 7 | 21 1 61 23 33 35 |
| 10 50 17 77 55 20 19 11 25 6 37 | 27 67 464 654 32 22 345 46 | 4 8 8 5 9 3 7 4 9 3 4 4 4 | 8 30 14 45 45 20 15 28 | 54 20 42 26 54 16 40 25 24 | 62 25 39 66 25 48 34 46 | GEE (*275) Hanson (*222) LASMO (*136) Lucas Ints (*127) P. & O. | 250 240 130 140 120 130 | 9 11 4 18 14 19 | 16 14 23 18 23 | 19 17 94 26 22 27 | 15 8 22 10 15 91 ₂ | 18 1212 25 16 21 14 | 16 27 ½ 19 24 17 24 | Sears (*98) Forte (*170) Thorn EM (*833) TSB (*141) | 10 16 18 18 18 14 14 | 0 11 0 12 0 25 0 25 0 25 0 25 | 2 2 2 3 5 5 3 5 | 16 18 12 26 13 17 76 12 49 11 14 6 | 3½ 2½ 11 3 24 2½ 21 | 5 8 12 22 25 51 11 25 7 | 61, 20 33 |
| 17 27 75 55 20 19 11 25 6 37 | 37 46 46 45 45 22 34 15 46 | 53 97% 7745 9730 40% | 30 14 45 41 ₇ 20 15 28 | 42 26 54 16 40 25 36 24 | 54 39 55 25 49 34 46 | Hanson (*222 1 LASMO (*136) (unus inds (*127) P. & O. | 240 130 140 120 130 | 18 14 19 | 25 18 23 | 9h 26 22 27 | 22 10 15 91 ₂ | 25 16 21 14 | 274 19 24 17 24 | Forte (*170) There EM (*833) TSB (*141) | 16 18 18 18 14 14 | 0 12 0 25 0 35 0 4 0 25 | 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 1 3 | 2 26 13 17 19 76 12 49 11 14 6 | 25 11 3 24 25 21 | 12 22 25 51 11 25 7 | 26 35 55 |
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| | | FT-/ | ACTL | JARI | ES F | IXE | INTEREST INDICES | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | | PRICE | MDICI | :5 | | | AVERAGE GROSS Thu Wed Dec Dec 17 16 (| Year ago (approx.) |
| | | Thu Dec 17 | Day's change % | | Accrued Interest | | British Government 1 Low 5 years 7.28 7.39 2 Coupons 15 years 8.25 8.26 | 8.79 9.37 9.37 |
| 3 | British Government Up to 5 years (24) 5-15 years (23) Over 15 years (8) Irredeemables (6) All stocks (61) | 127.65 144.65 152.54 170.80 | +0.14 +0.15 +0.25 | 127.54 144.46 152.31 170.38 141.23 | 1.67 | 13.51 11.89 13.68 | 3 (0%-74,%) 20 years. 8.49 8.51 4 Medium 5 years. 7.59 7.62 5 Coupons 15 years. 8.67 8.69 6 (8%-104,%) 20 years. 8.84 8.84 7 High 5 years. 8.96 8.97 9 (11%-) 20 years. 9.04 9 (11%-) 20 years. 9.04 9 (11%-) 8.97 10 Irredeemahles(Flat Yield) 8.90 8.92 | 9.74 9.43 9.43 9.54 9.54 9.55 |
| 6 7 | Index-Linked Up to 5 years (2) Over 5 years (11) All stocks (13) | 183.34 162.77 | +0.10 +0.33 | 183.15 162.22 163.82 | 0.82 0.93 0.92 | 3.68 4.56 4.42 | Index-Linked 1.1 Inflation rate 5% Up to 5yrs. 2.54 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.56 2.57 | 4.03 4.36 3.35 4.19 |
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£13m customer rebate and largest dividend rise of regional companies announced

Yorkshire Electricity advances to £42m

ources Editor

YORKSHIRE Electricity is to rebate each of its tariff customers £5 after announcing sharply higher profits and dividends for the six months to

Mr John Tysoe, chairman, said yesterday that the refund would cost the company £13m. "But we want to share the results of our good performance between our shareholders and our customers."

Yorkshire closed the electriclty season with a 28 per cent increase in profits before tax to

£42.5m (£33.1m). Earnings jumped 29 per cent to 14.8p.
The interim dividend is increased by 15 per cent to 6p, the largest increase announced

by a regional company.
Mr Tysoe said: "Viewed against a background of the continuing deep recession throughout the country, this is an excellent result." Although turnover and units

sold fell in the period, there was an improvement both in cost control and in the number of bad debtors. Operating costs fell 7 per cent and staff numbers were reduced by 150. There was a deterioration in

both main activities. Operating profit from distribution fell to £57.4m (£59.6m), and the supply business loss rose to £18.3m (£17.9m). Offsetting this was a sharp improvement in non-core businesses such as retailing and contracting, where operating profits amounted to £1.7m compared to losses of £7.4m. Provisions in both years distorted these figures.

Yorkshire expects the recession to continue to affect its results for the remainder of the financial year, though further cost reductions should contribute to a growth in profitability. Mr Tysoe said that Yorkshire was unlikely to sign any long-term electricity deals with the power generators until the uncertainty created by the coal review was removed. If anything, he would prefer an interim arrangement that would tide the industry over to 1994 when a fresh review of pricing arrangements is due.

COMMENT

The numbers were not quite as rosy as they looked. The deterioration in both the supply and distribution businesses though not indicative for seasonal reasons of the full-year

the recession is impacting, and the management's assessment

of the outlook was not madly encouraging. Some analysts also thought that Yorkshire was not driving down on costs as hard as it had promised. The refund was a bit of a red herring because the regulator would have obliged Yorkshire to return the money anyway 5.6 per cent is the lowest in the sector, despite the thumping

next year. But the result was good enough to preserve Yorkshire's reputation as the inves-tor's most favoured rec. The estimated prospective yield of

The move is designed to allow RIO to meet the EC's Third Council Directive on Non-Life Insurance, which was adopted on June 18. Regulations needed to implement the directive are expected to come

acquired as part of a similar bid in 1985.

value minus expenses).

At present, the bid is worth about 215p per share, and values the 59.7 per cent of St Andrew which Ecclesiastical does not own, at £44.1m.

to accumulate more than 75 per cent of St Andrew, as this would threaten its investment trust status. It wants Martin Currie to continue to manage

St Andrew yesterday put out a holding statement noting the offer. The shares were unchanged at 211p.

more money will be raised Burdon & Miles from Silverfrom selling some properties, the total will be short of the mines Engineering and Tech-nology, a subsidiary of Silvermines, for £921,000 of which £70,000 has been deferred.

EIO plans to take up to 75% of St Andrew

By Philip Coggan, Personal Finance Editor

THE ECCLESIASTICAL Insurance Office is making a bid for St Andrew Trust, an investment trust specialising in smaller companies, which is managed by Martin Currie. However, the hid is a techni-cal one designed to leave Pre-tax profits rose from £39.8m to £44.3m in the six

of more than 50 and less than 75 per cent.

Ecclesiastical with a holding

into effect on July 1 1994. The impact of the regulations will be that, for capital adequacy purposes, Ecclesias-tical will need to have a majority holding in the trust. It currently has a holding of 40.3 per cent, some of which was

The Takeover Code requires Ecclesiastical to make a full offer for all the remaining shares of the trust. It is accordingly making an offer in cash, equivalent to 93 per cent of the trust's formula asset value (in essence, the net asset

Reclesiastical does not want

Morris Ashby

Morris Ashby has acquired raised about £30m. Although

Joint venture helps Wessex Water rise by 11% to £44.3m

By Angus Foster

WESSEX WATER, supplier of water and sewerage services from Bristol to Bournemouth, announced a 11 per cent rise in interim profits helped by the first full contribution from its joint venture with Waste Management of the US.

months to September 30, despite lower interest earnings as capital investment eliminated cash holdings. Mr Nicholas Hood, chairman,

described the results as sparkling" and said they reflected tight control of operating costs. Turnover increased 8.3 per cent to £102.3m, mainly reflecting average price increases of 8 per cent. Recession led to an estimated 1.5 per

cent fall in metered income

from business and factories. Operating profits rose 24 per cent to £42.1m as costs were held steady at £44.9m, reflecting restructuring advantages and tighter cost control. Net interest earnings fell to £600,000 (£6.1m) as Wessex went from net cash of £15m to net borrowings of £9m. Capital expenditure totalled £74m (£52m) and is forecast to reach

£130m for the full year. Wessex Waste Management. the 49.9 per cent owned joint

venture with Waste Management, made trading profits of £3.2m and remained on target, Mr Hood said. Five smaller waste businesses were acquired during the period at an initial cost of £6.3m. Earnings per share increased from 36.2p to 40.6p. The interim

dividend goes up to 7.3p (6.8p).

COMMENT

Wessex is one of the best regarded water companies, both in terms of its core business management and the unregulated waste venture, and there was nothing in these figures to challenge that repu-tation. The jewel to provide Mr Hood's sparkle was control of operating costs. This flowed from reduced central overheads and cost control among individual business units. although overall costs were slightly flattered by a one-off reduction in depreciation. Outside the core, Wessex Waste Management continued to make progress and looks set to beat initial forecasts of a £6m contribution, which would be more than 7 per cent of trading profits. Full year forecasts of £85m put the shares on just under 8 times with a yield under 5 per cent. That is expensive relative to the sector, especially given yester-day's 7p rise to 584p.

| | Current payment | Date of payment | ponding dividend | for year | last year |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Abtrust Prefint | 2.90625 | Jan 29 | 5.8125 | - | 11.6 |
| lcates/Huichesonกิก | | Apr 13 | 3.25 | 8.5 | 5 |
| Sarcomfin | | Feb 4 | nil | 1.25 | nii |
| Bredstockfin | | Apr 8 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 4.75 |
| Bromsgrove Indaint | | Mar 10 | 1.5 | - | 4 |
| Danae inv Tstint | | Mar 1 | 3.375 | - | 7.95 |
| Devenish (JA)fin | | Feb 23 | 5.05 | 7.85 | 6.25 |
| Electra inv Tstfin | | Feb 22 | 3.2 | 6.7 | 6.4 |
| 3estetnerfin | | Apr 2 | 6.4 | 8.2 | 8.2 |
| Gold Greenicesint | | Apr 6 | 3.3 | - | 8.3 |
| arp Dev Cap Tetfin | 0.3p | Feb 19 | 0.24 | 0.3 | 0.24 |
| WR Groupfin | 4 | Apr 6 | 3 | 7 | 4 |
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| Multitone Elecint | 1.5 | Feb 24 | 1.25 | - | 3 |
| EP §fin | 0.35 | Åpr 7 | 0.2 | 0.65 | 0.2 |
| shopritefin | 5.5 | Apr 8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 7.5 |
| [GIInt | 0.5 | Jan 25 | nil | - | 1,7 |
| lurkey Trustfin | | Feb 26 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Vessex Waterint | 7.3 | Apr 1 | 6.6 | | 19.5 |
| orkshire Electint | 6 | Mar 29 | 5.23 | - | 17.7 |

Receiver may act against Clarke Foods' supplier

By Peggy Hollinger

RECEIVERS TO Clarke Foods, the ice-cream manufacturer, are considering legal action against Alfa-Laval, the Swedish engineering company, in respect of equipment supplied earlier

Alfa-Laval has vigorously rejected any responsibility for difficulties encountered by Clarke. The equipment

had been "delivered, installed and commissioned on a time schedule agreed with Clarke Foods", it has stated previ-

However, Robson Rhodes, the receiver, said it had evaluated potential claims worth "several millions" against

the Swedish company. Clarke Foods went into receivership in October with debts of about £40m.

The group had experienced production

problems in the early part of the summer, which meant it was unable to manufacture ice-cream during the hottest months. Ice-cream sales in the latter part of the summer were depressed by record wet weather.

The receiver also announced that the transaction by which Nestlé, the Swissowned foods group, acquired the main assets and business of Clarke Foods had been estimated at a value of £40.5m.

uation of potential claims against Alfa-

Included in this was the receiver's eval-

Mr Ipe Jacob, of Robson Rhodes, said he would be making a report to the Department of Trade and Industry on the conduct of Clarke's directors, as was his statutory duty. "We are currently collecting information . . . from those who have made various allega-

Low take-up for **HunterPrint** rights issue

By Paul Taylor

HunterPrint's investors have given the troubled specialist printer's £20m rights issue an unenthusiastic reception.

The company had offered

investors one share for every 10 held at a placing price of 50p to raise a net £18.3m. However, the board said yesterday that at the close of the offer, applications had been received for only 8.87m shares, representing 22.18 per cent of

the shares on offer. Out of the placing proceeds, £15.6m in cash will be used to pay lessors of printing equipment, which along with the £5.2m convertible preferences would eliminate HunterPrint's £36m lease obligations.

The lessors also agreed to take up to £3.9m of the placing

Acatos boosted by sale of loss-makers

The businesses involved are: tronic circuitry.

By Matthew Curtin

By Andrew Bolger

SHARES IN Acatos & Hutcheson jumped 15p to 170p as the manufacturer and supplier of edible oil products turned in a 13 per cent increase in pre-tax profits from £6.68m to £7.56m for the year to Sep-

The group reaped the full benefits of pulling out of its

THE LAST remaining assets of

Astra Holdings, the munitions

and fireworks maker which

went into receivership earlier

The disposal to a US consor-

tlum, led by Lion Holdings Cor-

poration, has saved about 1,000

this year, have been sold.

loss-making Spanish joint venture and selling its unprofitable UK plastics operation in the last year.

Although turnover fell to £200.9m, compared with £228.5m. net borrowings were slashed from £16.4m to £10.1m at the year-end because of sharply improved cashflow. Lower interest rates helped interest charges fall to

Astra Holdings Corporation,

the US holding company. Ten-

tion, which makes infra-red

decoy flares and ammunition.

Accudyne Corporation of Wis-

consin, which makes arma-

ment fuses for the defence

industry; and Acculyte of

Virginia, which makes elec-

based Kilgore Corpora-

said that with results ahead of expectations, the group decided to bring forward capital spending plans. It made an exceptional charge of £1.5m to cover the depreciation provi-sion for the accelerated replacement of buildings and

£1.37m (£3.1m). Mr Ian Hutcheson, chairman, restored foundations for longer-term growth, and would concentrate on improving efficiencies to win back UK market share lost to European

He said the group had

Astra, which is being investi-

gated by the Department of

Trade and Industry, went into receivership in February,

Its principal UK subsidiary,

BMARC, was sold to Royal

Ordnance, in April for just under £10m. Its other UK sub-

sidiary, Haley & Weller, was

owing £50m to five banks.

competitors in the past few Earnings per share advanced from 13.3p to 15.2p. A proposed final dividend of 4p makes a

sold to Chemring Group in

July. The other US business,

Astra Precision Products, was

The disposals to date have

banks' exposure, so shareholders will receive nothing.

sold to a US fund in June.

total of 6.5p, compared with 5p US consortium buys Astra's remaining assets

ESPIRITO SANTO FINANCIAL HOLDING S.A. SOCIETE ANONYME L-2240 LUXEMBOURG

R.C. Luxembourg B 22232 NOTICE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS Following a resolution taken by the Board of Directors of the company, new printing standards for bearer securities as defined by the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The main requirement being that the securities are executed in accordance with a specially designed pattern and that the detail structure utilized for another purpose was not used for their execution. Holders of bearer shares are kindly requested to deposit their share certificate (s) with Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise, 43, boulevard Royal, L-2955 LUXEMBOURG (Attn.:Regularisations) from January 4, 1993 in order to

receive the new bearer share certificate (s). Although an exchange will still be possible afterwards, only new bearer share certificates will be of valid delivery at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange from February 8, 1993.

The Board of Directors December 18, 1992.



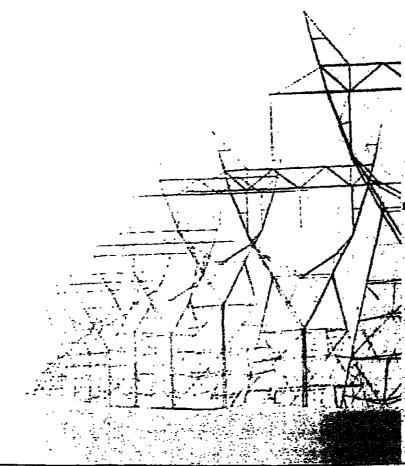
Turkey has a blue-chip future, invest in it today.

The Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration

offers investors an opportunity to acquire its shares in

two electric power companies:

CUKUROVA ELEKTRİK A.Ş. and KEPEZ ELEKTRİK T.A.S.



ANNOUNCEMENT

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY PRIME MINISTRY PUBLIC PARTICIPATION ADMINISTRATION

The Republic of Turkey, Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration (PPA) offers for sale the shares of the following companies:

| · . | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Share Capital of the Company | Percentage of Shares Subject | Nominal Value of Shares | Minimum Offer Value |
| Company Name (Industry) | (TL) | For Sale | (TL) | (US \$) |
| ÇUKUROVA ELEKTRIK A.Ş. | 300.000.000.000 | 11,25 (%) | 33.759.920.000 (*) | 38.796.000 |
| (Electric Power Plant) | . : | | • | |
| Kepez elektrik t.a.ş. | 100.000.000.000 | 25,39 (%) | 25.390.664.800 (**) | 14.951.990 |
| (Electric Power Plant) | • | | | |

Information memoranda relating to the sale of the above companies can be obtained from the Public Participation Administration for a fee of TL 250.000 (Twohundred and fiftythousand Turkish Liras).

The sale of the shares of the stated companies will be realized by obtaining the bids separately and performing negotiations with the tenderers. It is required that the investors should submit their tender offers with the condition that the proposed tender amount should not be below the minimum offer value as stated above. Such value indicates the minimum value in order to participate in the negotiations and only those tenderers whose offers are equal to or exceed the minimum offer value will be incided to contribute.

invited for negotiations.

The currency of the sale of the entire shares will be denominated in US Dollars.

In the event of the tender offer is made on installment basis sales, the maturity period can not exceed 2 (two) years.

Tender offers submitted in terms of installment basis will be discounted by using the rate of 6.21875 %, based on the compound interest principles. Such amount computed on this basis can not be less then the above stated minimum offer value. Installment payments should be made by using The Central Bank of Turkey's foreign exchange selling rate prevailing as of the

payment date.
The tender offer and an irrevocable unconditional temporary bank letter of guarantee denominated in US Dollars with a maturity period of 6 (six) months or foreign currency indexed marketable securities amounting to at least 6 % of the minimum offer value as stated above must be submitted to PPA (Häseyla Rahani Gürpunar Sok. No: 2 Çankaya 06680 ANKARA-TURKEY) no later than January 12, 1993 Tuesday, by 6.00 PM Turkish mean time.

The following documents must be attached to the tender offer in the event,
a) the bidder is a real person, the certificate of specimen signature,
b) the bidding is made by a proxy, the power of attorney particularly authorizing to bid in this tender on behalf of the bidder together with this certificate of specimen signature of the attorney,
c) the bidder is a legal person, a certificate of power proving that the persons acting on behalf of the legal person have the authority to represent and obligate the legal person together with specimen signature.

The tender offer shall be made in a sealed envelope on which the name of the company and the indication of "CON-FIDENTIAL" should be indicated and submitted to the below stated address.
Subsequent to the termination of the sale negotiations with the eligible bidders: a letter of intent encompassing the terms of

FDENTIAL" should be indicated and submitted to the below stated address.

Subsequent to the termination of the sale negotiations with the eligible bidders; a letter of intent encompassing the terms of price and payments as well as a permanent bank letter of guarantee amounting at least 6 % of the minimum offer value will be requested from the bidder who meets the PPA's selection criteria. The unconditional temporary bank letter of guarantee will be cashed and recorded as income in the event that the letter of intent is not given or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of guarantee is not given and/or the agreement is not signed within the period as agreed upon between the

parties.

The Republic of Turkey, Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration is not subject to the State Tender Law No: 2886 and reserves the right to decide whether or not to sell the shares and to extend the deadline of the tender, if decuts necessary.

(*) The shares of Çukurova Elektrik A.Ş. which is offered for sale by PPA, are (B) group. The three members of Board of Directors and one member of Board of Auditors are elected among the candidates to be nominated by the shareholders possessing this group according to the company's Articles of Association.

(**) The shares of Kepez Elektrik T.A.Ş. which is offered for sale by PPA, are composed of (A) and (B) group amounting to TL 25.126.257.000 and TL 264.407.000 respectively. The three members of Board of Directors and two members of Board of Auditors are elected among the candidates to be nominated by the shareholders possessing (A) group while four members of Board of Directors and three members of Board of Auditors are elected among the candidates to be nominated by the shareholders possessing (B) group according to the company's Articles of Association.

This parties done not constitute the effect of the company's Articles of Association. This notice does not constitute an offer to self any securities in any jurisdiction in which, or to any person such an offer would be prohibited, and such an offer may only be made in compliance with applicable laws.

> REPUBLIC OF TURKEY PRIME MINISTRY PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

ADMINISTRATION Hineyin Rahmi Gürpunar Sok, No. 2, 06680 Çankaya-Anjana/ANJANASINA (200-0) 439 99-16 -(90-4) 441 15 00 Fax: (90-4) 439 84-77

By Paul Taylor

distributor which has recently

been the subject of bid specula-

£900.3m (£898.3m). A maintained final dividend

of 6.4p makes an unchanged

8.2p total. Basic earnings

increased to 22.2p (16.4p); fully

diluted the figure was 12.1p

Mr Basil Sellers, chairman,

would not comment on the bid

rumours which have helped

underpin a rise in Gestetner's

share price in recent months.

Yesterday the stock closed up

Last year he persuaded Ricoh, the Japanese office

equipment manufacturer, to

pay 250p per share for a 24.2 per cent stake in the group.

Commenting on the results

Mr Sellers said that trading

conditions in Gestetner's Euro-

A RESTRUCTURING and

expansion of its pub estate helped JA Devenish, the West

Country-based pub operator,

overcome a disappointing holi-

day season in Cornwall to increase its operating profits

from pubs to £16.8m (£16.5m).

Devenish withdrew from

wholesaling and brands at the

time of the failed bid from

Boddington last year and used

the £25m proceeds to buy an

After leasing 115 pubs from

Whitbread for eight years it

increased its estate from 376 to

532 houses. Earlier in the year

it bought 28 Roast Inns and

Henry's Cafe Bars from Whit-

Capital expenditure rose

SEP Industrial Holdings, the

USM-quoted group which has

interests in manufacturing, distribution and international

in pre-tax profits from £214,000

to £830,000 for the year to Sep-

The group also announced a

placing and open offer of 23.4m

new ordinary shares to raise £3.2m and said that it planned

to seek a full listing for its

Mr Paul Formby, chairman,

said the result reflected the

improved contribution from

the distribution activities, loss elimination and interest

savings arising from a reduc-

tion in group indebtedness. It was achieved on reduced turn-

over of £24m (£49.5m) but the

interest charges were just

Earnings per share came to 1.42p (0.27p) and a proposed

final dividend of 0.35p (0.2p) brings the total to 0.65p (0.2p). Proceeds from the placing

would assist the funding of the

group's expansion programme, Mr Formby said, as well as any

requirement for additional

working capital. The shares

will be placed at 14%p on the

basis of one new share for

£577,000 (£1.57m).

every two held.

tember 30.

(11.6p).

2p at 152p.

By Roland Rudd

extra 45 pubs.

bread for £16.9m.

pre-tax profits to £27,2m.

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KIP PAR

Overseas boost for Learmonth Burchett

seas and steady results from the UK, enabled Learmonth & Burchett Management Systems to report pre-tax profits of £753,000 for the six months to October 31, compared with losses of £281,000. The USM-quoted supplier of

A buoyant performance over-

be difficult. However, sales in its international and North GESTETNER Holdings, the American regions were "pleasinternational office equipment

Second-half earnings were more than double those in the tion, yesterday reported a 21 first half "reflecting a continper cent increase in full year, ual improvement in the trading performance of the group." Turnover for the 12 months The group's core office autoto October 31 was flat at mation products business reported a marginal increase in sales to £733.9m (£725m) and trading -profits of £41.3m (£34.1m). Gross margins continued to slip reflecting reduced sales of older high margin products and the group's policy of reducing product prices to maintain market share. However, cost cutting in 1991

> operating expenses. Copiers now account for 62 per cent of office equipment sales although digital duplica-The group's photographic

tor sales are also rising. products business suffered the effects of the recession with sales, adjusted for currency translation effects, falling 6 per cent to £166.4m and trading pean markets had continued to profit dropping to £4.7m

where a third of its estate is

Profits from property dispos-

Devenish's 30 per cent stake

als fell from £1.78m to £763,000.

in the wholesaling businesses

sold to Freetraders was respon-

sible for increasing its share of

profits from associated under-

Extra provisions of £1.4m put

takings to £478,000 (£208,000).

aside at the time of the sale

were not needed and therefore

gave rise, after defence and aborted disposal costs, to an

extraordinary credit of £446,000

Borrowings increased from

compared to a £5.14m charge.

£14.8m to £34.5m, giving gear-

ing of 24.6 per cent.

COMMENT

Devenish believes its operat- Devenish's decision to refocus

ing profits from pubs would its business and concentrate on

hased.



Basil Sellers: would not comment on bid rumours

resulted in significantly lower (£8.9m). The camera business, which is being sold, had sales of £81.4m and trading profits of £1.1m. Mr Sellers said the sale of this business, announced in September, should be completed next month. The photographic supplies business, which is being retained, had sales of £85m and posted trading profits of £3.6m.
The effective devaluation of

potential adversary Bodding-

ton, to fault the strategy - not least because it argued for it

last year when it made its

failed bid. Investors will have to decide whether to take the

more charitable view, that the

present management can build

on its performance, or the

more cynical, which suggests

that it has produced a one-off

improvement in the face of

another possible bid. Which-

ever view they take the shares

look good value. Either the

concentration on pubs will con-

tinue to boost profits or Bodd-ington will make another bid.

With forecast pre-tax profits of

£14.5m, excluding property disposals, the shares - which rose

5p to 259p - are on a prospec-tive multiple of 13.5, a slight

COMPANY NEWS: UK

Gestetner improves 21% to £27m

sterling in September had little impact on shareholders' funds. which rose to £262m (£250,2m) although gross assets and gross liabilities increased sig-nificantly. Net debt, including £37.9m of convertible unsecured loan stock, increased from £64.4m to £94.7m. The £30.3m increase mainly reflected a translation adjustment of £29.4m on net foreign

Gestetner's results were somefor all of the 12 percentage predict, but £35m pre-tax and fully diluted earnings of 15p are at the top end of expectations.

At those levels the stock is

COMMENT

much higher.

Restructuring lifts Devenish Merrydown shares rise 10% on listing news have been £700,000 greater if pubs produced a satisfactory result in a difficult year. It would be hard, even for its

By Peggy Hollinger

SHARES IN Merrydown Wine jumped 10 per cent to 248p as the USM-quoted cider company announced plans for a full listing and the purchase of the Schloer and PLJ brand names

for a minimum of £8.2m, The group said it intended to move to the official list on January 19 under the new name of

Mr Richard Purdey, chairman, said the transition had been inevitable, given the likely closure of the Unlisted Securities Market next year. The acquisition of Schloer would give the group 29 per cent of the bottled fruit drink market, complementing its Piermont and Sorrelle prod-

Merrydown will pay Smith-

ings per share came out at 0.05

The company has called an

cents (0.6 cents).

in any fiscal year.

Kline Beecham an initial cash consideration of £4.35m for the brand names, to be funded by the issue of 2.73m shares. At 205p each, the share issue will raise £5.1m after expenses. A further £3.4m will be paid over three years.

The share capital will increase by 34 per cent as a result of the deal Mr Purdey said the group would "work hard to ensure that shareholders' faith is repaid by a very considerable increase in earn-

ings."
The brands are expected to make a marginal contribution in the year to end-March. Mr Purdey said Merrydown would concentrate on expanding the ranges and increasing marketing. Sales of Schloer in 1991 were about £6.6m, and £817,000 for PLJ.

9904 000 (£1 71m dehits) com-

prising profits on sale of free-

hold properties. Last year's fig-

Shoprite progress

pushes shares up 8%

Shares in Shoprite Group

jumped 8 per cent, from 528p to 572p, as the grocery and

vehicle retailer announced

record pre-tax profits of £2.71m

The Isle of Man-based group,

which also has property interests, reported the rise from a

previous £1.11m on sales well

The progress was attributed

to its performance in Scotland.

However, the rapid expansion

there pushed gearing to 66 per

cent, breaching the group's

Earnings per share jumped

ahead at £87.5m (£45.4m).

for the year to November 1.

premium to the sector average. NEWS DIGEST

SEP jumps information technology services also announced that it was raising a net £3.8m by a and plans 1-for-4 rights issue of 3.47m shares and a subscription for £3m placing 585,000 shares. Both offers are at 100p a share. The shares gained 10p to close at 129p.

The proceeds would be used to redeem the cumulative convertible redeemable preferred ordinary shares and the cumulative redeemable preference shares and to eliminate most of the group's borrowings. Turnover in the period under

review rose 6 per cent to £10.7m (£10.1m) of which the overseas contribution increased from 30 per cent to 40 per cent. US sales advanced by 30 per cent.

Earnings per share were 3.1p (losses 1.7p). The company said it was not in a position to pay an interim dividend, but if the expectations for the full year were realised it would be able to recommend a payment at the year end.

Westport returns to the black

In a "difficult business cli-mate" Westport Group, the USM quoted exhibition, photographic services and markets specialist, turned round from pre-tax losses of £373,000 to profits of £111,000 in the half

year to October 30.
Turnover improved by 9 per cent to £7.98m (£7.31m). Earnings per share amounted to 0.09p (0.12p losses). Looking ahead, Mr Ralph Kanter, chairman, said he anticipated the group return-ing to profit for the full year. Losses were £925,000 in 1991-92.

Tinsley Robor reduces losses

Tinsley Robor, the specialist printing and packaging com-pany, reduced its pre-tax losses

from £398.000 to £132.000 in the six months to September 30. This was struck after a rise in operating profits to £226,000 (£30,000), a fall in interest charges to £358,000 (£428,000), and a provision for a single bad debt of £195,500.

Mr John Rose, chairman, said that trading conditions had remained "difficult across the whole group with continure on margins". However, turnover advanced 15 per cent to 12.4m. with most of that growth coming from the music sector. Losses per share shrank to 0.38p (1.37p) and there is no interim dividend (0.75p).

Multitone little changed at £875,000

Multitone Electronics yesterday reported little changed pre-tax profits of £875,000 against £864,000 in the first half to October 31, in what it described as further worsening

trading conditions. Sales of the paging systems and equipment maker, rose 6 per cent to £12.1m (£11.4m) and development expenditure was increased to £1.11m (£946,000). A higher interim dividend of 1.5p (1.25p) is payable from earnings per share of 4.03p (3.73p).

Optometrics falls to \$29,000

Optometrics Corporation, the USM-quoted optical systems specialist based in Massachusetts, saw pre-tax profits for the six months to September 30 fall from \$77,000 to \$29,000 (219,000).

The company also announced the acquisition of Intercon, a US distributor of scientific instruments. No price was disclosed.

Turnover for the half year was \$1.76m (\$1.56m) and earn-

extraordinary meeting to increase the authorised share ures were restated to account for the disposal of Venture capital from \$120,000 to \$200,000 Plant (Scotland) as an extraorand allow the company to buy up to 10 per cent of its capital dinary charge instead of an exceptional item.

GWR more than doubles to £721,000

Pre-tax profits of GWR Group, the USM-quoted independent radio contractor, more than doubled from £339,000 to £721,000 in the year to end-September.

The result was struck on turnover up by £1.14m to £8.64m. Earnings rose by 95 per cent to 15.6p per share and the final dividend of 4p (3p) raises the total for the year to 7p (4p).

Amberley incurs £79,000 loss

Amberley Group, a provider of building preservation services, ran up a loss of £79,000 pre-tax for the half year ended September 30. That compared with previous profits of £75,000. First half turnover totalled £1.62m (£1.59m). Losses per share were 1.44p (0.59p earn-

Barcom back in black with £0.7m

In a year of change and development, Barcom, the civil engineering and plant hire concern, maintained its recovery to finish the 12 months to September 30 with a pre-tax profit of £702,000, against a restated

£4.82m loss.
Sales totalled £11.5m (restated £6.34m) and earnings per share were 9.2p (235.5p losses). A dividend of 1.25p (nil) is recommended. Exceptional credits came to

from 8.7p to 18.9p. The final dividend is increased to 5.5p, which together with the maiden interim of 2p makes a total of 7.5p (5.2p).

ceiling of 60 per cent.

TGI sharply lower at £0.35m

Pre-tax profits of TGI, a designer and manufacturer of loudspeakers and related equipment, fell from £671,000 to £348,000 over the six months to September 30.
The corresponding figure

included exceptional gains of £451,000 on the disposal of the Havant property.
Turnover was little changed at £16.1m (£16.82m). However, the prior year figure was boosted by an Indonesian con-

tract, Earnings declined to 1.5p (2p) but the company is resuming interim dividends via a distri-

what better than expected although there are still a few black spots like Canada. Revenues from service contracts and supplies have provided some protection from the recession, as has the opening up of new markets in Latin America and Asia. With almost 95 per cent of its sales outside the UK the group is especially vulnerable to currency fluctuations. If rates stabilise around current levels the profit and loss account should be a big beneficiary this year, even without an economic upturn in Europe. Currency translation accounts point increase in gearing to 36 per cent at year end. Results for this year are difficult to

trading on low prospective p/e of 9.8, but if no real bidder emerges the stock may not go

Under the terms of the Trust Deed dated 5th August 1985, Pirelli Societé Générale S.A. has guaranteed all payments due under the Trust Deed and, together with the Issuer and Societé Internationale Pirelli S.A. has given various coverants and a negative pledge. Pirelli Société Générale S.A., is now wholly owned by Pirelli SpA which has decided to take over the responsibility for granting guarantees for the debts of its subsidieries, a responsibility which previously had been delegated to Pirelli Société Générale S.A. In view of this decision, Pirelli SpA has also decided to substitute itself as Guaranter for all existing debts previously guaranteed by Pirelli Société Générale S.A. It has therefore proposed the substitution of itself as the Guarantor of the Issuer's obligations under the Bonds.

NOTICE OF ADJOURNED MEETING

of the holders of the outstanding US\$ 50,000,000 Guaranteed 7 per cent. Convertible Bonds due 1995

Pirelli Financial Services Company N.V. Unconditionally guaranteed by

Pîrelli Société Générale S.A.

Notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the holders of the above Bonds (the «Bondholders») convened

by the Issuer for Tuesday, 8th December, 1992 by the Nouce dated 16th November, 1992 and published in the Financial Times and the Luxemburger Wort on that date was adjourned through tack of a quarum and that the adjourned Meeting will be held at the offices of Linksters & Paines, Bernngton House, 59-67 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7JA on 30th December, 1992 at 12 noon (London time) for the purpose

of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution which will be proposed as an Extraordinary

Resolution in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed the *Trust Deed a dated 5th August, 1985 made between the Issuer, Pirelli Société Générale as Guarantor, Société Internationale Pirelli S.A. and The

Extraordinary Resolution

"That this Meeting of the holders of the outstanding US\$ 50,000,000 Guaranteed 7 per cent. Conventible Bonds Due 1995 (the «Bonds») of Prelli Financial Services Company N.V. (the «Issuer») constituted by the Trust Deed dated 5th August 1985 (the «Trust Deed») made between the Issuer, Prelli Societé Générale

S.A. as Guarantor and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. (the «Trustee») as trustee for the hold-

(1) assents to the release of the guarantee of Pirelli Société Générale S.A. contained in the Trust Deed and the substitution for Pirelli Société Générale S.A. as the Guarantor in respect of the Bonds by Pirelli SpA and agrees that Pirelli SpA shall become the «Guarantor» for all purposes in respect of the Trust

(2) assents to the modification of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds as printed on the reverse of them

(3) authorises and requests the Trustee to concur in the modifications referred to in paragraphs (1) and

(4) sanctions every abrogation, modification, compromise or arrangement in respect of the rights of the

Background to the proposal

Bondholders and the holders of the coupons relating to the Bonds against the Issuer and Guaranto involved in or resulting from the modifications referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Resolution."

with such amendments (if any) to it as the Trustee shall require; and

and in the First Schedule to the Trust Deed and the provisions of the Trust Deed as set out in the draf

Supplemental Trust Deed in the form of the draft produced to this Meeting and for the purposes of identification signed by the Chairman of it (the «Supplemental Trust Deed»);

(2) of this Resolution and, in order to give effect to it, forthwith to execute the Supplemental Trust Deed

Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. (the «Trustee») as trustee for the Bondholders.

ers of the Bonds (the .Bondholders.) hereby.

Deed, the Bonds, the Coupons or otherwise;

Pirelli SpA has certain existing secured debt and financial covenants and wishes therefore to amend the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds and Trust Deed (including the negative pleage and financial covenants) relating to the Guarantor as explained in the Explanatory Memorandum dated 16th November, 1992 referred

The Issuer has accordingly convened a Meeting of the Bondholders by the above Notice to request their agreement by Extraordinary Resolution to the matters contained in such Extraordinary Resolution. The Issuer considers that the proposed modifications contained in the Extraordinary Resolution set out

above are fair and reasonable in the circumstances and, accordingly, the Issuer strongly urges all Bond-holders to vote in favour of the Extraordinary Resolution. The attention of Bondholders is particularly drawn to the quorum required for an adjourned Meeting which is set out in paragraph 2 of "Voting and Quorum" below

Copies of the Trust Deed (including the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds) and the draft Supplemental Trust Deed referred to in the Extraordinary Resolution set out above will be available for inspection and copies of the Explanatory Memorandum which includes an explanation of the proposals and financial information of Pirelli SpA, will be available for collection by Bondholders at the specified offices of the Paying

In accordance with its normal practice, The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.Lc. as Trustee for the Bondholders expresses no opinion as to the merits of the proposels but on the basis of the information given in the Explanatory Memorandum (which it recommends Bondholders to read carefully) it has no objection to the Extraordinary Resolution being put to Bondholders for their consideration. However, the Trustee has not analysed the credit standing of Pirelli SpA or been involved in regotiating the proposed modifications. of the Trust Deed and recommends Bondholders who are unsure of the impact of the proposals to seek financial advice.

Voting and Quorum

1. A Bondholder wishing to attend and vote at the adjourned Meeting in person must produce at the adjourned Meeting either the Bearer Bond(s), or a valid voting certificate or valid voting certificates issued by a Paying Agent relating to the Bearer Bond(s) or be a holder of a Registered Bond, in respect of which he wishes to vote

A holder of Bearer Bonds not wishing to attend and vote at the adjourned Meeting in person may either deliver his Bearer Bond(s) or voting certificate(s) to the person whom he wishes to attend on his behalf or give a voting instruction form (on a voting instruction form obtainable from the specified offices of the Paying Agents set out below) instructing a Paying Agent to appoint a proxy to attend and vote at the adjourned Meeting in accordance with his instructions. A holder of Registered Bonds not wishing to attend and vote at the Meeting in person may appoint a proxy by executing and delivering a form of proxy in the English language (in a form available from the specified office of the Transfer Agent set out below) to appoint any person to act on his behalf in connection with any Meeting.

Bearer Bonds may be deposited with any Paying Agent or (to the satisfaction of such Paying Agent) held to its order or under its control by Cedel S.A. or the Operator of the Euro-clear System or any other person approved by it, for the purpose of obtaining voting certificates or appointing provies, and forms of proxy may be delivered to any Paying Agent by holders of Registered Bonds for the purpose r than 45 hours i ent gnitolon vot betinlocks enntrent entren (or, if applicable, any further adjournment of such Meeting), giving voting instructions in respect of the relative Meeting. Bearer Bonds so deposited or held will not be released until the earlier of the conclusion of the adjourned Meeting (or, if applicable, any further adjournment of such Meeting) and the surrender of the voting certificate(s) or, not less than 48 hours before the time for which the Meeting (or, if applicable, any adjournment of such Meeting) is convened, the receipt(s) issued in respect thereof. Any proxy appointed by a holder of a Registered Bond shall be deemed to be the holder of the Registered Bond so long as the appointment remains in force.

 Voting certificates issued and voting instructions given and the appointment of proxies for the Meeting convened at the offices of Linklaters & Parines, Barrington House, 59-67 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7JA at 12 noon on 8th December, 1992 will be valid for the adjourned Meeting unless they are, in the case of voting certificates, surrendered before, or, in the case of voting instructions and forms of proxy, revoked or amended by the time being 48 hours before the time for which the adjourned Meeting is

The quorum required at the adjourned Meeting is two or more persons present in person holding Bonds or voting certificates or being proxies or representatives whatever the principal amount of the Bonds

4. Every question submitted to the Meeting will be decided on a show of hands unless a poli is duly demanded by the Chairman of the Meeting or by one or more persons holding one or more Bonds or voting certificates or being proxies and holding or representing in the aggregate not less than one-liftieth in principal amount of the Bonds for the time being outstanding. On a show of hands every person who is present in person and produces a Bearer Bond or voting certificate or is a holder of a Registered Bond or is a proxy or representative shall have one vote. On a poll every person who is so present shall have one vote in respect of each US\$ 1,000 principal amount of Bonds so produced or represented by the voting certificate so produced or in respect of which he is a proxy.

5. To be passed, the Extraordinary Resolution requires a majority in favour consisting of not less than threequarters of the votes cast. If passed, the Extraordinary Resolution will be binding on all the Bondholders, whether or not present at such Meeting and whether or not voting, and upon all the holders of the coupons relating to the Bonds.

Principal Paying Agent

Kredietbenk S.A. Luxembourgeoise 43 boulevard Royal, L-2955 Luxembourg

Paying Agents

Kredietbank N.V. Arenberostraat 7. B-1000 Brussels

Aeschenvorstadt 1

CH-4002 Baste

Swiss Bank Corporation

Kredietbank N.V. 7th Floor, Exchange House Primerose Street London EC2A 2HQ

Kredietbank N.V., New York Branch 125 West 55th Street, New York, N.Y. 10019 (also Transfer Agent)

Pirelli Financial Services Company N.V. 18th December, 1992

FBG (UK) PLC NLG 100,000,000

2.75 per cent Subordinated Convertible Bonds due 1997

unconditionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by, with non-detachable subordinated conversion bonds issued by, and with conversion rights into Ordinary Shares of

FOSTER'S BREWING GROUP LIMITED

Redemption at the Option of the Bondholders Notice is beenly given that in accordance with the Trust Dood dated 5th March, 1987, reach Bondholder may redeen such Bond on the fifth day of March, 1993 at 124% of its placeholder may redeen such Bond on the fifth day of March, 1993 at 124% of its placeholder most provided that all unmatured coupons appentating thereto are attached or surrendered therewith. To exactise this option the Bondholder most deposit such Bond with the form of election of early redemption enfaced on such Bond duly completed, with Credit Susso Plat Boston Nedemand N.V., Herengrada 478, 1017 LB Amsterdam or suy other Paying Agent. Such deposit can take place as from January 19, 1993 total Celebrary 3, 1993.

1993 until February 3, 1993.

Pleason Trust B.V. FBG (UK) Pto

ŧ,

1st ANNOUNCEMENT

On behalf of one of our Clients we inform you, that the following ORIGINAL WARRANTS were lost viz:

86643 + 86644 + 86645 + 86646 + 86647 = 5 x 84 bags of Robusta Coffee IVORY COAST R.G. II. These warrants were issued by "CARGO TERMINAL TRANSITOVEEM by."

As per Art. 51 of the "Warehousing-Conditions" filed with the Registries of the District Courts at A'dam/R'dam on 10-02-1955, anyone who wants to lodge a claim on said lots of Coffee is kindly requested to let us have proof in writing before January 16th, 1993.

Borsboom Luke & Murcott by, Strevelsweg 700/208 3083 AS Rotterdam

Notice of Interest Rate

To the Holders of

The United Mexican States Collateralized Floating Rate Bonds Due 2019

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the interest rates covering the interest period from December 16, 1992 to June 16, 1993 is detailed below:

Interest Payment Date Interest Amoust Series Designation Rate 9.51563 Pcs. P.A. DMK 48.11 Per DMK 1,000 June 16, 1993 DMK Discount Series

December 18, 1992

CITIBANK, N.A., Agent

falls 7%

in tough

London reinsurance market

The insurance broker

reported a 7 per cent fall in

Growth in direct business

had been fuelled by a strong

performance by the group's

insolvency business. This spe-

cialised in finding insurance

for insolvent companies when

they were taken over by liqui-

However, costs arising from

a new Southend office, devoted

to this area, as well as a recent

head office move and new

premises for a bloodstock

broking business had cut into

Mr Gibson said that on an

underlying basis expenses had

grown at a rate of 9 per cent.

TR Technology up

Total net assets of TR

dators.

profits.

the year to September 30.

(£17.5m).

trading

First Technology rises sharply to £807,000

By Richard Gourlay

FIRST TECHNOLOGY, the car safety business which makes crash test dummies, continued to lift profits after the reorganisation of its balance sheet ear-

lier this year. Mr Fred Westlake, chairman, said the group hoped to return to the dividend list with a final payment for the current year. For the six months to end-October pre-tax profits increased from £83,000 to £807,000 on sales down 29 per cent at £11_4m

The interest charge dropped from £425,000 to £181,000 as gearing fell from 150 per cent to about 100 per cent. The group expects this to fall to 85 per cent by the year-end, depending on the exchange rate of the dollar.

Mr Westlake said there were signs that the fall in car sales in Europe had flattened out while in the US, the big three car makers were reporting a

RECOVERY continued at MS

International, the Doncaster-

based engineer, in the six

months to October 31 with pre-

tax profits of £250,000, against

said that the figures demon-

strated that the company was

"firmly established on the

Turnover was 8 per cent lower at £13.8m (£15m) reflecting the depressed econ-

omy. Earnings per share were 0.6p (0.4p) and the interim divi-

dend is held at 1p.
The company said that the

defence-related industries had

made an encouraging start to

the year and there had been a

marked improvement at MSI-

Net borrowings over the

period fell from £782,000 to

£203,000 in spite of making the

penultimate payment of

£500,000 to the purchaser of the

Laurence Scott companies.

Mr Michael Bell, chairman,

£175.000.

Hughes.

recovery path".

return of sales growth. "Future trading prospects are bright and the improvement in profitability should

continue," he said. in both the sensors and dummies businesses, the group was winning new business from existing customers, Mr Wes-

First Technology has recently won orders to supply to General Motors a new accel erometer, a device that will help Cadillac's suspension system create a smoother ride.

Fiat also said recently it would fit First Technology's fuel cut-off switches to its new model, code-named the Tipo B, and Honda would be fitting the device to the new Accord at its Swindon plant. Earnings per share were 4.2p (0.3p losses).

COMMENT

Chastened after its unsuccessful trip down acquisition lane, First Technology appears to be

back on track in a much slimmed-down version. The four-fold increase in the share price since the company nearly collapsed might suggest the recovery story is over. But First Technology's particular niche in sensors appears to be growing with big orders coming through from Fiat, General Motors and Honda. And with more focused marketing, the dummies business, which has been held back by recession, should make a greater contribution. Shareholders have had a rough ride since the shares hit 500p in 1990 and may yet have to participate in a strengthening of the balance sheet. But they should now be sanguine that future growth will be sought from new customers and new products rather than from acquisitions. Pre-tax profits are likely to be £1.7m this year, giving 8.4p of

earnings, and a prospective

multiple of 12 that is still unde-

Electra lifts pay-out

ELECTRA Investment Trust, the largest trust in the venture capital sector, announced a 6.3 per cent increase in its final dividend, despite suffering a fall in its net assets over the

Mr Michael Stoddart, chairman, said "It has been a particularly difficult year for organisations such as Electra whose investment strategy has been to invest in small and mediumsized listed and unlisted companies. These in the main have borne the brunt of the worst

In recent years, recession has forced a number of trusts in the venture capital sector, such as Drayton Consolidated and Ensign, to make substantial write-downs on their unquoted holdings.

about the way that trust man-

agers value their unquoted holdings – as a result, venture capital trust shares stand at substantial discounts to their

Fully diluted net assets per

During the year, \$40m (£26.3m) of promissory notes were converted into ordinary shares, substantially reducing gearing.

Technology, an investment trust, rose 8 per cent to £200m over the half year to October. Earnings per share rose from Net income was £1.48m (£1.65m) and earnings per 7.351p to 7.526p and the final dividend is increased to 3.4p, making a total of 6.7p (6.4p). share 1.04p (1.64p)

Bradstock Too strong a dose of medicine THE ASSOCIATION of the British Pharmaceutical Industry will today Paul Abrahams on tough

request the Department of Health to abandon proposals to extend blacklists of products for which the National Health Service will

The surprise proposals, A CONTRACTION in the announced last month by the Department of Health, could cost drugs groups up to 70 per cent of their National Health and the costs of expansion Service turnover, according to figures compiled by the Financial Times.

pre-tax profits from £8m to The 10 therapeutic areas on the new blacklists include anti-Although earnings per share diarrhoeals, hypnotics and anxfell to 8.5p (8.9p), the total dividend is increased to 5.1p iolytics, appetite suppressants, contraceptives, topical anti-(4.75p) via a final of 3.65p. rheumatics, as well as treat-Turnover rose 11 per cent to ments for allergic disorders, £24.4m (£21.9m), but expenses vaginal and vulval conditions rose by 16 per cent to £20.3m anaemia, ear and nose illnesses and skin diseases

Turnover from broking of Full details of the individual direct business was 25 per cent drugs to be blacklisted are up at £12.8m, but reinsurance only likely to be revealed in broking revenue fell to £11.6m (£11.7m), despite underlying growth in original currencies. However, the sector as a whole could lose sales of up to Investment income fell to £450m, jeopardising 5,000 jobs

£3.34m (£3.58m). and £400m in capital invest-Mr Robin Gibson, chief execment, according to the ABPI. utive, said that the departure The drugs will still be available on private prescription instead of the NHS, but this of a number of Lloyd's syndicates and companies from the London market had means additional costs to the increased competition among patient, according to PA Consulting, the management conbrokers. "Every time a reinsurance underwriter goes, someone loses a bit of his busi-

Some of the drugs, but not all, could be marketed over the ish arm could experience a 37

new DoH proposals

Drug revenues at risk from prescription reforms (worst case) company's NHS sales NHS (Em) (Em) Schering-Plough Marion Merrell Dov SmithKline Beecham

counter at pharmacies without prescription.

Although, Glazo, the UK's biggest drugs group, is most affected in absolute terms - it could lose about £39m in sales - some UK subsidiaries of non-British groups are propor-tionally likely to be far worse

Stiefel, based in High Wycombe, could lose up to 75 per cent of NHS sales if its skin treatments are included on the blacklists. The UK subsidiary of US group Schering-Plough could lose 70 per cent of its

Schering of Germany's Brit-

per cent drop in revenues if its three oral contraceptives, Femodeen, Logynon and Microgynon are included on the list. However, the company believes is unlikely.

Marion Merrell Dow of the US could lose £16m if its NHS turnover of its anti-histamine Triludan is included. The group is partly protected because the product is already sold over the counter without a prescription.

About 625 products are affected. Other well-known products include Glaxo's eczema treatment Betnovate, Bayer's anti-fungal Canestan, Wellcome's decongestant Sudafed, Pfizer's anti-rheu-matic Feldene and Wyeth's

Mr Mike Wallace, managing director at Schering Healthcare, says: "Whether in the UK, the US or on the Continent, there is clearly a need for more resources in healthcare. If they cannot come from tax revenues, then the money must come from patients. Admittedly, any change in fin-ancing is inevitably political. There must be some form of safety net for those without

The industry would even be willing to negotiate price freezes or a reduction on the return of capital employed governed by the Pharmaceutical Price Regulation Scheme, the agreement that sets UK drugs prices, says Mr Peter Martin, director of marketing at Schering-Plough.

The ABPI says the future development of medicines could be hit by the black-

It points out that since seven therapeutic categories were blacklisted in 1985, only three products have been granted licences in those areas. Drugs groups see little point going to the expense of developing products that will not generate

"The government's approach could cause a rethink about decisions to invest in the UK," says Mr David Alcroft at PA

Recovery continues in 'difficult year' at MS Intl

By Philip Coggan, Personal Finance Editor

year to September 30.

recession since the 1930s."

This has aroused considerable disquiet among investors asset values.

share fell to 277.87p from 304.53p at end-September 1991. Mr Stoddart said "there was an increase in the value of the North American unlisted portfolio, which has been offset by a further deterioration of our UK unlisted portfolio and a substantial reduction in the value of our unlisted portfolio." He would not give details of the size of these shifts, but said they would be given in the trust's annual report and

Bromsgrove advances 25% but remains cautious on outlook

By Paul Cheeseright, Midlands Correspondent

BROMSGROVE Industries, Birmingham-based specialist engineering group, increased pre-tax profits by 25 per cent on the back of recent acquisitions but remained cautious about its immediate prospects.

The increase to £4m (£3.2m) for the six months to September 30 came on turnover ahead to £54.1m (£39.4m).

Earnings per share, on capital enlarged last March by a 1-for-4 rights issue, were 4.07p against 5.41p. The interim dividend goes up 10 per cent to 1.65p; Mr Bijan Sedghi, chairman, said the group would "look to an increase in the final dividend."

Although Mr Sedghi described Bromsgrove's medium to long-term performance as "a sound prospect", he observed that the short term depended "upon there being no interruptions to

experiencing sharp fluctuations in the schedules of automotive customers like Ford and GM. Mr Sedghi would go no further in predicting the second half's outcome than saying "we aim to be cash generative, more profitable."

The acquisition of Thornton, a precision forg-ings company, and of companies to form an environmental engineering division at the end of the 1991-92 financial year contributed £1.6m to the first half outcome. Businesses owned by the group at the end of last year's first half reported pre-tax profits 15 per cent lower.

Of the group's other five divisions, automotive and industrial reported a downturn in first half profits compared with 1991-92, while there were increases from aerospace, marine and offshore and, especially, from plastics where the Trisport subsidiary introduced with great success into the US a new range of systems for golf footwear.

Gold Greenlees falls to £2.17m

By Gary Mead, Marketing Correspondent

Gold Greenlees Trott, the advertising group, yesterday reported pre-tax profits for the six months ended October 31 of £2.17m, down from £2,49m last time before exceptional

credits of £482,000. Earnings per share were down 30 per cent at 8.2p (11.63p), but the interim dividend is maintained at 3.3p. Operating profits were

E2.96m, down 9.9 per cent. However, with turnover up by 1.8 per cent to £105m and revenue increased by 1.3 per cent to £21.88m, the group showed some resilience, although it suffered from depressed trad-

Turkey has a blue-chip future, invest in it today.

The Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration

of Turkey's leading telecommunications companies:

offers investors an opportunity to acquire its shares in one

TELETAŞ A.Ş.

ANNOUNCEMENT REPUBLIC OF TURKEY PRIME MINISTRY

The Republic of Turkey, Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration (PPA) offers for sale the shares of the following company:

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION ADMINISTRATION

Share Capitalof Percentage of the Company Value of Shares Shares Subject Company Name (Industry) (TL) For Sale (TL) TELETAŞ Telekomünikasyon Endüstri Ticaret A.Ş. 36,000,000,000 (*) 200.000.000.000 18,09 (%) (Telecommunication)

Minimum offer value: The minimum offer value is US Dollars 18,000,000. In addition, the share for PPA in the capital increase of Teletas which was realized in September 1992, and amounted TL 18.000.000 (eighteenbillion Turkish Linas) and plus interest (the interest will be computed by using the rate of The Central Bank of Turkey's, rediscount rates of promissory notes prevailing as of the payment date of the buyers) will be committed to be paid by the buyer on a cash basis in terms of US Dollars using the prevailing buying rate of The Central Bank of Turkey as of the payment date. The tender offers which do not meet the above conditions and criteria will be disregarded.

Information memorandum relating to the sale of the above company can be obtained from The Public Participation Administration for a fee of TL 250.000 (Twohundred and fiftythousand Turkish Liras).
 The sale of the shares of the stated company will be realized by obtaining the bids and performing negotiations with the tenderers. It is required that the investors should submit their tender offers with the condition that the proposed tender amount should not be below the minimum offer value as stated above. Such value indicates the minimum value in order to participate in the negotiations and only those tenderers whose offers are equal to or exceed the minimum offer value will be invited for negotiations.

3. The currency of the sale of the entire shares will be denominated in US Dollars.

4. In the event of the tender offer is made on installment basis sales, the maturity period can not exceed 2 (two) years.

5. Tender offers submitted in terms of installment basis will be discounted by using the rate of 6.21875 %, based on the compound interest principles. Such amount computed on this basis can not be less then the above stated minimum offer value. Installment payments should be made by using The Central Bank of Turkey's foreign exchange selling rate prevailing as of the payment date.

ity period of 6 (six) months or foreign currency indexed marketable accurities amounting to at least 6 % of the minimum offer value as stated above must be submitted to PPA (Hüseyin Rahmi Gürpuzar Sok. No: 2 Cankaya 86680 ANKARA-TURKEY) no later than January 5, 1993 Tuesday, by 6.06 PM Turkish mean time.

7. The following documents must be attached to the tender offer in the event,

 The following documents must be attached to the tender offer in the event,

 a) the bidder is a real person, the certificate of specimen signature,
 b) the bidding is made by a proxy, the power of attorney particularly authorizing to bid in this tender on behalf of the bidder together with this certificate of specimen signature of the attorney,
 c) the bidder is a legal person, a certificate of power proving that the persons acting on behalf of the legal person have the authority to represent and obligate the legal person together with specimen signature.

 The tender offer shall be made in a sealed envelope on which the anime of the company and the indication of "CON-FIDENTIAL" should be indicated and submitted to the below stated address.
 Subsequent to the termination of the sale negotiations with the eligible bidders; a letter of intent encompassing the terms of price and payments as well as a permanent bank letter of guarantee amounting at least 6 % of the minimum offer value will be requested from the bidder who meets the PPA's selection criteria. The unconditional temporary bank letter of guarantee will be cashed and recorded as income in the event that the letter of intent is not given or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of our anattee is not given and/or the agreement is not given or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of our properties in the event that the letter of sinent is not given or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of our properties and/or the agreement is not given or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of our permanent bank letter of our permanent bank letter of intent is proven or the letter of intent is given however the permanent bank letter of our permanent bank letter of our permanent bank letter of intent is not given or the letter of intent is g nanent bank letter of guarantee is not given and/or the agreement is not signed within the period as agreed upon between the

10. The Republic of Turkey, Prime Ministry Public Participation Administration is not subject to the State Tender Law No. 2886 and reserves the right to decide whether or not to sell the shares and to extend the deadline of the tender, if deems necessary.

(*) The shares of the above stated company which is offered for sale by PPA, are (B) group type of shares and issued to the holder, whereas (C) group type of shares are issued to the bearer and traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange Market (IMKB).

This notice does not constitute an offer to sell any securities in any jurisdiction in which, or to any person such an offer would be prohibited, and such an offer may only be made in compliance with applicable laws.

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY PRIME MINISTRY **PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

Hüseyin Rahmi Gürpinar Sok. No. 2, 06680 Çankaya-Ankara/TURKEY. Tel: (90-4) 439 99 16 - (90-4) 441-15,00. Fac: (90-4) 439 84.77

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 01/0530906

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF ORDINARY SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER PAYMENT OF COUPON NO. 119

1. Coupon No.: 119

2. Date of payment: On or after 15 January 1993

3. Amount: 90 cents per share (South African currency) South African Non-Resident Shareholders Tax (SANRST): 14.1896% or 12.77064 cents per share

LUK income tax (where applicable): 10.8104% or 9.72936 cents per share

6. UK currency equivalents (on 14 December 1992);
Gross: 19.09935p per share SANRST: 2.71012p per share UK Tax: 2.06472p per share

Net: 14.32451p per share 7. Payable at: Swiss Bank Corp. Union Bank of Sw BabahaStresse 45 8021 Zerich Crédit de Nord 6-8 Boulevard (la 75009 Paris

Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A. 14 rue Aldriagen L-2951 Luxe tays Bank PLC 69 Rue d'Each L-2953 Laxembourg Loadon GC3P JHP

i) Coupons paid by any of the continental paying agents under 7 above will be payable in South African currency to an authorised dealer in exchange in the Republic of South Africa nominated by the continental paying agent, instructions regarding disposal of the payment proceeds can only be given to such authorised dealer by the paying agent concerned.

ii) Coupons paid by Barclaya Bank PLC will, unless payment in South
African currency is requested, be in the sterling equivalent shown in 6
above in respect of coupons lodged up to 8 January 1993 and thereafter at
the rate of exchange on the day the proceeds are remitted.

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED
G.A. Wilkinson
London Secretary

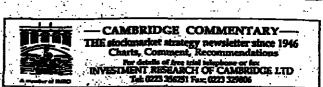
데데데 London Office: 19 Charterbouse Street London ECIN 6QP 17 December 1992

£200,000,000 MFC Finance No.1 PLC Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due October 2023 in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes. In accordance with the former and community or are reviews, notice is hereby given that the new interest rates and periods in respect of the subject Notes are as follows:

Passet Date:

Rate 5 Payment Date

ITIBANCO



<u>ishta</u>ikkan parkuli tulka kati



has been awarded to KVAER-NER ROSENBERG.

Placed by Conoco Norway

An average of 300 people will

The Heidrun contract gives

Refurbishment

NICO CONSTRUCTION (EUROPE) has won four refur-

bishment and fit out contracts

in central London worth

The first includes the com-

pletion of the third phase of an

upgrading programme at BP Oil's Britannic Tower in the

City and significant refurbishment of building services and

bespoke internal fitting out at Devonshire House for Hamil-

The fit out contracts include

a former listed church in Victo-

ria for Intergraph (UK) and res-

taurant facilities for the Royal Mail at Mount Pleasant.

Airport terminal

Eglinton Airport near

Londonderry is being given

almost £5m by the European

Regional Development Fund to

help build a new terminal

Derry City Council expects 120 new jobs to be created by the end of the decade.

Paint agreement

MANDERS has won a

long-term agreement to supply

own brand paint to the Wickes

Group. The contract will be

supplied from its new plant in

building and road access.

ton Oil Company.

nedicine

Success of con-Market Market Ma THE PARTY OF THE P The thorn of the fi if they Heren Autorities on company at the second

inc, the development operator for the Heidrun field off central waters and our room of Norway, the contract will be executed by the Kvaerner 752 Egersund yard in Egersund 11.5.1.3 to b May 200 south of Stavanger. 1-1--· Opposed be employed on the module $e^{i\phi} \pi e g = g$ 2 3000 over an 18-month period, with the workforce expected to peak Mark the second at around 600 next summer. Work will begin immediately 120.00 and last until July 1994. $\operatorname{AMM}(Y_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) =$ Kvaerner Egersund a good base workload up to spring 1994, and raises the yard's order backlog to about NKr800m (£76.2m).

सम्बद्धाः विश्व 2 16 3 1 eich s **4**50 Same 1.X . . . 1 ... 1000

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Gold Greenles falls to £2.170 By Gar, Mesc. Marketing

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RELAXION SHIPS HAFRICA LIMITAR

NOTE OF STATE tring States In the Control of the ۽ ۽ آسو ۽ CITIBAN(6)

BRIDGE COMMENTARY Section Control Contro

CONTRACTS

Supplying Aberdeen harbour scheme Railway drilling module



The development of a new multi-berth facility at Aberdeen harbour has taken a significant step forward with the placing of the main construc-

tion contract Valued at almost £8.5m, the contract has been placed by Aberdeen Harbour Board with BIRSE CONSTRUCTION.

Work on the contract will begin early in 1993 for completion towards the end of the year and will employ up to 100

The project includes dredging and removing 250,000 cu metres of material, pouring more than 100,000 cu metres of

6.500 tonnes of steel piles. The £11m redevelopment of the former shipyard site will create more than 500 metres of quay and five deep-water berths, increasing Aberdeen's capacity to handle shipping by 10 per cent.

A new transit shed will also concrete and the installation of be built as part of the contract.

German power station generator order

GEC ALSTHOM's Man Energie GmbH subsidiary has been awarded a £31m order by RWE Energie AG to design and sup-ply a 155MW steam turbine generator for the KoBra combined cycle demonstration plant which is to be built at the Goldenberg power station south of Cologne.

Man Energie already has overall engineering responsibility for the plant. EVT, another GEC-Alsthom

German subsidiary, has been selected to design and supply components for KoBra's integrated lignite gasification plant.

The KoBra demonstration plant will be the first plant in Germany to produce electricity using both coal gasification and combined cycle technology. It is hoped that the project will lead to further orders for fullscale commercial plants

eration of clean, high-efficiency power stations in Germany. Compared with conventional power stations, the KoBra pro-

totype is expected to attain 30

per cent higher efficiency when it starts commercial operation in 1996. It will also reduce emissions of sulphur and nitrous oxides to well under statutory levels whilst the improvement in effi-ciency will lower carbon diox-

Equipping the National Grid Company

than 23m with NEI Reyrolle, of

PEEBLES POWER TRANSF NEI Peebles has won an ORMERS, a unit of Edinburghorder worth £5m for what is based NEI Peebles, and REY-ROLLE PROJECTS, the project management business of NEI believed to be the highest rated quadrature booster ever installed in the UK, and probably the largest in the world. Reyrolle, of Hebburn on Tyneside, have won orders worth a The 2,000MVA, 400kV unit will total of £8m for a project being carried out by the National be delivered next year.
In addition, the NGC has

Hebburn on Tyneside, to supply 420kV gas-insulated switchgear for the same project.
The quadrature booster comprises a shunt unit and a series

unit with a total shipping weight of 500 tonnes. It will be installed at Stocksbridge, near

projects won by Mowlem

MOWLEM MANAGEMENT has won two railway projects. The largest is a £10m design, manage and construct contract for repairs, refurbishment and upgrading of depots, sheds and sidings at 29 sites throughout the London Underground net-

The work comprises the pro-vision of staff facilities, offices, canteens, storage and toilets. The buildings are between 15 and 100 years old; some will be refurbished while others will be demolished and replaced by new buildings.
All the train sheds will be

refurbished and other work includes the upgrading of safety, maintenance and cleaning equipment.

The second, at Upminster in Essex, is a £2.4m contract for a British Rall signalling facility which will centralise and upgrade signalling on the Lon-don, Tilbury and Southend railway. The two-storey 1,250 sq metre building will be built on piled foundations, have a steel frame with metal cladding and a roof of pressed

metal sheeting.

After Mowlem has completed building works signalling equipment will be supplied and fitted by GEC under a separate contract. Work is due for com-

pletion by October 1993. In Gibraltar Mowlem Management has been awarded a \$3.5m contract for the Europa Business Centre. This ECfunded scheme involves the alteration and refurbishment of a former Ministry of Defence dockside warehouse to create a small business centre comprising industrial units, office suites and a training centre.

Waste treatment

SIMON-HARTLEY has gained orders worth over £2.5m for waste treatment equipment. The contracts include: £1.5m for a number of stainless steel sluice gates for Beckton Sewage Treatment Works, London; and £700,000 for the supply of electrical and mechanical equipment for a sewage pumping station in Hong Kong.



This information appears as a matter of record only

Dresdner Finance B.V.

DM 750,000,000

71/2% subordinated Bearer Bonds of 1992/1997 with Warrants attached to subscribe for Dresdner Bank Shares

under the unconditional, irrevocable and subordinated Guarantee by

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Issue Price: 115 1/2 %

Dresdner Bank

Banque Nationale de Paris S. A. & Co. (Deutschland) OHG

Commerzbank

ABN Amro Bank

(Deutschland) AG

Banque Indosuez

Lehman Brothers

NOMURA BANK

Bankhaus AG

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lary : Morgan Gracency Trus

18.64 24.19 24.19 24.11 24.12 20.80 18.85 18.85 18.85 18.85 28.37 28.38 FIRST AUSTRALIA PRIME INCOME nanty Trust Company of New York reby given to the sha that: Payment of coupon manber 51 of the international Depository Receipts will be made in US dollars on or after December 22, 1992 at the rate of USS 0.08625 pe ordinary share at the following offices of Morgan Generally Treat Comp New York, 30, West Br Brussels, 35, Avenue des Arts London, 60, Victoris Embanks Frankfort, 44/46 Matozer Landson The dividend is not subject to an Australian tax. The Belgian withholding tax will be applicable to IDR helder presenting their coupons to the offices of the Depository without the appropriate new Beigien resident certificate.

tiques Fair. Cologne's new Wallraf-Richartz-Museum/Museum Ludwig, together with numerous other museums, attracts millions of visitors a year, while its philharmonia, opera

> house and theatres play to enthusiastic audiences from far and near.

High-profile art, excellent prospects. In 1990 a spectacular happening transformed the area around Cologne's world-famous cathedral. Devised by the renowned performance artist HA Schult, its purpose was to point out fax or give us a call. the "spiritual" role of the car in today's society. This happening is just one example of the wealth of cultural Stadt 🎇 Köln activity in Cologne, one of Germany's Office of Economic Development oldest cities with a 2000-year history. Apart from the cathedral and the unique Romanesque churches, Cologne has more than 100 art galleries, 170 antique dealers and 6 auctioneers, Europe. and its art dealing community has a finger on the pulse of the "scene" in Business London, Paris and New York. But that's Centre not all. The city also hosts such major international art fairs as Art Cologne West and the West German Art and An-

In short: Cologne is an international cultural centre par excellence.

To get a more complete picture of Cologne's high-profile art, just write,

Richartzstr. 2-4, 5000 Köln I, Germany Telephone: (0)2 21/2 21-61 23, Fax: (0)2 21/2 21-66 86



EC sets banana quota and tariffs

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY farm ministers agreed yester-day to set tariffs on banana imports from Latin America, with a fixed 2m tonnes quota at a reduced duty of Ecu100 (£79.50), and a hefty Ecu850 tariff - about 170 per cent - on imports above that level.

Ministers said the deal should remove one more contentious item from the Uruguay Round world trade reform talks going on at the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in Geneva, because the EC has moved from protecting its market through quotas to tariffs, which can gradually be reduced.

But a lawyer acting for Latin American producers said he was "shocked and angry" at this "worst possible disaster" and predicted the deal would be challenged both in the European Court of Justice and within the Gatt.

The agreement is supposed to reconcile until now conflict-

The EC was forced to act to complete the single market, by attempting to unify disparate banana regimes across Europe. Yesterday's agreement will come into effect next July, six months after the single internal market starts up - if there

are no legal challenges. But the EC also has to honour treaty commitments to predominantly Caribbean and African producers linked to it through the Lomé convention. right to import from the Latin

By James Buxton, Scottish

BRITISH FISHERMEN are

expecting to be granted a sub-

stantial increase in the quan-tity of haddock they will be

allowed to catch in the North

Sea next year when the Euro-

pean Community's fisheries

council meets in Brussels

tomorrow to decide on quota

allocations. But they are still

looking forward to 1993 with

foreboding because they fear

that conservation measures to

be brought in under the UK

government's new fisheries

legislation will reduce their

fishing and cut their incomes.

The European Commission

Correspondent

EC will not place its banana producers "in a less favourable situation than in the past or

The Lomé countries, like Euro-banana suppliers from EC outlying territories in Martini-que and the Canary Islands, oduce at near double the cost of Latin American. "dollar zone" banana producers. The former two groups share two fifths of the 3.4m tonnes a year EC market, but "dollar" bananas already have 60 per cent and with their lower costs could fast extend market share in a free-for-all.

The Caribbean producers. which earn up to three quarters of their hard currency from bananas, would be wiped out in an open market and their lobbyists have warned that they would become easy prey to drugs traffickers using eastern seaboard into the

Mr John Gummer, UK agriculture minister and current chairman of the EC farm council, said yesterday that Carlbbean and Lomé producers "will be absolutely amazed at the

excellence of this deal". In addition to the high tariff above the 2m tonne quota, the agreement would distribute licences to sell about a third of the dollar fruit to traditional importers of Lomé and Euro bananas, enabling them to cross-subsidise their own

"This is taking away the

haddock in the North Sea have

recovered from the low levels

of 1990 and 1991. This should

allow the UK's haddock quota

to rise from about 43,000

tonnes this year's of to about

The cod quota is likely to be

close to this year's at about 100,000 tonnes, but there

should be higher quotas for

pelagic species - mackerel

Both the UK government and

the commission are anxious

that the recovery in stocks of

haddock, one of the most popu-

lar fish among British consum-

ers, should not be dissipated by

renewed overfishing. From

early next year the govern-

ment will use new powers to

regulate fishing under the Sea

(Amag), which operates the

smelter, has also put up for

sale two international smelting

operations in order to reduce

Over the past few years, Ran-

its mounting losses.

Austria's only aluminium smelter to close

shofen's output has been cut to Australian smelter Boyns,

75,000 tonnes.

and herring.

UK fishermen fear further cuts in 1993

Americans and giving it to the Lomé traders," a spokesman for a dollar banana producer

Germany, along with Denmark and the Benelux countries, had been expected to resist the plan. They consume cheaper and bigger dollar bananas and operate more open markets for the fruit. Germany, in addition, has its own banana protocol in the Treaty of Rome, guaranteeing unim-peded access to the fruit. Bonn yesterday affixed a reserve to the deal, but cannot block it. unless, as one lawyer suggested, it invokes its

The banana deal's passage was eased because it was put into a package of measures, which in part resembled a Christmas stocking of concessions to EC farmers protesting against Gatt and common agricultural policy price, output and export cuts. The main fea-tures of the package, likely to cost some Ecu2.5bn, were: Retention for two years of the "switchover" mechanism.

banana protocol.

compensating farmers for currency movements, once monetary compensatory amounts are abolished with the advent of the single market on January 1. The commission, which also wanted to abolish switchover, estimates that the cost of the last six month's currency movements would be Ecul.6bn in a full year. One senior Brussels official predicted switchover would push

farm spending through its

Fish (Conservation) Act. which

recently won parliamentary

approval. This will oblige fish-

ing boats to spend many days

of the year tied up in port, with

the each boat's restriction

based on the amount of fishing

The government believes

this will ensure access to fish-

ing is allocated fairly and that

supply of fish to the market

will be more even, avoiding the

gluts which led to sharp price

Fishermen fear they may

have to spend up to 190 days a

year in port, which will pre-

vent them catching their quo-

tas. The government will not

say what tie-up time is likely

next year but insists that all

30,000 tonnes a year from

80,000 tonnes as falling world

aluminium prices have made it

impossible to turn a profit. In

addition Amag is trying to sell

its 20 per cent interest in the

the UK's quota will be caught.

it did in 1991.

falls this year.

allowed ceiling in 1994. At last weekend's Edinburgh summit, France, a significant beneficlary, got a clause in to the conclusions more or less sanc-

tioning this. More money for beef and durum wheat farmers in central and south-west France, sheep and beef farmers in Ireland and sheep farmers in

the UK. ● A 900,000-tonne milk quota increase for Italy, provided it reduces its 2.5m tonnes illicit excess by 1.6m tonnes. Compensation to Spain for

giving up protection against imports it still enjoys as a late-comer to the EC. But Portugal will retain border protection, having complained that compensation offered was insufficient. The commission had estimated the cost of buying off both sets of controls at

 In the UK interim measures would be necessary from January 1 to ensure that the UK could continue to fulfil its Lomé obligations to traditional suppliers in the Commonwealth Caribbean, Mr David Curry, junior agriculture minister, said in a parliamentary written answer yesterday.

"Under our interim measures, a DTI import licence will still be required for dollar bananas, including those in free circulation in another member state, after January 1, 1993," he said. "It will continue to be an offence to import dollar fruit into the UK without a

Next year sees the UK

introducing a small decommis-

sioning scheme involving £25m

over the next three years, which would cut the fleet by

between 5 and 7 per cent.

Fishermen who last week

staged a big demonstration in

Edinburgh against the EC's

common fisheries policy say it

adherence to effort limitation

as the way of conserving fish

stocks, with a totally inadede-commissioning

scheme. It boils down to de-

commissioning by bank-ruptcy," says Mr Roderick McColl, for the Scottish White

Fish producers' association,

which has an annual capacity

of 46,000 tonnes, and its 33.3

per cent stake in Alumini-

umschmelze Hamburg, a

46,000-tonnes-a-year smelter in

northern Germany. No buyers

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

ım, 99.7% purity (\$ per ton

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

Cash 1219.5-20.5 1217-6 3 months 1243-3.5 1240-1

Copper, Grade A (2 per tonne)

have yet been found.

"The government has a blind

is insufficient.

Oil market consolidates its gains

By Deborah Hargreaves

THE OIL market consolidated its gains yesterday after Wednesday's rally with the price of North Sea Brent crude oil for February delivery up 15 cents at \$18.45 a barrel.

Some traders believe the market could have reached a bottom after its recent weakess, but there is unlikely to strong recovery in price until the market sees evidence of actual production cuts made by members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting

"It's too premature to say the market has bottomed, but I think it has stopped going down for a while," said Mr Andrew LeBow, market analyst at E.D. & F. Man, the international trading house in New York.

Strength returned to the crude market on Wednesday after Nigeria announced it would make a 10 per cent cut in its oil output. Legos has found difficulty in selling its crude recently and had sold everal cargoes on a cut-price

Nigeria sald yesterday its cut in oil output would be effective from the beginning of next year and not immediately as some traders had thought on Wednesday night. This had a slight dampening effect on the market, but price still managed to push upwards. The market was further strengthened by the American Petroleum Institute's weekly report on Tuesday night which showed that US oil refineries had cut their production runs by 500,000 barrels of oil a day. Refineries had been producing a lot of oil products that had built up as stocks while demand remained low. These

Germany moves to end gold VAT

stocks had, in turn, depressed

crude prices.

DEUTSCHE vice-president of precious metals Mr Fritz Plass yesterday called for taxes to be lifted on gold in all major European Community countries, including the large British market, as Germany moved to scrap value added tax on the metal, reports Reuter. "We want a level playing field and are not looking for any competitive advantage over London, we are seeking the London bullion market's support in negotiations with the EC," he said.

On Friday the Bundesrat is expected to pass a law freeing all gold bars, granules, lega tender coins, paper-gold and derivatives from VAT.

Chicago Board of Trade may extend trading hours

THE CHICAGO Board of Trade, under pressure from overseas competition and lagging agricultural volume, is considering changing the trading hours for its grain and soyabean futures.

While the exchange's fre-netic financial futures trading floor has undergone a number of changes in its trading day over the last decade - including the introduction of a night bond session - its 3 hour and 45 minute grain trading session has been sacrosanct. CBoT traders have opened their grain markets at 09:30 central standard time and closed them at 13:15 since 1885.

Plans to break with that tradition have not been favourably received, and the new hours proposals were recently sent back to an exchange committee for further study. "Change for change's sake is not a good idea," says Mr Kal Hachem, vice president for Cargill Investor Services agricultural futures group. "Longer hours do not necessarily

The CBoT's agriculture exec-

that grain futures open 90 minutes earlier and close 45 minutes earlier, in a bid to garner more European business. A second proposal, extending the session by six afternoons a year to keep trading open dur-ing the US Department of Agriculture's major crop reports, is also being considered.

While competition for global market share in financial futures is fierce, the CBoT has enjoyed a near monopoly on maize and soyabean futures trading throughout their history. However, CBoT officials see subtle changes coming, and fear complacency may cost the exchange important business. The Tokyo Grain Exchange

this year introduced an import maize futures contract that is rapidly building volume, and France's Matif is considering a feed wheat futures contract. Chicago traders also have a healthy respect for their London competitors. Mr Michael Jenkins, who

helped build make the London International Financial Futures Exchange into the world's third-largest futures exchange, recently took over

the helm at London's Futures and Options Exchange. "The Fox intends to go after agricultural futures, and now they have Michael Jenkins," says one CBoT official.

Internal pressures may also dictate a change. Globex, the electronic after-hours trading system that the CBoT owns in partnership with the Chicago Mercantile Exchange and Reu-ters, will eventually list the CBoT's grain and soyabean contracts. This has prompted -traders to consider spending more time in the pits, particularly to catch the fall-out from government reports.

Critics say the proposed earlier openings would not expand European participation in Chicago's grain markets significantly, and does not address the potential challenge from Tokyo. West coast grain merchants would also be inconvenienced by the hours. How-ever, other traders say the change is inevitable, and that east coast and midwest grain merchants who already traded cash grain before the futures opened, would benefit from an earlier opening, as would the CBoT's European customers.

Turkey to resume wheat imports

FOR THE first time since the drought of 1989, Turkey is to import wheat for the domestic market, a direct result of the more active exporting strategy pursued by the country's grain board in 1992.

The decision, announced last week, is not a cause for alarm. However it does underline the structural problems of the Turkish wheat market, where the state is subsidising farmers to produce lower value grains unsuited to the increasingly sophisticated tastes of the domestic consumer. In lifting the restrictions on imports for a 6-month period, Turkey is seeking to make up a dome shortfall of hard wheats while continuing to export from its reserves to poorer neighbours in the Caucasus and Central

The move is also the result of a poorer harvest this year. and a radical change in the way the government intervenes in the domestic market. Through changes in pricing policy, the Turkish Soils Prod-ucts Office (TMO), halved the amount it bought from farmers in 1992, thus reducing the agency's burden on the central government budget.

Agia

(Prices supplied by Amaigamated Metal Trading)

On June 1, the first day of the harvest, the TMO announced an average support

180,521 lots

140,600 lots

23,449 lots

Total daily turnover 23,169 lots

Total delly turnover 6.559 lots

price for wheat of TL1,200 (9.5p) a kilogram. The official price was to be increased by TL50 a kilogram a month to account for inflation. The government promised to pay farmers in full on delivery rather rate of 70 per cent. than in installments as before. In 1991-92 Turkish production is estimated to have been between 14.5m and 15m tonnes, down from 16m tonnes in 1990-91. Under the price support scheme, the TMO purchased 2.45m tonnes or 25 per cent of the 10.3m tonnes

retained as seed and animal feed, together with harvest Equally important, the private sector granaries have been forced to become more active in the cereals market. The move represents a rare example of a state agency with-

offered by farmers to the mar-

ket, compared with 4.5m

tonnes in 1991. The balance of

the crop is made up of wheat

activity better handled by private enterprise. Moreover the change has been achieved without the government reneging on its election commitment to help the farming sector.

drawing from a commercial

For the last few years in supporting the farmers the TMO tional prices. Worse still, in both 1989 and 1990 it financed these purchases on the local

market using foreign commer-cial borrowings. While still higher than world prices, this year's support levels at 58 per cent up on 1991 dropped in dollar terms, given an inflation

The catch was that the TMO also announced it would sell back the wheat on the open market at 15 per cent above the support price. Merchants thus had an incentive to go directly to farmers at harvest time, incurring the warehousing costs but avoiding paying the TMO premium. "Today it's the private companies which have the stocks, not the TMO," says Mr Ergun Erzurumlu, the TMO deputy head and inventor of this new scheme.

Officials estimate the cost of the 1992 operation at about TL2,900bn, or TL3,800bn if all grains are included. Part of the finance was provided by direct support from the hudget.

Two international tenders for a total of 1.5m tonnes raised a further \$213m. Traders say TMO managed the sale well, realising high prices -\$113 a tonne for the first tender in mid-May and \$125 in mid-

The TMO now has a contract for 1.1m tonnes with Azerbaiian - 500,000 has already been shipped. Negotiations are continuing on a 2m tonne deal with Uzbekistan, with a similar size offer to Turkmenistan.

Chicago

ium company Austria Metall

MARKET REPORT

AUSTRIA'S ONLY aluminium

smelter in Ranshofen is finally

set to close at the end of the

vear. The state-owned alumin-

By Eric Frey in Vienna

GOLD held above \$338 a troy ounce on the London bullion market as option-writers battled to defend positions. "A lot of \$340 calls are written for the year's end. Therefore if we break above \$340 a lot of people would be forced to cover their short positions on options," one dealer said. Players defending their positions were selling to ep the price down. Two big US commission houses might be forced to cover large short positions if the orice rises. A break above \$340 was seen, king gold to \$342 and possibly \$344 to \$345. On the LME trading

London Markets SPOT MARKETS

| Crude oil (per barrel FOB)(| Jan) | + or - |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------|
| Dubel | \$16.30.6.40u | + 0.10 |
| Brent Blend (dated) | \$18.15-8.20u | |
| Brent Bland (Feb) | \$18,40-8.45 | + .175 |
| W.T.I (1 pm est) | \$19.65-9.70u | + .175 |
| Oil products | | |
| (NWE prompt delivery per | tonne CIF | |
| | | + 01 - |
| Premium Gasoline | \$189-191 | +1 |
| Gas Oil ∳ | \$178-179 | +1 |
| Heavy Fuel Oil | 571-73 | |
| Nephtha | \$178-181 | + 1.5 |
| Petroleum Argus Estimates | 1 | |
| Other | | + 10 + |
| Gold (per troy oz)- | \$338.35 | +13 |
| Silver (per troy oz) | 378.50c | +5 |
| Platinum (per troy oz) | \$365.50 | + 1.75 |
| Palledium (per troy o2) | \$111.50 | + 1.65 |
| Copper (US Producer) | 103.5c | |
| Lead (US Producer) | 34.625c | |
| Tin (Kuala Lumpur market) | | -0.4 |
| Tin (New York) | 263.5c | -2 |
| Zinc (US Prime Western) | 62.0c | |
| Cattle (live weight) | N/A | • |
| Sheep (live weight)†• | N/A | • |
| Pigs (live weight)† | N/A | • |
| London daily sugar (raw) | | -04 |
| London delly suger (white) | | -0.2 |
| Tate and Lyle export price | 5241.0 | -1 |
| Barley (English feed) | 134.75u | |
| Meize (US No. 3 yellow) | €158.0 | |
| Wheat (US Dark Northern) | Unq | |
| Rubber (Jan)♥ | | -0.25 |
| Rubber (Feb)♥ | | -0.25 |
| Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Jan) | 227.5m | |
| Coconut oil (Philippines)§ | \$447.5y | -2 5 |
| Palm Oli (Melaysian)6 | \$387.5u | - |
| Coore (Philippines) | \$290.0 | |
| Soyabeans (US) | | -2.5 |
| Cotton "A" Index | 64.25c | -0.2 |
| Wooltons (64s Super) | 3990 | -3 |
| | | |

ge fabitook pricas. Change from a week PLondon physical. §CIF Rotterdam. — Bul-market close, m-Malaysian cents/ sheep crices are now live weight prices. 4 NI Price for 3/12/1982 174-175 down 2

in base metals was mostly routine as the market wound down in interest ahead of the holiday season. Three-month COPPER was effectively stalled

below \$2,230 a tonne: three-month ALUMINIUM'S attempt to test overhead

resistance above \$1,250 a tonne ran out of steam; and ZINC failed to follow through Wednesday's gains. In Chicago WHEAT was mostly lower by midday on commercial house selling after Russia missed another payment. **Compiled from Reuters**

| SUGAL | i – Lond | on FOX | (\$ per tons |
|---------|----------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Rew | Close | Previous | High/Low |
| Mar | 163 00 | 183 00 | 183 00 181 00 |
| May | 186 00 | 187 00 | 186 00 |
| White | Close | Previous | High/Low |
| Mar | 247 90 | 245 60 | 248 30 248 50 |
| May | 250.50 | 249 00 | 251 00 248 00 |
| Aug | 257.00 | 255 30 | 257 00 254 00 |
| Mer | 248 00 | - | 248 00 |
| White 4 | | Pans- Whi | of 50 lannes le (FFr per tonno |
| CRUDE | OIL - # | PE | \$/barr |
| | | | |
| | Late | at Previo | rs High/Low |

| Apr | 1841 | 18 35 | 1841 1821 |
|----------|---------|-------------|-----------------------|
| May | 1854 | 18 31 | 1854 1826 |
| Jun | 1835 | 18 39 | 1836 1831 |
| Jui | 1856 | 18 38 | 1656 1833 |
| IPE Inde | ¥ 1806 | 17 51 | |
| Turnover | 18000 (| 345?51 | |
| QAS OII | . · (ÞE | | 5/tonne |
| | Close | Previous | High/Low |
| Jan | 172.75 | 172 25 | 174 75 172 00 |
| Feb | 173 25 | 173 50 | 175 75 173 00 |
| Mar | 172 25 | 172 50 | 174 50 172 25 |
| Apr | 170 25 | 169 50 | 171 25 170 25 |
| May | 169 00 | 165.75 | 170 So 1 59 GO |
| Jun | 169 75 | 167 50 | 169 75 169 50 |
| اريال | 170 25 | - | 171 00 170 25 |
| Aug | 172 00 | • | 173 00 172 25 |
| Sep | 174.25 | - | 174 50 174 00 |
| | | | |

| FRUIT AND VEGETABLES |
|---|
| Supplies of favourite Christmas fresh |
| produce will be plentiful over the festive |
| period reports the FFVIB Avocados at |
| 40-55p each (80-70p) and Honeydew melons |
| at £1 30-1 60 each (£1 30-1 60) are traditional |
| Christmas startors Christmas vegetables |
| are reasonably priced this week with |
| Brussei sprouts at 15-25p a ib (15-25p), |
| carvols at 15-20p a lb (15-20p), teeks at |
| 40-50p lb (45-50p) and parenips at 20-25p a |
| Ib (20-25p) Pecan nuts are £1 15-1 30 a lb |
| and Monkey nuts are 60-70p a lb (75-95p) |
| Walnuts, Brazils and Hazelnuts will cost |
| eround 68-85p a lb (£1 15-1 30) |

COCOA ~ London FOX Close Previous High/Low 875 677 684 695 684 707 722 742 Turnover: 3802 (3255) lots of 10 tonnes

| price 1 | ICCO Indicator prices (SDRs per torane). Dal price for Dec. 17 731 39 (735.50) 10 day averag for Dec 16 750.16 (758.17) | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| COFF | COFFEE - Leaden FOX S/ton | | | | | | | |
| | Close | Previous | High/Low | | | | | |
| Jan | 1019 | 1003 | 1018 1003 | | | | | |
| Mar | 1037 | 1027 | 1097 1025 | | | | | |
| May | 1011 | 1004 | 1011 1003 | | | | | |
| Jul | 1008 | 1000 | 1008 1000 | | | | | |
| San | 1017 | 1008 | 1017 1011 | | | | | |

| POTA | TOES - L | ondon FO | • | £/tonne |
|--------|-------------------|--------------|------------------|---------|
| | Close | Previous | High/Low | |
| Apr | 623 | 63.0 | 62.9 62.3 | |
| May | 69.2 | 69 .1 | 89.5 89.2 | |
| Turnov | er 27 (23) | lots of 20 I | onnes. | |
| | | | | |
| SOYA | MEAL - 1 | London FO | K | E/tonne |
| SOYA | MEAL - 1 Close | • | High/Low | E/tonne |

High/Low 135.20 135.00

113.50 113.25 High/Low

131.00 133.50

100.0

Wheat 103 (533), Barley 11 (45)

Close Previous High/Low

PIQS London FOX (Cash Settler

100.0 100.5

| | | 10.4 102.9 | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| 1835 | 18 39 | 1836 1831 | | | |
| 1856 | 18 38 | 1856 1833 | FREIG | HT - Lo | sdon POX |
| 1806 | 1751 | | | Close | Previous |
| 8000 (| 345?5) | | Jan | 1298 | 1290 |
| | | | Feb | | 1260 |
| | | | | 1275 | |
| - IPE | | S/tonne | | 1270 | 1255 |
| lose . | Previous | High/Low | · Jul | 1138 | - |
| NO U | -161005 | Higher, ow | Oct | 1351 | |
| 72.75 | 172.25 | 174 75 172 00 | BFI | 1370 | 1369 |
| 73 25 | 173 50 | 175 75 173 00 | Turnove | er 79 (66) | |
| 72 25 | 172 50 | 174 50 172 25 | | | |
| 70 25 | 169 50 | 171 25 170 25 | | | |
| 59 OO | 165.75 | 170 SQ 1 69 QQ | GRAIN | S - Lone | ion FOX |
| 39 75 | 167 50 | 169 75 169 50 | | | 5 |
| 70 25 | - | 171 00 170 25 | Wheet | Close | Previous |
| 72 00 | | 173 00 172 25 | Jan | 135 10 | 135.70 |
| 4.25 | - | 174 50 174 00 | Mar | 137 25 | 137 00 |
| 2275 10 | MAJE LOVE A | of 100 tonnes | May | 138.75 | 139.30 |
| 2013 [2 | | n roo ronnes | Jun | 140.25 | - |
| | | | Sep | 107.50 | - |
| ND VI | SQETABLE | 95 | Jan | 113.25 | |
| | | lmas fresh ver the festive | Barley | Close | Previous |
| | | Avocados at | Jan | 131.00 | 131.50 |
| | | loneydew melons | Mar | 133 60 | 133.75 |
| | - apr mira - | | | | |

| Supplies of favourite Christmas fresh | |
|---|---|
| produce will be plentiful over the festive | |
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| carrols at 15-20p a lb (15-20p), tecks at | |
| 40-50p lb (45-50p) and parsnips at 20-25p a | |
| Ib (20-25p) Pegan nuts are C1 15-1 30 a lb | |
| and Monkey nuts are 60-70p a lb (75-95p) | |
| Walnuts, Brazils and Hazelnuts will cost | |
| around 68-85p a lb (\$1 15-1 30) | |
| modula opeoch a in fra 15-1 301 | |

| Cash 3 months | 1392-3 1419-20 | 1397-8 1424-5 | 1384/1384 1422.5/14 | 1383.5-4.5 11 1411-1.5 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lead (2 pe | | | | • |
| Cash 3 months | 287.5-8.5 298-8.5 | 266.5-7.5 267-7.25 | 286.25/28 296.5/295 | 8.25 286-6.26 296.5-7.0 |
| Nickel (5 p | | 2017120 | | |
| Cash 3 months | 5750-60 5826-30 | 5740-50 5815-20 | · 5835/5810 | 5750-1 5828-30 |
| Tin (5 per | | | | |
| Cesh 3 months | 5685-76 5735-40 | 5700-10 5770-75 | 5695/5695 5756/5740 | 5685-90 . 6750-6 |
| Zinc, Spec | | (\$ per tonne) | 31 DE 51 42 | -0700-0 |
| Cash | 1055-6 | 1068-60 | | 1051-1.5 |
| 3 months | 1074-5 | 1077.5-8.6 | 1076/1070 | 1070-1 |
| SPOT: 1.57 | og £/\$ rate: 34 | 3 months: 1.5 | 596 | 6 months: 1, |
| | BULLION MA | | | Name V |
| | opiled by N M | | | New Y |
| Gold (troy | oz) S price | wtupe 2 | ulant . | GOLD 100 troy |
| Close | 338.20-338 | | | Close |
| Opening | 337.40-337 | | - | Dec 338.4 Jan 338.8 Feb 539.2 |
| Morning fo Afternoon | fix 338.65 | 213.970 | | Feb 339.2 Apr 340.3 |
| Day's Nigh | 338.90-339 337.50-337 | | | Jun 341.8 |
| Day's low Loco Lon i | | eding Rates (V | - 1380 · | Aug 343.4 Oct 345.1 |
| 1 month | 1.85 | g woughs | 2.10 | Dec 348.9 Feb 348.0 |
| 2 months | 1.64 | 12 months | 2.48 | PLATINUM 50 |
| 3 menths | 1.54 | 1100 | | Close |
| Silver fix | p/troy oz | US cta e | dnia | Jan 365.8 Apr 363.7 |
| Spot 3 months | 239.50 240.30 | 378.50 378.10 | | Apr 363.7 Jul 382.7 |
| 6 months 12 months | 244.10 251.40 | 381.25 389.05 | | Oct 363.9 |
| 12 (11 71411 | a AU | | | SILVER 5,000 to |
| COLD CO | NS. | | <u> </u> | Dec 377.3 |
| | S price | 2 equiv | | Jan 377.6. |
| Krugerrand Maple leaf | 338.5-341 348.10-35 | | 15.00 | Mer 380.2 |
| | 348.10-30 elgn 79.00-81J | | 200 | May 383.0 . Jul 385.6 |
| | | | . | Sep 388.4 · · |
| TRADED (| | · · · | | Dec 382.8 Jan 394.0 |
| Alembolum | | <u> </u> | | Mer 397.9 . |
| | \$ tonne Jan | Apr Jen | Apr | HIGH GRADE C |
| 1175 1200 . | . 56 . 34 | 55 4 | : 12 · | Clósa |
| 200 | 17 | 40 12 | 21 | Dec 98.55 Jan 98.65 |
| Copper (Gr | , | | · | Feb 98.20 |
| 2100 2150 | 111 64 | 130 3 80 3 | 7 16 | Mar 99.55 . Apr 99.90 |
| 2200 | . 27 | 57 17 | 83 . | May . 100.20- |
| | | Man lan | Mar | Jui . 100.80 |
| Collee | Jen | Mar Jen | 35 | AUG 101,10 |
| 950 1000 | 101 | 95 15 67 31 | 57 | CRUDE OIL (U) |
| 1950 | 41 | 48 55 | 88 | Latest |
| Cocoa | Mar | May Mar | May | Jen . 19.45 |
| 150 175 | · 39 26 | 58 19 44 31 | 21 : * 32 | Feb 19.63 |
| 700 | 17 | 34 47 | 7 | Mar 19.72 Apr 19.76 |
| | | | | May 19.82 |
| | وأوزوان | | Mar. | Jun 19.81 |

| 10-50 5-20 5835/8 | 810 · 5 | 750-1 828-30 | 5830-5 | . 40 | 778 lots | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|
| | | | | illy turnov | | lote |
| 0-10 5685/5 0-75 5766/6 | BB5 5 | 685-90 | | | | |
| | 740 .5 | 750-6 | . 5760-60 | | 56 lots | <u></u> |
| er tonne) | - | | Total da | ily turnov | er 9,004 | CUS |
| 18-60 17.5-8.6 1076/10 | | 051-1.5 070-1 | 1972-5 | 72, | 840 lots | |
| onths: 1.5598 | 6 0 | nonths: 1, | 5480 | 9 m | onths: 1.5 | - |
| | | | | | | - |
| 7 | | w Y | | | | ٠. |
| nachild) | Me | T THE | OFK | | • | . • |
| £ equivalent | 20LI | 100 troy | oz.; \$/troy o | 12. | | _ |
| | · · <u></u> | Close | Previous | High/Los | | _ |
| | Dec | 338.4 338.8 | 337.9 338.3 | 339.2 | 338.3 | |
| 213.766 213.970 | Feb | 339.2 | 338.7 | 0 · · · · 340.1 | 338.7 | - |
| 5192010 | Apr Jun | 340.3 341.8 | 839.8 341.3 | 341.1 342.5 | 339.9 341.7 | |
| · | Auxo | 343.4 | 342.0 | ā | · 0 | ٠ |
| Rates (Vs USS) | Oct Dec Feb | 345.1 346.9 | 344.5 346.4 | 345.8 347.5 | 339.2 | ٠. |
| ontha 2.10 | Feb | 348.0 | 348.5 | 0 | . 600,7 | |
| nonths 2.48 | PLAT | NUM 50 t | roy az; S/tra | y 02. | | _ |
| | | Ciose | Previous | High/Los | y: :: | _ |
| US cts equiv | Jan | 365.8 | 386.5 | 369.0 | 365.5 | _ |
| 378.50 378.10 | Apr . | 363.7 362.7 | 364.2 363.2 | 366.5 | 363.6 363.0 | |
| 361.26 | . Oct | 363.9 | 354,4 | 365,9 | 365.9 | |
| 389.05 | SILVE | 71 5,000 to | oy oz; cents | Atroy az | Ţ.Ţ. | _ |
| | | Close | Previous | High/Lov | , | _ |
| | Dec | 377.3 | 373.0 | 378.5 | 375.0 | · |
| 2 equivalent | Jan Fab | 377.6 379.4 | 373.3 375.1 | 376.0 0 . | 376.0 D | |
| 213.00-215.00 | Mer | S80.2 | 378.0 | 362.5 | 578.5 | |
| 50.00-52.00 | May Jul | 383.0 385.6 | 376.7 351.3 | 354.5 387.0 | 361.0 | • |
| <u> </u> | Sep Dec | 388,4 · · | 354.1 | 0 | 0 - | |
| <u>:</u> | . Jaп | 392.8 . 394.0 | 368.5 369.7 | 393.5 C | .992.0 | ٠. |
| Puts | Mar | 397.9 | 391.5 | ě·. | Ŏ. | |
| r Jan Apr | HIGH | GRADE C | OPPER 25,0 | 00 lbe; ce | ots/lbs | ÷ |
| 3 6 4 12 | | Clósa | Previous. | High/Lov | 80.30 | ₹, |
| 12 21 | Dec | 98.55 | 98.60 | 98,90 | 98.45 | |
| Puts | Jan · Feb | 98.85 | 96.65 | .99.00 | 98,70 | : . |
| 3 7 | Mer | 99.20 99.55 | 99.25 99.65 | 100.00 | 99.25 | |
| 16 | Apr | 99.90 | 455.55 | 0 | α . | |
| 17 93 | May . | 100.20- | 100.00 100.05 | 190.60 C | _109.10 Q | |
| r Jen Mer | . Aut | 100.80 | 100.25 | 100.80 , | - 100,60 | |
| | Aug | 101,10 | 101.25 | 0 | 0 _ 101.70 | |
| 15 35 31 57 | Sep | 101.45 | 101.55 | 101.70 | | ٠ |
| 55 8 8 | CHUID | | MQ 42,000 U | | | _ |
| y Mar May | | Latest | Previous | High/Lot | | _ |
| 19: - 21 | Jen . | 19.45 | 1961 | 19.50 | £19.23 | |
| 31 32 | Feb Mar | 19.63 19.72 | 19.57 19.63 | 14404. / | *, | - |
| 47 47 | Aor | 19.76 | 19.06 | 19.77 ~ 19.82 | 19.61 19.60 | ν. |
| Page Nor | May | 19.82 | 1 | | 19.62 | |
| | Jun Jul | 19.81 19.86 | 1973 | 19.90 | 19.60 19.67 | ٠,٠; |
| | Aug | 19.77 | 19.74 12.55 | 19.20 | 19.72 | , i |
| , i () | | 40 70. | 44-44 | | | |

| • | | ME OF | | · CHINE | os gana | _ ~ | ııcay | U | | |
|------------------|--------------|--|---|--|--------------|--|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| - | | Letest | Previous | High/Lov | 7 | SOY/ | ABEANS S. | 000 by min: | cents/60th t | u midwel |
| | Jan | . 55.50 | 55.50 | 55,60 . | 54,78 | - · | | | | |
| | Feb | 55.45 | 55.46 | 56.55 | 55.70 | | | Previous | High/Low | |
| • | | | | 56.85 | 55.95 | Juh | | 569/6 - | 574/0 | 568/6 |
| • . | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Aug | 586/0 | 587/0 | 590/0 | 588/0 |
| • | Aug . | 54,70 | 55.27 | 55.20 | 55.00 | Sep | 585/0 | 585/4 | 588/0 | 585/0 |
| | Sep | 56.50 | 55.47 | 56.50 | 56.20 | | | 590/2 | 583/4 | 586/4 |
| | Oct | 57.45 | 57:42 | 56.90 | 56.90 | · — | | | | 597/0 |
| | COCO | A 10 tons | nee:\$/tonne | | | - <u>50Y/</u> | BEAN OIL | 60,000 lbs; (| эелім/ір | |
| | | ~~~ | Dandage | | | | Close | Previous | High/Low | · |
| | | U1004 | PIEVIOLE | uigivitoii | | | 20.46 | 20.62 | 20.70 | 20.46 |
| | | Set. 50 55.50 55.50 54.75 56.46 54.45 55.55 55.75 55.05 55.55 55.77 55.05 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.55 56.70 56.05 56.40 May 577.66 567.70 560.70 56. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | _ | _ Jul | | 21.14 | · 21 <i>.2</i> 7 | 21.03 |
| | Dec | | | | | | | | | 21.04 |
| | Mar | | | | | | | | | |
| | May | | 1117 | 0. | 0 | Dec | 21.10 | | | 21,10 |
| | Jul. | Latest | | | | | | | | |
| : | | | | | . 0 | | | | | |
| | COPP | Latest Previous HightLow Set | 199:9 | | | | | | |
| | | Close | Previous | High/I ow | | Jam | 186.6 | | | |
| | | | - | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Latest Previous HighTLow | | | | | | | | |
| • | Je . | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sep 1 | 84,80 | 85.00 | 85.15 | | | | 189.0 | | |
| - | Dec | | | | | MAIZ | 5.000 hu | | | |
| • | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| | SUGAL | NORLE | 112,0 | DC Ros, cent | e/ibs | _ Dec | | | | |
| ÷ | | Close | Previous | High/Low | · | Mar | 220/4 | | | |
| | Mar. | 8.52 | 8.19 | 8.38 | 8.20 | | | 229/2 | 229/2 | 227/2 |
| | May | | 8.36 | | | | | | | |
| | ᄲ | Basis Previous HighLow | | | | | | | | |
| | Mer . | | | | | | | | | |
| ٠. | May | | | | | WEA | T. 5,000 bu | min: gents/6 | Olb-bushel | |
| | COTTO | ML 50,000 | ; cents/lbs | • : | | - - <u>- </u> | | Previous | -High/Low | • |
| | | Ciose | Province | White and | | - Dec | 354/4 | | | |
| | <u>.</u> | | | | | - May | | | | |
| | May . | Latest | | | | | | | | |
| : - - | Jul | 59.51 | SCOPABEANS 5,000 brains SCOPABEANS 5,000 brains | | | | | | | |
| | Oet · | | | | | · <u></u> | | | | 362/2 |
| | Mar | Lafest Previous High-Low | | | | | | | | |
| | Mey | | | | | | | | | |
| | ORAN | E JACE | 15,000 fbs: | cents/f0s | | | | | | |
| | - | | | | | - Apr. | 75.800 | 75.625 | 75.8SO | 75,460 |
| | le-i | | | | · | | | | | |
| | Mar . | | 95.70 +: | 07 44 | | Oct | 71.300 | 71.225 | | |
| | May | 96,75. | | | | | | | 71,600 | |
| | Sen - | | | | | LIVEH | 003 40,00 | O his combatility | | · · |
| | | | | · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | Close | Previous | High/Law | · |
| | Jan | 96.60 | 97.95 AL | 6. A.A.A | o . | Dec | 43,600 | 44,425 | 44.150 | 43.500 |
| | Mar - | . 00.00 | 98.00 | 0 | 0 . | Feb | 43,325 | . 43.775 | | |
| P | , | aarno | David Walter | 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 | ACELIEF . | | 46,300 | # D5 | | |
| | | | | | | - 22 | 45.860 | . 45.000 | | |
| - | | | | | ;} | , Aug | 44,600 | | 44.750 | 44,450 |
| d | 100° | 1845 (B | ase Septem | aber 1 | 2 | | | 42.550 | 42.800 | |
| | | | نه روده محمد. الاستنادات | C-202-4 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 7 | 1000 | | | | C. C. C. C. | | | | |
| d | - | | - 1) | | Market. | 1 | | | | |
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

FT-SE Mid Index in the limelight

By Terry Syland, UK Stock Market Editor

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the helm of London's fee and Options Eachange?
Fox intends to go sterile throat futures and for a factor Michael Jenkins and Chot official PRIVATE investors seized the initiative in the London stock market yesterday, leaving the district discal

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statistic big institutions to continue their cautious shuffling of portfolios ahead of this morning's expiry of the December stock index future.

Active trading in the second line issues brought a gain of around 1 per cent in the FT-SE Mid 250 Index, while the FT-SE 100 Index (the Footsie) had to be content with a rise of barely 0.3 per cent on the day.

The FT-SE Mid 250 closed 30 points stronger, but the FT-SE 100, after an erratic session, ended only 7.5 higher at 2,740.3. Trading volume increased sharply, with business in the second line stocks well outpacing that in the FT-SE 100 listed issues.

Once again, the influence of the stock index future was clearly displayed in the stock market by a sharp upswing when the futures opened. But the stock market was impervi-ous to the day's list of statis-tics on the domestic economy. A rise in November unen ployment to an annual rate of 10.3 per cent, with the total at a 5%-year high, changed little in market perceptions, nor did the 5.5 per cent annualised gain in average earnings in

Tax-related deals played a

significant role in the blue chip stocks. After slipping by 7.4 on the Pootsie in early trading, the market about-turned abruptly to record a net advance of more than 15 points

at midsession. But the Footsie 2,750 level proved more than the market could manage and share prices in the market leaders then turned back to reduce the final rise on the FT-SE Index to 7.5

| Volume County | Defended | Volume | County | Defended | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume | Volume |

on the day. With several trad-ing houses still predicting a Footsie 2,700 close for the year, securities dealers were cautious of being drawn into the market.

Seaq-reported volume jumped to 825m shares from the 676.3m of the previous day, but on Wednesday retail, or customer, business was worth £1.25bn, indicating the weight of overnight tax-related busi-

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

ness in blue chip stocks by ment, and the optimists who institutions seeking to establish tax positions ahead of the

calendar year-end. Views of the outlook for the UK stock market among the UK securities houses continued to range between those who warn that pre-Christmas trading sessions, when most of the institutions are no longer at full throttle, can be a misleading guide to underlying senti-

have already pinned their faith in a further advance in the stock market next year.

At the annual seminar held by Kleinwort Benson Securities yesterday, investors were told that the UK merchant bank is holding its forecast for the 1993 year-end to Footsie 3,000. While seeing the UK stock market as offering the best risk/reward prospect of leading global markets, Kleinwort has doubts over the likely pace of the recovery in UK corporate earnings next year, the uncertain outlook for domestic inflation, and finally over where the money is going to

come from" for an advance in share prices. Among the brighter sectors yesterday, brewing shares stood out strongly as Guinness continued its recovery from the doubts over international earnings posed recently by UK brokers. GEC, traditionally seen as a defensive stock because of its cautious cash policies, came in for renewed investment support.

| Accou | nt Dealing | Dates |
|--------------------------|----------------|------------|
| Tiret Dealings Nov 30 | Dec 14 | Jan 4 |
| Dec 10 | Book Dec 30 | Jan 14 |
| Leat Dealings: Dec 11 | Dec 31 | Jan 15 |
| Account Days Duc 21 | Jan 11 | Jen 25 |
| You the deal | man may take | place from |

Barclays hit by provision

DISCLOSURE of the size of provisions that Barclays Bank will have to make against loans to Imry Holdings, the property development group, surprised the stock market. It reopened a long-running debate over the threat to the bank's final dividend when it reports 1992 results at the end of February. Barclays shares ended the day a net 8 lower at 379p with turnover increased

to 19m. The Imry provisions could well leave Barclays with a net loss for the year, according to sector analysts. Before the Imry disclosures, analysts' estimates of Barclays earnings for 1992 ranged from profits above £200m to losses of up to £165m.

Concerns about Barclays' exposure to losses in property have dogged the shares throughout this year. But they have rallied strongly since mid-October as some analysts have highlighted the strength

of the bank's capital ratios. The shares were additionally unsettled yesterday when Moody's, the US credit rating agency, downgraded ratings Barclays senior debt and cut ratings of some subsid-

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1992

NEW HIGHS (113).

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HSBC weak The latest tumble in the Hong Kong stock market, after China's foreign minister apparently ruled out concessions in the dispute over the colony, triggered renewed weakness in both classes of HSBC shares in

London. The UK-registered HSBC stock fell to 463n before stabilising to close 9% down at 466p on turnover of 9.4m, while the Hong Kong-registered stock ended 10 off at 453p on 5.2m traded.

A County NatWest "sell" recommendation emphasised weakness in the shares. Mr John Aitken, at County, described the shares as "fundamentally overvalued and 15 per cent too high". He pointed out that HSBC's inclusion in both London's Footsie 100 index and Hong Kong's Hang Seng Index had left index tracking funds underweight in the sector. .

Glaxo hurt

Pharmaceuticals company Glaxo recorded the biggest percentage fall in the Footsie list after agency broker James Capel opened the way for investors to switch from defengive to cyclical stocks.

Capel reduced its rating for the group's new drugs, particu-larly Serevent, its anti-asthma product and Imigran, the migraine treatment. It cut predictions for Imigran, arguing that the drug would generate sales of only between £30m and £35m in the first half of the year. However, Capel was for-merly at the optimistic end of the range of forecasts. Hoare Govett for example was pre-dicting only \$38m sales for imi-

gran in the first half. There were further doubts over the security of the US patent on Zantac, the anti-ulcer drug which accounts for more than 40 per cent of Glazo's sales, although analysts seemed reassured after speaking to the company. Investors also remain concerned about the announcement from Astra, Glazo's Swedish rival, on trials of its ulcer drug Losec. Glazo shares

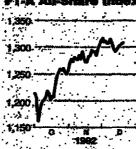
fell 27 to 768p making a slide of 44 since the end of last week. ICI fell 24 to 1009p as securi-ties house UBS Phillips & Drew voiced caution over the potential in the bulk chemicals sec-tor, particularly in PVC and polypropylene markets. UBS, which at £580m in 1992 and £700m next year is at the high end of predictions for the group, is reconsidering its fore-

Energy sector specialists registered surprise at the impact of the announcement from Sir James MacKinnon, Ofgas chairman, that British Gas

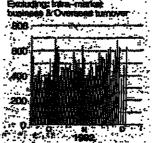
should be broken up.
Nevertheless, Gas shares made progress closing 3 higher at 272p on good turnover of 14m. Mr John Toalster, at Strauss Turnbull, saw little downside for Gas shares whatever the outcome. "If the break-up happened it would be hard to interpret it as bad news for shareholders."

FT-A All-Share Index

| Value | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Content | Conten



Equity Shares Traded Resover by volume (million) Scaleging: Edra-million business & Oversee turnover



the housing market by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors triggered buying interest in construction stocks. Bellway jumped 10 to 278p, Wilson Bowden 9 to 343p and Winney 8 to 1100.

Building materials groups also progressed, with takeover stories and reports of broker buy notes driving Blue Chrele

up 8 more to 186p and Tarmae 7 higher to 113p. Reckitt & Colman failed to show strength as the company warned analysts that, in spite of encouraging economic news from the US, prospects remained gloomy. The shares

were steady at 603p. US selling prompted Smith-Kline Beecham to fall 16 to 430p in the Units and 12 to 492p in the 'A's. Wellcome was also weak, closing 17 lower at 1011p and suggesting a possible move out of defensive stocks.

A buoyant brewery sector attracted attention. Allied Lyons jumped 19 to 636p. Bass gained 10 to 622p, so too did. Grand Metropolitan at 453p. Guinness jumped 11 to 491p.

Cautious hints from the government that a national lottery's impact on traditional forms of betting would be limited helped Ladbroke, up 3 at 178p. Further negative remarks from Paribas on Ruro Disney weakened sentiment, the shares closing off 10 at 718p. have been boosted by a James Profit-taking was seen in Capel recommendation moving

Tate & Lyle. The shares had been boosted after the company said that it had regained its sweetener contract with PensiCo. The shares retreated 4

| Volume Coming Day's | Volume Closing Day's

A stock shortage in Booker sent the shares forward, closing 11 ahead at 367p. Unilever's good run continued after a recent round of presentations, the shares gaining 5 to 1075p. Meetings hosted by Argyll also brought a good response, the shares lifting 6 to 395p.

Sparkling results from Shoprite Group spurred the shares on to 573p, a rise of 45p. The boardroom moves and trading statement at Amber Day again boosted the shares, up 6 at 40p. Seven-day trading at W H.Smith was said to be producing optimistic soundings from the company and the 'A' shares gained 8 to 504p.

The gas watchdog's call for British Gas to be split up raised the spectre of further regulatory moves in the utilities areas, particularly the

Gas, a move recommended by Entities 1984:

Carr Kitcat and Aitken.

Water issues opened marginally easier but then rose quickly to end the session with good gains across the board.

Anglian was the best performer of the four Footsia Entities 1984:

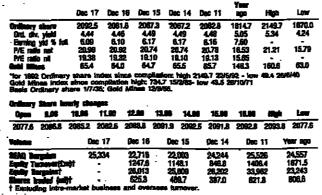
Water stocks, adding 3 at 488p. The best individual showing in the sector came from Wessex the sector came from Wessex

Water, up 7 at 584p.

added another 6 to 153p with turnover once again beavy at 7.2m shares.

Profit-taking after the recent run left Siebe 10 lighter at 401p in trade of 12m. Rolls-Royce gained 4% to 114p after the announcement of an engine order from the Italian air force. Shares in conglomerate MB-Caradon moved 16 ahead to 281p, with the stock said to have been boosted by a James

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES



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An encouraging report on FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

A SHORTAGE of stock complete with continued rolling forward of positions from the December contract into March ahead of this morning's explry boosted turnover in stock index futures, writes Joel Kibazo.

The December contract on the FT-SE started its last full session of trading at 2,733 and, but for a brief retreat two

throughout the day. Several dealers were said to have been caught short of December, although others concentrated on moving into the March contract, which accounted for the high turnover in that series. The day's high of 2,760 was reached just before the opening of Wall Street, and although a bout of

. .

in December, the firmness in New York was said to have prevented a greater decline.

Worse than expected UK unemployment figures had little effect on trading and the December contract was at a premium to cash consistently throughout the session. December finished at 2,747, up 7 from its previous close and

hours later, moved ahead profit-taking caused a retreat at a five-point premium to the underlying cash market. Turnover in the December future was almost 9,000 contracts, while the volume in the March series reached about 7,000

Lots. The traded options saw heavy turnover of 38,138 lots. The FT-SE 100 option had 12,481 contracts dealt and the Euro FT-SE 3,384 lots. it to a "strong hold." Tiphook was greatly in emand and the shares jumped

26 to 340p. A line of stock said to total about 1m shares was reported in airports group BAA. The shares closed a penny easier at 788p. A squeeze helped P&O

jump 13 to 490p. Associated British Ports was one trader. The shares firmed 4 to 345p. British Airways closed 3 up at 281p, on the news that lian airline. Turnover reached 4.7m.

MARKET REPORTERS: Peter John, Joel Kibazo, Christopher Price,

■ Other market statistics.

Paga 21

66 Insurance (Composite) (7) 67 Insurance (Brokers) (10) 68 Merchant Banks (6) 69 Property (30).

a "good market" according to it was to acquire a 25 per cent share of Quantas, the Austra-

Steve Thompson.

5.19 - 33.33 842.76 838.51 836.40 696.78 4.86 27.97 41.81 1154.73 1149.03 1146.87 822.27 5.27 - 68.18 1716.51 1694.20 1694.98 1376.80 4.88 - 22.58 609.85 606.49 607.13 483.91 7.04 16.45 48.05 733.60 738.00 727.79 978.78 4.89 - 16.75 463.97 464.31 463.62 448.10 6.80 14.97 33.09 607.33 608.81 602.03 797.31 +0.6 +0.6 +1.3 +3.5 +0.7 +2.2 618.04 B.75 70 Other Financial (14)...... 18.48 11.63 278.90 275.67 274.01 229.99 71 Investment Trusts (69) ... 1275.47 +0.6 - 3.40 - 32.11 1267.74 1266.66 1264 48 1120 53 - 4.51 - 43.73 1303.34 1295.90 1295.88 1146.78 99 ALL-SHARE DIDEX (651) ... J1309.31 +0.5 l

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FT-SE Actuaries 350 Industry Baskets Opes 9.00 18.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 15.00 16.10 Class change Construm 1301.5 1310.5 1311.7 1314.7 1325.1 1330.8 1333.5 1334.1 1341.1 1341.1 Results 21 1285.5 1288.8 1281.7 1280.9 1281.3 1282.1 1281.7 1278.1 1270.7 1267.1 1297.2

Additional information on the FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices is published in Saturdess besset. List of constituents are available from the Francis Times Limited, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 SPL. The FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices Service, which covers a range of electronic and paper-based products relating to these indices, is available from FRNSTAT at the same address. The FT-SE 100, the FT-SE Mid 250 and the FT-SE Actuaries 250 Indices are compiled by the London Stock Exchanges and the FT-Actuaries All-States Index is compiled to The Financial Times Limited, both in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries under a standard set of ground rules. The International Stock Exchanges of the United Kingdom and Republic of Indiced Limited 102. The Financial Times Limited 102. All rights reserved. "FT-SE" and "Footsle" are joint trade marks and service marks of the London Stock Exchange and The Financial Times Limited.

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices

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2705.5 1330.3

18.66

Open

FT-SE-A 359 1325.1 1330.3 1328.7 Srnss dividend yield (ACT at 25%) FT-SE 100:A.46%

FT-Actuaries All-Share

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

Figures in parentheses show number of

stocks per section

2 Building Materials (23) 3 Contracting, Construction (26)

CAPITAL GOODS (175)

Electricals (9).....

22 Brewers and Distillers (25) 25 Food Manufacturing (18) 26 Food Retailing (18) 27 Health and Household (26) 29 Hotels and Leisure (18)

40 OTHER GROUPS (116)

49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP (482)...

51 011 & Gas (18).....

59 500 SHARE INDEX (500).

61 FINANCIAL GROUP (\$2)..

41 Business Services (17)... 42 Chemicals (22),.......

45 Electricity (16) ...

kaging, Paper & Printing (17).

Electropics (28)

34 Stores (33).

35 Textiles (11) ..

FT-SE MID 250

2728.8 + 30.0

12.00

2740.3 2732.8 2717.9 2721.8 2716.2 2391.6

Day's Change %

+1.5

+2.6 +2.5

-0.3 +1.8 +2.8

+0.3

Dec 17 Dec 16 Dec 15 Dec 14 Dec 11

11.00

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829.88

2331*.2*7

472.82

1914.48 1704.77

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1444,80 1377,24 1322,04 2686,28

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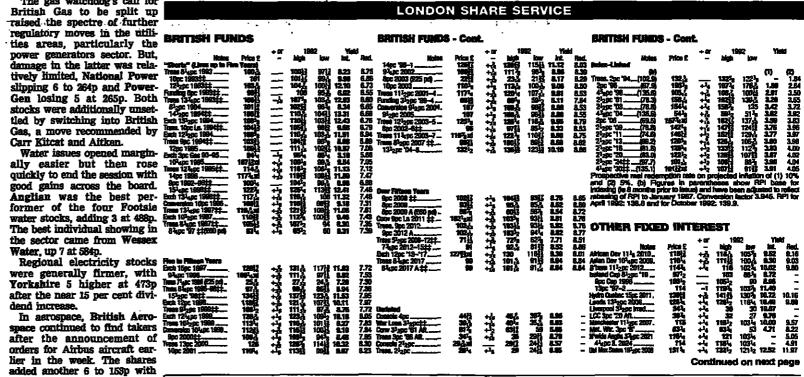
FT-SE 100

FT-SE 100

FT-SE MIN 250

2740.3 +7.5

FT-SE 188 2725.4 FT-SE Mid 250 2597.4



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FUTURES PAGER

NOTICE OF ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PAKISTAN FUND

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Palestan Fund (the "Company") originally achievated for 30th November 1992 was sulformed for left of quorum. Accordingly, an adjourned Recting will be held at Caysale Galleries. Harbour Device, George Town, Grand Caywan, Caywan Islands, Bratish West Indies on 28th December 1992 at 10,00am when the following ordinary business will be transacted:

To receive and consider the Financial Statements of the Company and the reports
of the Directors and the Auditors for the period ended 30th June 1992.

To transact any other business which may be properly transacted at an annual

(f) Proxy forms may be deposited at Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Rokin SS, 1012 KK Aussterdam, The Netherlands, Atta: Mr George Thamer, Custody Department no later than the time specified above for the holding of the meeting.

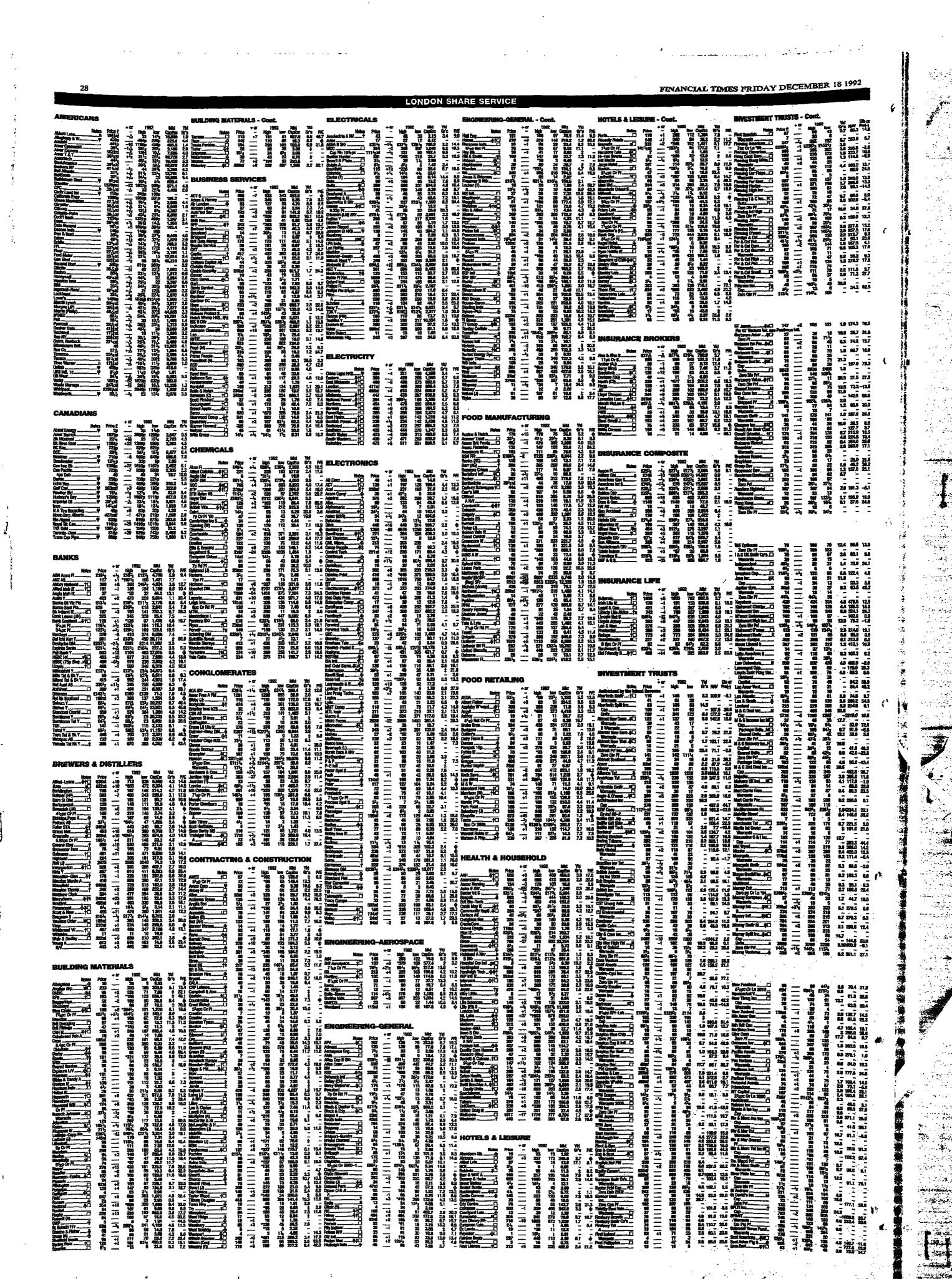
CORRECTION

REPEAT CALL TO TENDER FOR THE HIGHEST BID FOR THE PURCHASE OF "E.G.L. PAPER MANUFACTURING OF WESTERN GREECE S.A."

In the announcement concerning the above which appeared in the issues of 28th and 30th November 1992, the following paragraph was omitted from the published text between paragraphs 4 and 6:

"5. Envelopes containing the binding offers shall be unsealed by the above-mentioned Notary Public, in her office, on the 22nd December 1992 at 13.00 p.m. Any party having duly submitted a binding offer shall be entitled to attend and sign the

deed attesting to the unscaling of the binding offers."



اهكذاس العُمل

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258.2 10.0 2,673 6.7 462.9 11.2 6.60 -452.9 2.1 204.5 2.8 1.16 9.5 6.80 14.0

272.3 12.4 1.729 7.8 778.3 5.6 951.9 4.5 273.4 1.8 1.344 4.4 9.37 4.4 9.38 -13.8 -30.6 12.9 156.3 20.5 845 16.2 16.5 22.0 8.01 + 1.56 -90.8 21.5

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MERCHANT

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2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | 202 11.8 57.8 11.8 52.9 378.5 160.5 162.3 14.1 553.1 162.8 1,882.7 1,882.7 1,882.7 1,882.7 1,882.7 1,882.7 Southships | Ships |
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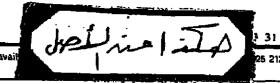
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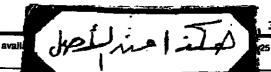




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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Karl Capp for further details on Frankfurt Tel: 0130 5351, Fax: 069 5964481. FINANCIAL TIMES Perrier buttle ends with something for everyone

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FT SURVEYS

EUROPEAN AIRPORTS: The FT proposes to publish this survey on March 24 1993. The FT is the best read publication among frequent international air travellers in Europe (*20 + trips/year). It is also the best read publication among high status first/business class air travellers in Europe **. For a full editorial synopsis and details of available addrettisement positions. and details of available
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Data sources:** International Air Travel Survey (IATS) Europe 1990 and FBRS 1991

AMERICA

Dow recovers slightly after stock clearance

Wall Street

IN spite of more bad corporate news, US share prices posted modest gains across the board yesterday after a big sell-off the previous day, writes Patrick Harverson in New York.

By 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was up 4.87 at 3,260.05, having spent most of the morning session a few points above Wednesday's close Secondary indices were even firmer, with the more broadly based Stan-dard & Poor's 500 up 2.57 at 434.09, the Amex composite 0.88 higher at 390.18, and the Nasdaq composite up 5.73 at 655.36. Turnover on the NYSE was 150m shares by 1 pm, and rises outnumbered declines by 945 to 662.

The near 30-point decline in the Dow on Wednesday was seen by analysts as a welcome, and possibly final, clear-out of stocks before the end of the year. Consequently, prices were expected to begin climbing back up again yesterday, which they did in spite of unfavourable economic and corporate news.

The economic news was mixed: the labor department reported a 22,000 rise in weekly jobless claims, reversing the

recent improving trend in the labour market, and the commerce department a narrowing in the October trade deficit from \$8.6bn the previous month to \$7.0bn.

The most promising aspect of the trade figures was a sharp rise in exports, although

8 -4 - 7 8 9 10 11- 14 15.16:

analysts cautioned that exports

will continue to be held back

by the slump in the European

opening of trading in Min-

ing, known as 3M, was delayed

after the broking house, Pru-

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1992 earnings estimate for 3M

nesota Manufacturing and Min-

On the corporate front, the

and Japanese economies.

December 1992 ·

NYSE Volume · Daily (million) Storage Technology plunged \$2 to \$19% in turnover of 1m

> mates. Procter & Gamble rose \$1/2 to \$52% on news of its pact with a Bombay-based company to sell detergents, soaps and other

consumer products in India.

because of the slowdown in the company's overseas markets. When trading started, 3M's shares dropped more than \$3% to \$99, but later recovered to stand \$2% lower at \$99% in active trading after the company said that it backed Pruential's new forecast.

Two days of heaving selling in IBM ended. The stock recovered \$1/2 at \$52% in turnover of almost 4m shares as bargain hunters helped IBM recover from losses linked to Tuesday's announced restructuring.

fourth quarter earnings would come in below analysts' esti-

shares after warning that

TORONTO was positive at midsession following a further round of interest cuts by a number of domestic banks and renewed hopes of economic recovery. The TSE-300 index rose 14.3 to 3,310.5 in volume of 24.2m shares valued at

Recent fizz evaporates from Milan bourse

The interest in privatisation candidates has largely petered out, writes Haig Simonian

growing disarray to nush

through further unappealing, but essential, legislation cov-

ering spending cuts and priva-

The argument has its merits.

Not even the victors from this

week's polls are threatening to

topple the government, in

expectation of new electoral

laws. That gives Mr Amato

more time to push ahead with

essential changes to cut the

budget deficit and loosen the

state's grip on the economy.

Speaking to MPs yesterday, Mr

Piero Barucci, the treasury

minister, said he hoped for par-

tisation.

Indices rebased

fter regaining some speculative fizz in October on privatisation euphoria, Milan's battered bourse looks set to end the year well below the opening levels of 1992. The burst of interest in possi-

ble privatisation candidates, which helped to drive the Comit (BCI) index up to almost 480 in October, has now largely petered out. Though occasional tit-bits of news or gossip are enough to set individual stocks such as Credito Italiano or the Nuovo Pignone engineering group in motion, such move ments have not been enough to enliven the overall market, now 17 per cent down from its opening levels of last January. Brokers take heart that the index has at least recovered from the depths of late summer, when it sank to 354.93 and that daily turnover has recovered from the lows of around L50bn to three or four

times as much. However, a new shadow has loomed following this week's regional election results, involving around 1m voters, and the news that Mr Bettino Craxi, leader of the Socialist party and a former prime min-

individual company stories

making their impact here and

ister, is under investigation by magistrates involved in the country's spiralling political corruption scandal.

Neither development was entirely unexpected. At the colls, the autonomist Lombard League was the big winner, consolidating its position in the north and stretching its tentacles into central Italy. La Rete, the clean government party headed by a former mayor of Palermo, was the other big victor, capturing a limited, but surprisingly high, share of the votes.

The investigation into Mr Craxi, whose Milan powerbase is the focus of magistrates' attention, further weakens the Socialist party. Mr Gianni De Michelis, its deputy chairman, is already under the magiste-rial microscope for alleged misdemeanours in the Veneto

Some analysts suggest the poll results and growing trou-bles for the Socialists could perversely help, rather than hinder, the bourse by playing into the hands of Prime Minister Giuliano Amato's reformminded government. Although himself a senior Socialist, Mr Amato could benefit from the

liamentary approval for his privatisation plan before the end of this year. The unbeat political message

has not yet penetrated the financial markets, however. Instead, uncertainties about the government's stability have fed through to the exchange rate, weakening the lira against the D-Mark. In the absence of any good

news on the corporate front. share prices look vulnerable. Yesterday's 13.97 rise in the Comit to 420.35 was not fully sustained in London after-hours' trading, and the outlook for corporate earnings remains gloomy. While the lira devaluation, now running at almost 18 per cent against the D-Mark, should help Italian exporters, recession at home and in major export markets such as Germany will depress sales and

Recent weeks have seen a dearth of upbeat corporate news. Announcements of more job losses at IBM have refocused attention on the problems at Olivetti. Its unions fear that the company, which they claim is now losing L2bn a day, plans a further 6,000

ber - the first double digit drop for some years - has also put an unwelcome spotlight on Fiat. Although the group has managed to arrest the decline in its share of the domestic market to around 44 per cent, a shrinking overall cake means production is set to fall further. Meanwhile, worries continue

An 11 per cent fall in the Italian car market in Novem-

to surround Ferruzzi, Italy's other private-sector industrial giant, which controls the Montedison chemicals and agroindustrial group. Analysts find it hard to imagine how the group can talk about possible acquisitions of state assets, such as the Sme foods and retailing concern, when it is swimming in a sea of debt.

Some special situations, such as Flat's Rinascente and Coge-far-Impresit subsidiaries, remain. Both are potential sale candidates as Fiat's bosses turn their attention to possible one-off gains to boost profits.

Failing such spectacular events, the market looks set to mark time in the weeks ahead, waiting for clearer information on privatisations to emerge, perhaps by the second quarter

Corporate news affects individual ratings

1041.18

Nikkei gains ground as Hong Kong falls back

INDEX-linked buying, short covering, and demand from foreign investors allowed the Nikkei average to gain moderate ground in spite of late afternoon profit-taking, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The 225-issue average was up 169.20 at 17,437.91 after a day's high of 17,544.13 and low of 17,209.53, rising above the 200day moving average of 17,468 in the afternoon, before slipning on light selling.

Volume decreased from 255m shares to 220m. Trading was led by technical activity, with tions ahead of the year-end. Rises outpaced falls by 588 to 373, with 170 issues unchanged, and the Topix index of all first section stocks gained 8.52 at 1,325.85. In London the ISE/ Nikkei 50 index firmed 3.45 to

1.078.88. Reports that the Ministry of Finance intended to introduce a new weighted index for the futures market supported equi-ties. The Nikkei 225 index, blamed for volatility on the Tokyo cash market, is a simple average of 225 stocks, and is

said to be easily manipulated. A positive reception for the new second-section listing of Ten Allied, a pub chain operator, encouraged market participants. The company, which had been traded on the overthe counter market, closed at Y2,330, up from its public offer price of Y2,277.

Yokohama Matsuzakaya, the department store, led rising issues for the third day, surging Y56 to Y695 on increased speculative trading, after rumours of share cornering had circulated the market earlier this week.

Foreign investors bought

Toshiba, the most active stock of the day, appreciating Y11 to Y636 and NEC Y20 to Y685.

Reports that bacterial infection within a hospital had claimed the lives of 80 people revived interest in "clinical infection"-related shares. Terumo, a syringe maker, jumped Y33 to Y873 and Sanden, a hand disinfecting machine maker, rose Y14 to Y582

Some financial issues rose on the asset revaluation theme. with the authorities rumoured to be considering the introduction of accounting reforms in which asset values would be re-evaluated at market prices on cornorate h Tokio Marine & Fire put on Y30 to Y1,210 and Sumitomo Bank Y20 to Y1.880. Mitsui Mining & Smelting.

which had previously gained popularity on rumours of a new gold vein discovery, moved out of favour, retreating Y10 to Y485 on profit-taking. In Osaka, the OSE average improved 90.39 to 18,930.01. Volume remained high, at

142.9m shares (against 117.9m). on cross-trading by financial

Roundup

Latest prices were unavailable for this edition. South African market closed December 16

THE CHINA factor adversely affected sentiment in Hong Kong, while the region's other markets were mixed.

HONG KONG fell after China's foreign minister ruled out any concessions in its dispute with Britain over the future of the colony. The Hang Seng index receded 86.50 to 5,329.46 in turnover of HK\$2.57bn.

Banking shares were active. while properties saw profittaking following strong gains on Wednesday. HSBC Holdings was the most active stock. retreating HK\$1.50 to HK\$54.

AUSTRALIA overcame early weakness, helped by the stronger local dollar, and the All Ordinaries index closed 2.4 up at 1,499.4 in turnover of A\$2)6.3m. Westpac rose a cent to A\$3.04 after news that the managing director was to

News Corp, which has lost ground this week on profittaking, rallied 22 cents to A\$29.22. BHP added 6 cents at A\$12.56 ahead of today's interim figures.

SEOUL saw intervention by the market stabilisation fund lift shares in late trading. The weighted index improved 6.51 to 660.60 in turnover of Won703bn. TAIWAN's weighted index lost 6.25 to 3,668.67 in T\$8.8bn turnover. Late buying in blue chips pulled cement shares up, and tex-

tiles posted minor gains. MANILA was helped higher again by a strong US perfor-mance by PLDT, which put on 5 pesos to 845 pesos. The composite index firmed 3.81 to 1,226.73 in combined turnover of 261m pesos. SINGAPORE remained positive, with good gains seen in leading stocks. The Straits Times Industrial index rose 11.69 to 1,468.31 in

NEW ZEALAND featured forestry issues as the NZSE-40 index fell 11.67 to 1,509.52. BANGKOK saw property companies advance strongly as the SET index gained 9.52 at 849.92 in turnover of Bt2.98bn.

SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG revived in late trading, belped by a better performance from gold stocks. The gold index put on 5 to 837, while the overall index shed 12 to 3,223. Industrials remained weak, finishing 14 off at 4,297.

there, writes Our Markets Staff.
PARIS took some comfort from comments by Prime Minister Pierre Bérégovoy that the franc would not be devalued, although this did little to ease pressure on the currency in foreign exchange markets. The CAC-40 index closed 1.46 lower at 1,735.23, having languished at a day's low of 1,707.05, in turnover of some FFr2hn.

Rumous that BNP might become a privatisation candidate should there be a change of government next year excited interest with the CI's advancing FFr15.10 to FFr419.00. Other financials were generally firmer with Paribas up FFr6.60 to FFr339.60 and Suez FFr1.90 firmer at FFr233.40 while Société Génér-

ale slipped FFr2 to FFr576. FRANKFURT ended with an absence of Christmas cheer. Although the DAX index ended were dejected with Asko DM40 down at DM610 and Kaufhof DM5.50 lower at DM391.50 as stock market turnover fell

from DM3.5bn to DM3.0bn German retailers, who enjoyed a two-year boom after the opening of the Berlin Wall in 1989, have been caught in a sharp downturn as rising unemployment and uncertainties over future tax increases depress consumer sentiment. Forecasts yesterday included falls in earnings per share of

up to 10 per cent this year. AMSTERDAM came to life again after a dull few days with Nutricia prominent after forecasting lower than expec-ted second half profits and reorganisation plans after the close on Wednesday. Its shares ended the day down Fl 14.10 or 11.7 per cent at Fl 110.40. The CBS Tendency index eased 0.1

Institutions seemed unimpressed by news that Daf had secured loans of some Fl 190m from the Belgian and Dutch governments, and some analysts commented that the truck manufacturer still faced serious long-term problems. The

| FT-SE | Actu | arie | es S | har | e in | dice | s | |
|--|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|----------------------------------|---|
| December 17 Hourly changes | Opes | 18,38 | 11.00 | 12,80 | 13.00 | | ROPEAN SERII 15.00 Clean | |
| FT-SE Eurokrack 190 FT-SE Eurokrack 206 | | | | | | | 1633.99 1034.4 1119.20 1119.0 | |
| | Dec | 16 : | Dec 15 | Dec | 14 | Dec 11 | Dec 18. | _ |

1038.14

Seen value 1000 (25/)0965 Highlishy: 100 - 1035.12; 200 - 1120.00 Lourday: 100 - 1032.56 200 - 1114.68 shares, however, improved 40 cents to Fl 6.50.

Nedlloyd slipped 40 cents to Fl 30.20 after rumours, later denied, that Mr Torstein Hagen, who holds some 25 per cent of the group's equity, might be planning to force the sale of the shipping division. BRUSSELS closed fraction-

ally lower, failing to benefit

Petrofina and a surge in the steelmaker, Cockerill. The Bel-20 index closed 0.36

lower at 1,105.99 in turnover of BFr850m. Cockerill closed BFr10, or 11.8 per cent higher at BFr95 after an early low of BFr79, and a high of BFr100 after it confirmed plans to pay an unchanged 1992 net preferred dividend of BFr9. The oil from a technical recovery in major Petrofina, hard-hit in recent days after announcing a severe cut in its 1992 dividend, closed up BFr100 at BFr7,540. ZURICH recovered late on a firmer tone on Wall Street, the SMI index closing 4.8 higher at

VIENNA fell sharply after steep falls in OMV and other blue chip stocks. The ATX index closed 17.82 lower at 720.95 with OMV dropping Sch41 or 6.6 per cent to Sch577 on heavy selling by foreign institutions. Some analysts said that while the oil group had been weak over the last few days there was no signifi-

Elsewhere, Strabag fell Sch30 to Sch920. Wienerberger lost Sch35 to Sch2.805, while Creditanstalt preferred lost a further Sch8 to Sch413 following

srael is setting new priorities, promoting sound

opportunities for investments, corporate growth and business expansion.

Bank Hapoalim, with 70 years experience and expertise in financing

every sector of economic endeavor, is ideally positioned to play a major

role in advancing the nation's goals. As Israel's largest bank, the Bank

cant factor which sparked the

Wednesday's news that it planned to cut its dividend. STOCKHOLM recovered some ground as buyers returned to Astra, which has been under pressure following a disappointing analysts' meeting earlier in the week. The Affärsvärlden Index advanced 6.5 to 873.3 in turnover of

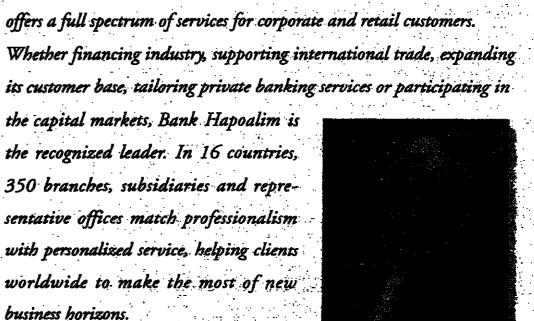
Astra free shares rose SKr6 to SKr717 while SKF free shares lost SKr4.50 to SKr67 on news that it expects a SKr1.8bn loss in 1992 after taking a restructuring charge of

HELSINKI fell on higher iomestic interest rates and on continued profit-taking after the sharp recovery this autumn, the Hex index ending 16.4, or 1.9 per cent lower at 830.6.

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County.NatWest/Wood Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

| national and Regional Markets | WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 18 1992 | | | | | | | | TUESDAY DECEMBER 15 1992 | | | | | DOLLAR MOEX | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Figures in parentheses show number of lines of stock | US Dollar Index | Day's Change % | Pound Sterling Index | Yen Index | OM Index | Local Currency Index | Local % chg on day | Gross Die Yield | US Dollar Index | Pound Sterling Index | Yen Index | Dis | Local Currency index | 1 892 High | 1992 Low | Year ago (approx) |
| Australia (68) | 121.04 | -0.6 | 113.79 | 94.03 | 97.85 | 116 77 | -08 | 4.16 | 121 79 | 115.16 | 95.50 | 99,22 | 117.68 | 153.68 | 108.18 | 146.93 |
| Austria (19) | 139.41 | -0.3 | 131 06 | 108 30 | 112 70 | 112 90 | ~10 | 2 51 | 139.85 | 132.24 | 109.67 | 113.94 | 114.04 | 186.70 | 137.63 | 164.6 |
| Belgium (42) | 135,72 | + 1.3 | 127 60 | 105 43 | 109 72 | 107 27 | +04 | 5.74 | 133.99 | 128.89 | 105.06 | 109.18 | 106.90 | 152.27 | 133.99 | 136.4 |
| Canada (113) | 113.74 | +06 | 106 93 | 88.35 | 91 94 | 105 30 | +08 | 3 22 | 113 01 | 106.86 | 88.61 | 92.05 | 104.50 | 142.12 | 111.36 | 130.6 |
| Denmark (34) | 201.97 | + 1.4 | 189.88 | 156 91 | 163 28 | 164 54 | +0.7 | 1.66 | 199.10 | 188.26 | 156.13 | 162.21 | 163.43 | 273.94 | 181.70 | |
| Finland (15) | 73.90 | - 0.1 | 69 47 | 57 41 | 59 74 | 78 86 | - 0.2 | 1 79 | 73.97 | 69.94 | 58.01 | 60.26 | 78.71 | 89.80 | 52.84 | |
| France (99) | 144.42 | + 0.3 | 135,77 | 112 18 | 116 74 | 120 40 | -05 | 3.74 | 144.05 | 136.20 | 112.95 | 117.34 | 121.06 | 168.75 | 136.93 | |
| Germany (64) | 103.77 | + 0.2 | 97 55 | 80 62 | B3 89 | 83 89 | -05 | 271 | 103.51 | 97.87 | 81.18 | 84.33 | 84.33 | 129.69 | 102.51 | 112.7 |
| Hong Kong (53) | 217.53 | + 2.3 | 204 51 | 168 99 | 175 87 | 216 15 | +23 | 4 17 | 212 72 | 201.14 | 166.80 | 173,31 | 211.37 | 262.28 | 176.38 | 172.0 |
| Ireland (16) | 141.51 | + 3.5 | 133 03 | 109 93 | 114 40 | 117 49 | +26 | 4 66 | 136.78 | 129.33 | 107.25 | 111.43 | 114.52 | 173.71 | 122.98 | |
| Italy (77) | 51.94 | + 1,1 | 48 83 | 40 35 | 41 99 | 54 18 | +08 | 383 | 51.37 | 48.57 | 40.28 | 41.85 | 53.75 | 80.86 | 47.47 | 72.1 |
| | 107.39 | +0.2 | 100,96 | 83 43 | 86 83 | 83 43 | - 0.7 | 1.01 | 107 13 | 101.30 | 84.01 | 87.29 | 84.01 | 140.95 | 87.27 | 130.6 |
| Malaysia (69) | 263,46 | + 1.3 | 247 69 | 204 66 | 212 98 | 261 17 | +10 | 2.54 | 259.98 | 245.82 | 203.85 | 211.80 | 258.68 | 282.42 | 212.49 | |
| Mexico (18) | | -0.7 | 1503 73 | | 1293 09 | 5475 49 | 0.5 | | | | 1263.47 | | | 1789.77 | 1185.84 | |
| Netherland (25) | 155.37 | + 0.4 | 146.07 | 120 70 | 125 61 | 123 92 | -04 | 4 59 | 154.74 | 148.31 | 121.34 | 126.07 | 124.48 | 169.70 | 147.88 | |
| New Zealand (13) | 42.22 | +0.9 | 39.69 | 32 80 | 34 13 | 43 21 | +02 | 5 16 | 41.82 | 39.55 | 32.80 | 34.07 | 43.12 | 48.52 | 37.39 | 44.2 |
| Norway (22) | 143.10 | +00 | 134.53 | 111 17 | 115 69 | 129 26 | 13 | 1 87 | 143.07 | 135.27 | 112.18 | 116.55 | 130.93 | 192.95 | 128.05 | 173.3 |
| Singapore (38) | 202.30 | + 0.3 | 190,19 | 157 17 | 163 55 | 152 75 | +03 | 2.16 | 201 62 | 190.64 | 158.10 | 164.25 | 152.33 | 229.63 | 179.65 | |
| South Africa (60) | 147.18 | + 0.0 | 138.37 | 114 34 | 116 99 | 156 56 | +00 | 3.27 | 147.18 | 139.17 | 115.41 | 118.90 | 156.56 | 263.60 | 134.21 | 244.3 |
| Spain (48) | 121.45 | +0.6 | 114 18 | 94 35 | 98 18 | 101 71 | -04 | 5 92 | 120.73 | 114.15 | 94.67 | 98.35 | 102.11 | 161.72 | 107.10 | |
| Sweden (31) | 162.37 | -24 | 152 65 | 126 15 | 151 27 | 163 70 | -14 | 2 40 | 158.34 | 157.28 | 130.44 | 135.52 | 166.03 | 200.28 | 149.69 | 169.4 |
| Switzerland (60) | 114.58 | + 1.7 | 107 72 | 89 02 | 92 64 | 99 23 | | | | | 88.33 | 91.78 | 98.43 | 122.37 | 95.99 | 95.4 |
| United Kingdom (227) | 172.05 | + 1.1 | 161.75 | 133 65 | 139 08 | | +08 | 2 16 | 112.64 | 106.50 | | | 180.87 | 200.07 | 161.86 | |
| USA (522) | 176.19 | -0.3 | 165 64 | 136 88 | 142 45 | 161.75 | +05 | 4.57 | 170.13 | 160.87 | 133.40 | 138,59 143,91 | 176.64 | 178.34 | 160.92 | 155.1 |
| | | | | | 142 43 | 176 19 | -03 | 290 | 176.64 | 167.02 | 138.52 | | | | | |
| Europe (779) | 135.98 | + 0.8 | 127.84 | 105 64 | 109 94 | 119 78 | FQ 1 | 3.94 | 134.93 | 127.58 | 105.80 | 109,93 | 119.63 | 156.88 | 131.31 | 140.10 |
| Nordic (102) | 150.72 | -10 | 141 70 | 117 09 | 121 85 | 135 82 | 0.7 | 2.12 | 152.28 | 143.99 | 119,41 | 124.06 | 136,85 | 188.52 | 141.24 | 175.9 |
| Pacific Basin (713) | 111.53 | + 0.3 | 104.86 | 86 65 | 90 17 | 88 58 | - 0.5 | 1 36 | 111.18 | 105.12 | 87.18 | 90.58 | 89.03 | 141.97 | 93,70 | 131.9 |
| Euro - Pacific (1492) | 121.42 | +0.5 | 114 16 | 94 32 | 98 16 | 101 15 | -0.2 | 2 53 | 120.78 | 114.21 | 94.71 | 98.40 | 101.39 | 145.21 | 113.80 | 135.5 |
| North America (635) | 172.32 | - 0.2 | 162.00 | 133 89 | 139 33 | 171 38 | -02 | 291 | 172.70 | 163.29 | 135.44 | 140.72 | 171.75 | 174.38 | 158.70 | 154.5 |
| Europe Ex. UK (552) | 114.50 | +0.5 | 107 65 | 83 97 | 92 59 | 97 08 | -02 | 3 48 | 113.89 | 107.69 | 89.33 | 92.81 | 97.25 | 132.88 | 111.33 | 118.8 |
| Pacific Ex. Japan (241) | 152.23 | +0.9 | 143 12 | 118 28 | 123 08 | 140 47 | +08 | 379 | 150.88 | 142.66 | 118.33 | 122.93 | 139,42 | 175,31 | 146.08 | 145.5 |
| World Ex. US (1683) | 122.36 | +0.5 | 115.03 | 95.06 | 98.92 | | | | | | 95.46 | 99.18 | 103.40 | 146.91 | 115,99 | 37.2 |
| | | +0.3 | 128.30 | | | 103.21 | .0.2 | 2.55 | 121.73 | 115.10 | | | 122.49 | 150.58 | 127.21 | 139.47 |
| Norld Ex. UK (1978) | 136.47 | | | 106 03 | 110 34 | 122 06 | -03 | 2 47 | 136.37 | 128.94 | 105.94 | 111.11 | | | | |
| Norld Ex. So. At. (2145) | 139.62 | + 0.2 | 131.27 | 108 48 | 112 89 | 125 26 | -02 | 2.69 | 139.36 | 131.77 | 109.29 | 113.55 | 125.54 | 153.05 | 130.04 | 141.94 |
| Norld Ex. Japan (1733) | 157.88 | +0.2 | 148.43 | 122 66 | 127 66 | 150 07 | 0 1 | 3 29 | 157.62 | 149.03 | 123.61 | 128.43 | 150.14 | 165.40 | 151.93 | 150.31 |
| The World Index (2205) | 139.56 | +0.2 | 131 21 | 108 43 | 112.84 | 125 58 | -02 | 2 70 | 139 30 | 131.72 | 109.24 | 113.50 | 125.85 | 153,70 | 130,68 | 142.81 |



ISRAEL'S LEADING

BANK MAXIMIZES

New Opportunities

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